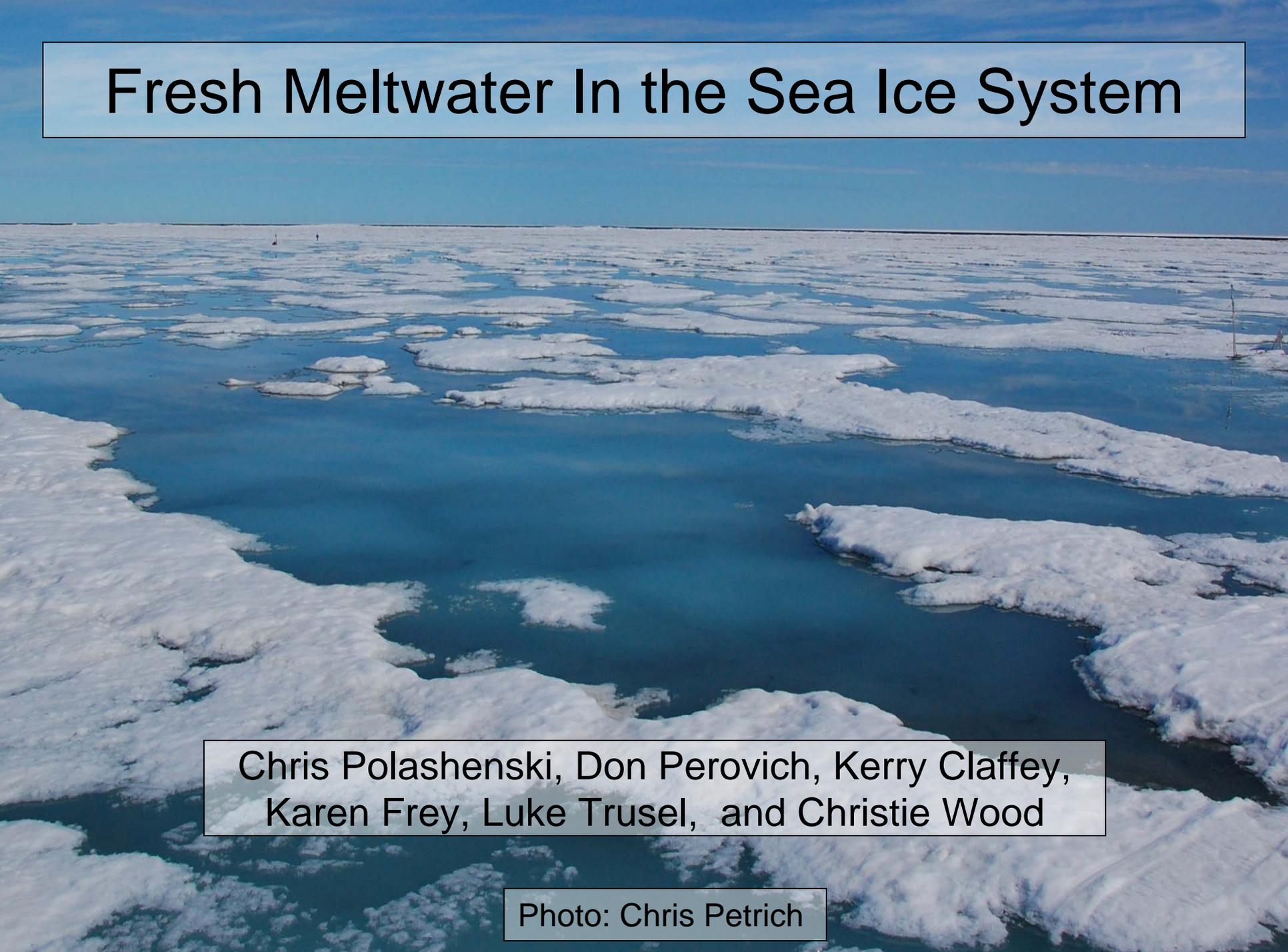
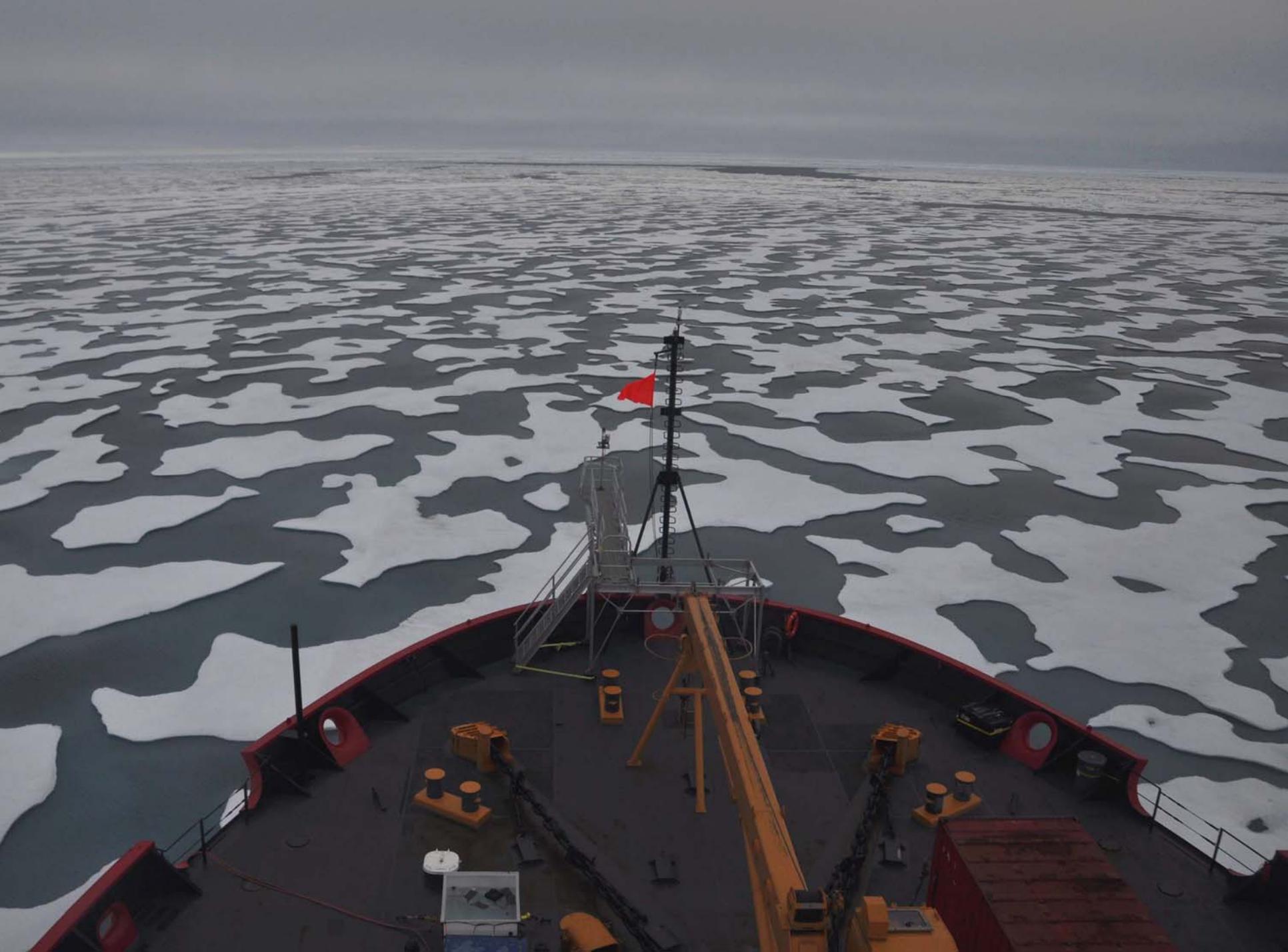


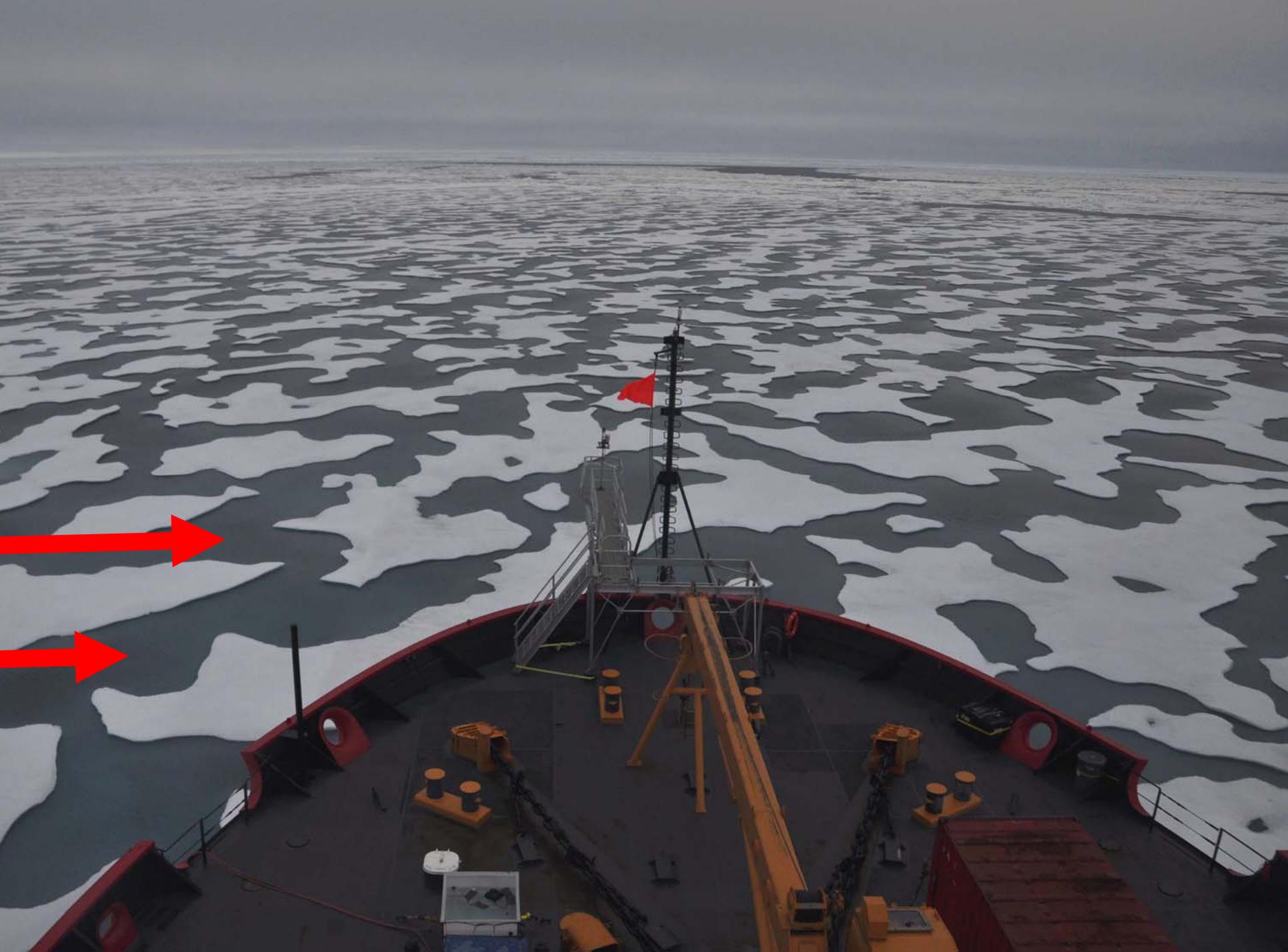
# Fresh Meltwater In the Sea Ice System

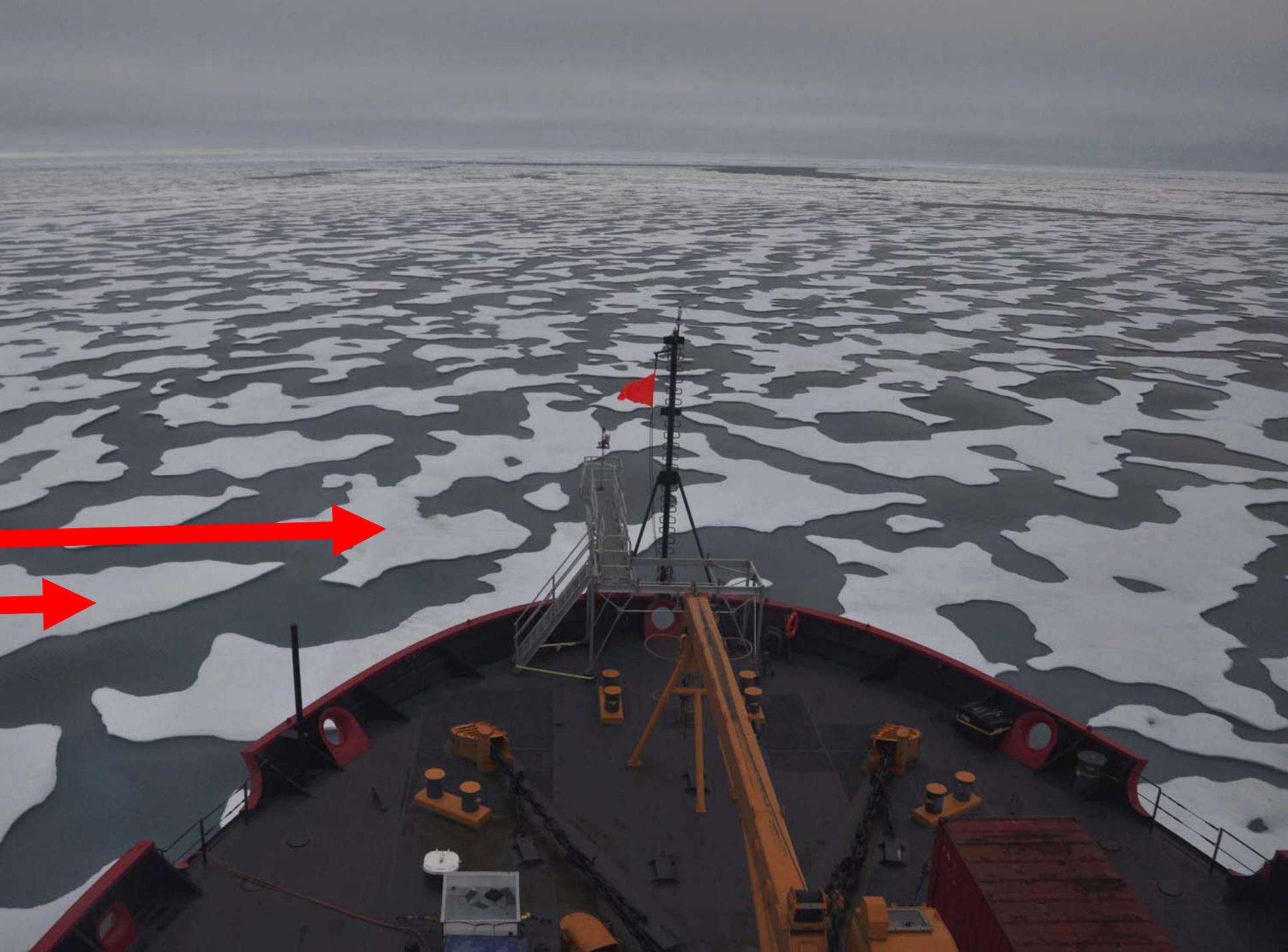
An aerial photograph showing a vast expanse of sea ice. The ice is broken up into numerous floes of various sizes, creating a complex network of meltwater ponds. The water in the ponds is a deep, clear blue, contrasting with the white and light blue of the ice. The horizon is visible in the distance under a clear sky.

Chris Polashenski, Don Perovich, Kerry Claffey,  
Karen Frey, Luke Trusel, and Christie Wood

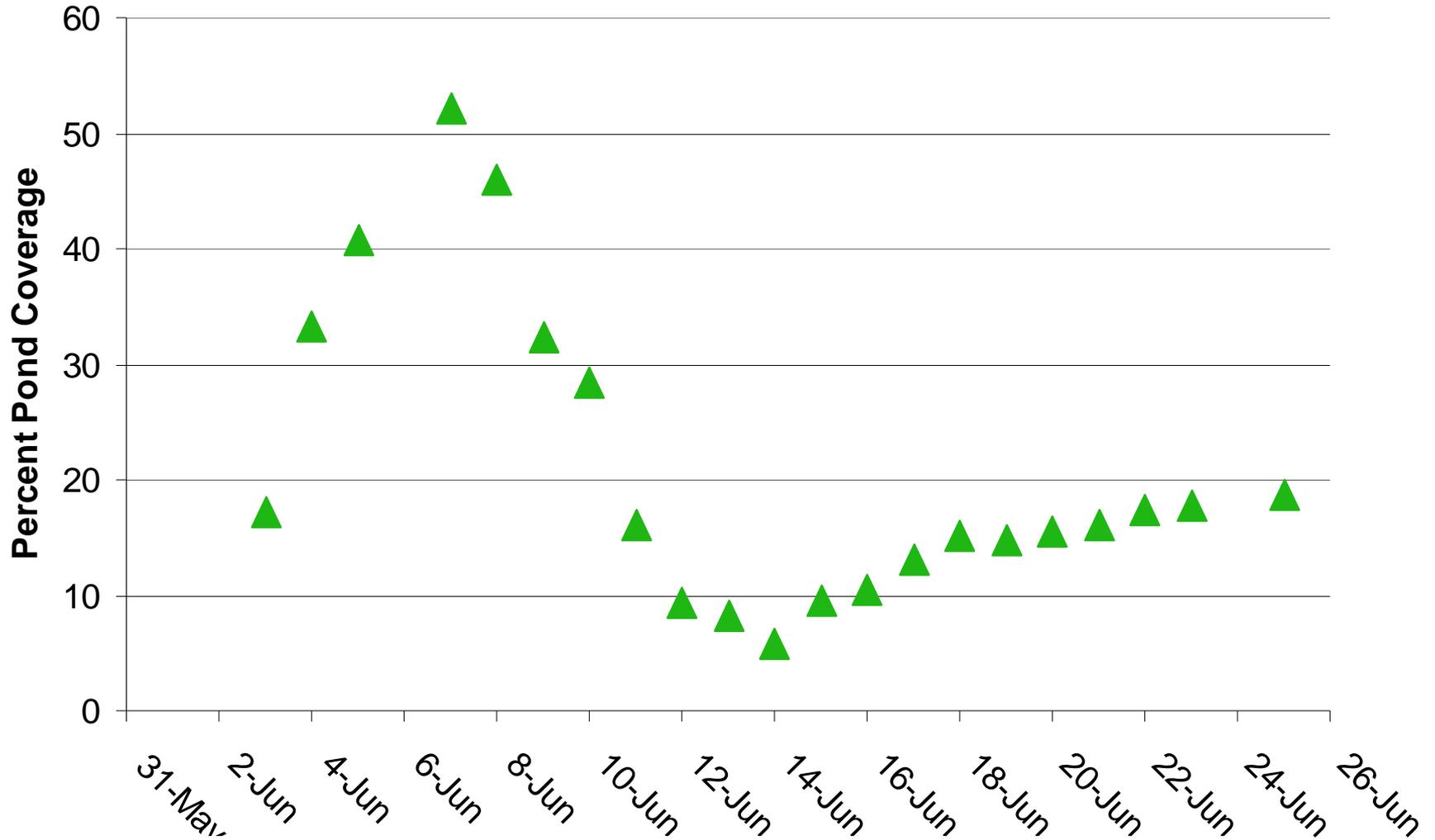
Photo: Chris Petrich



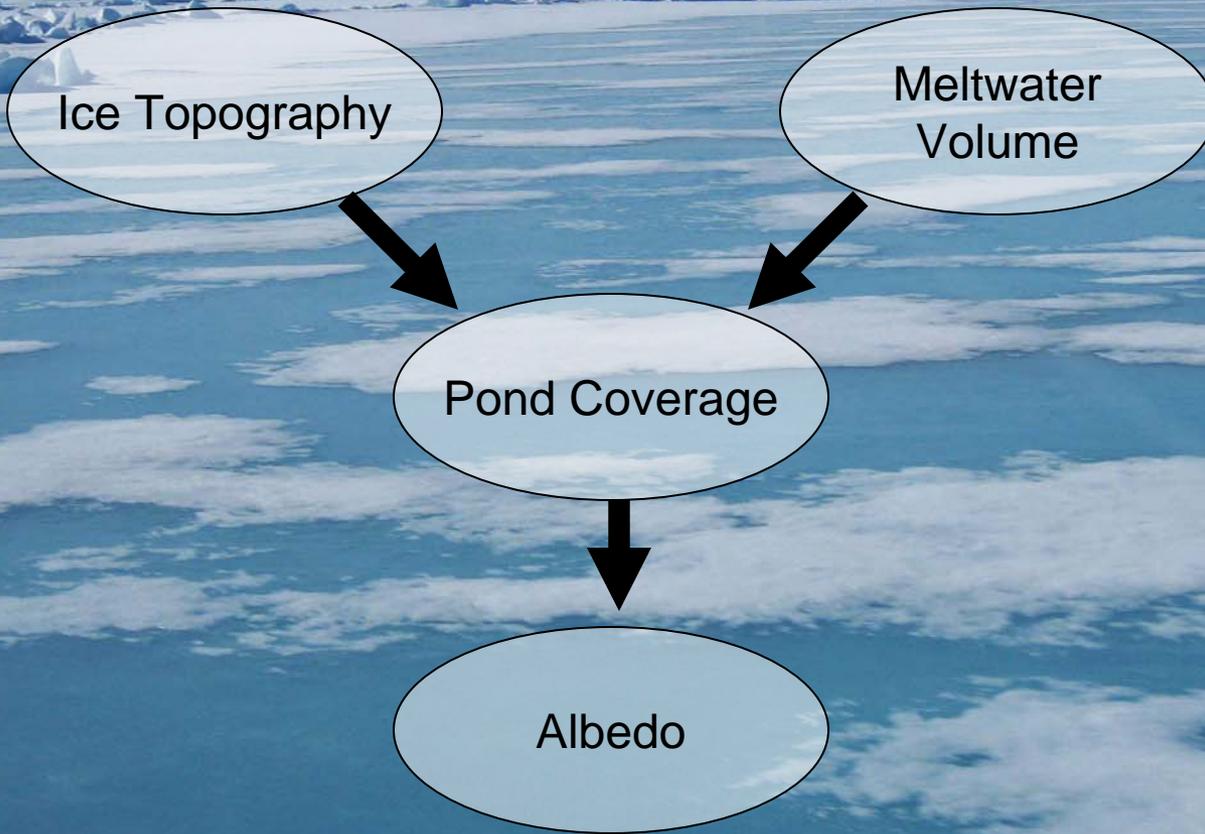
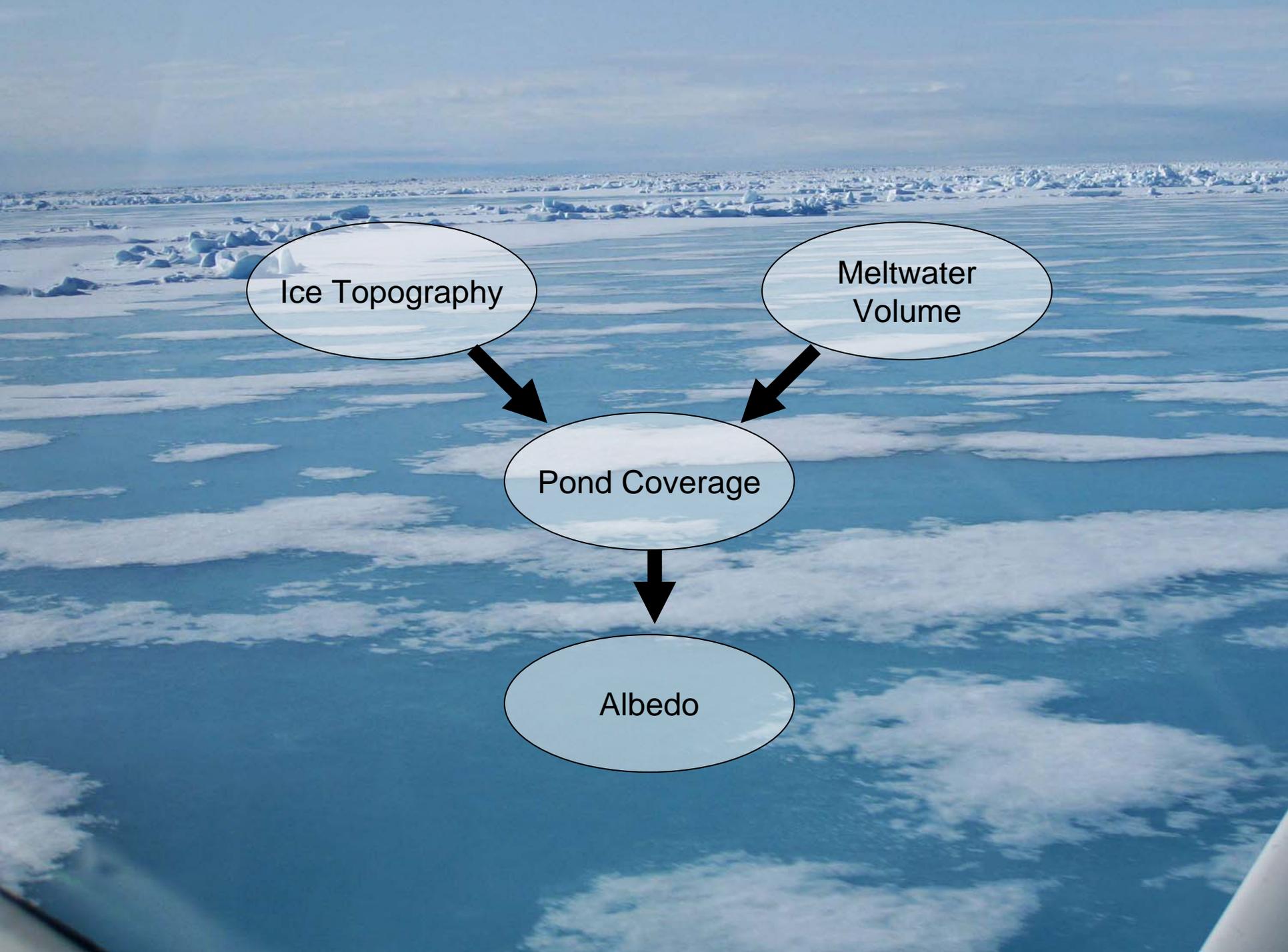


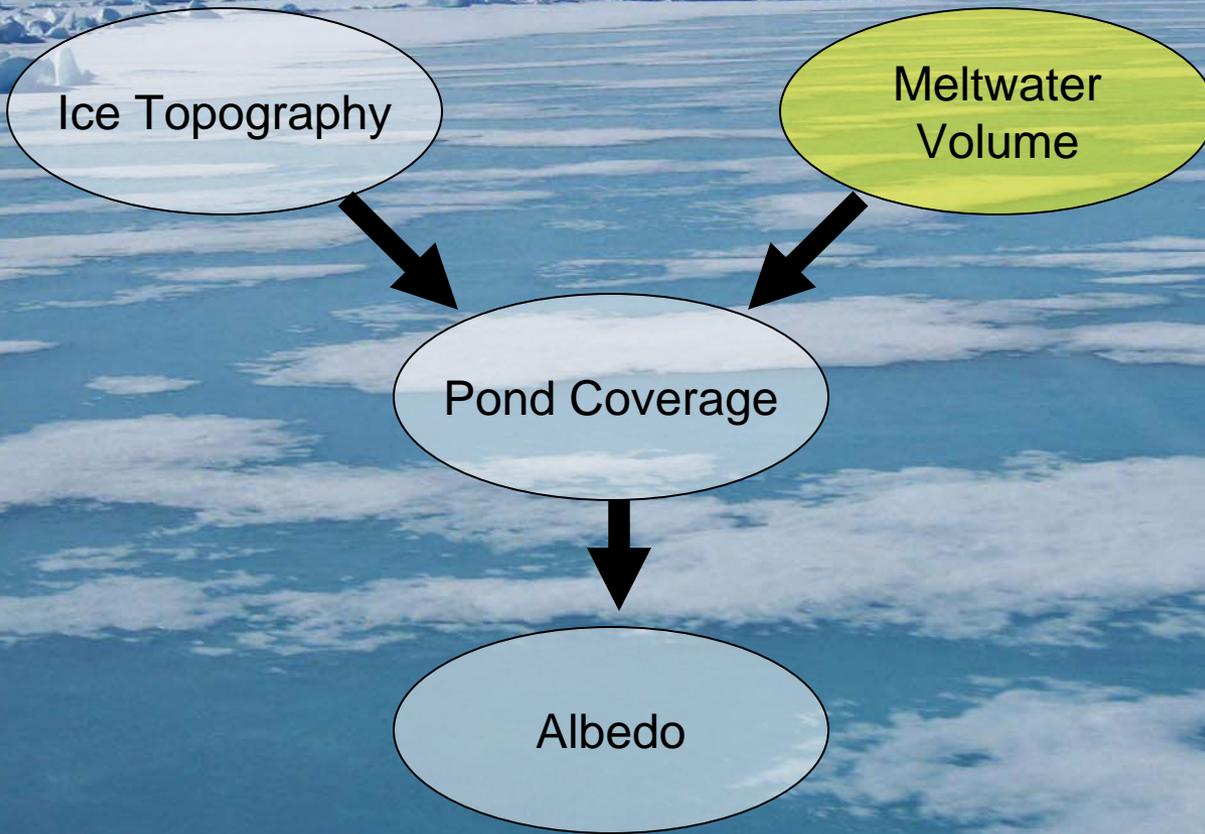
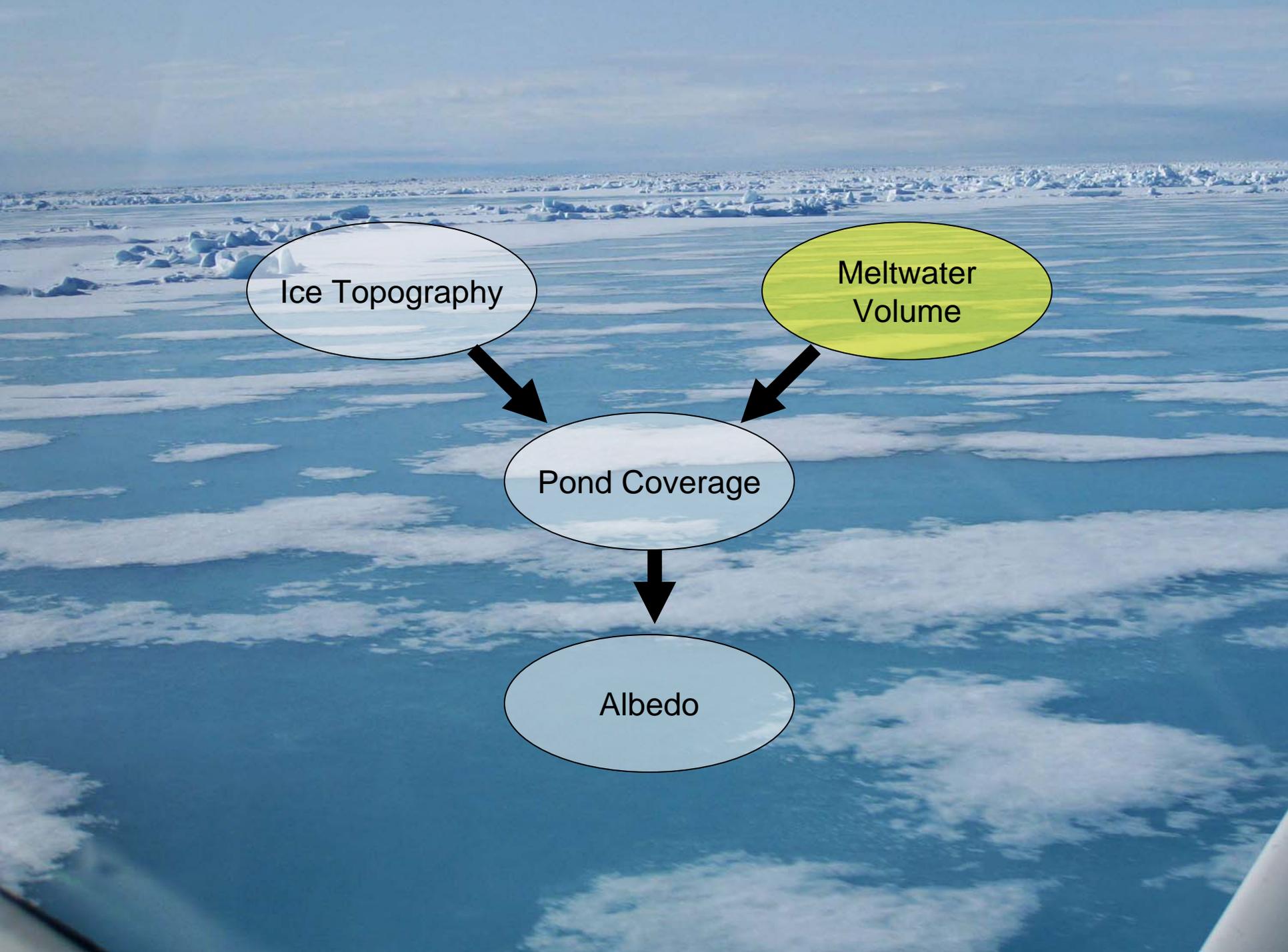


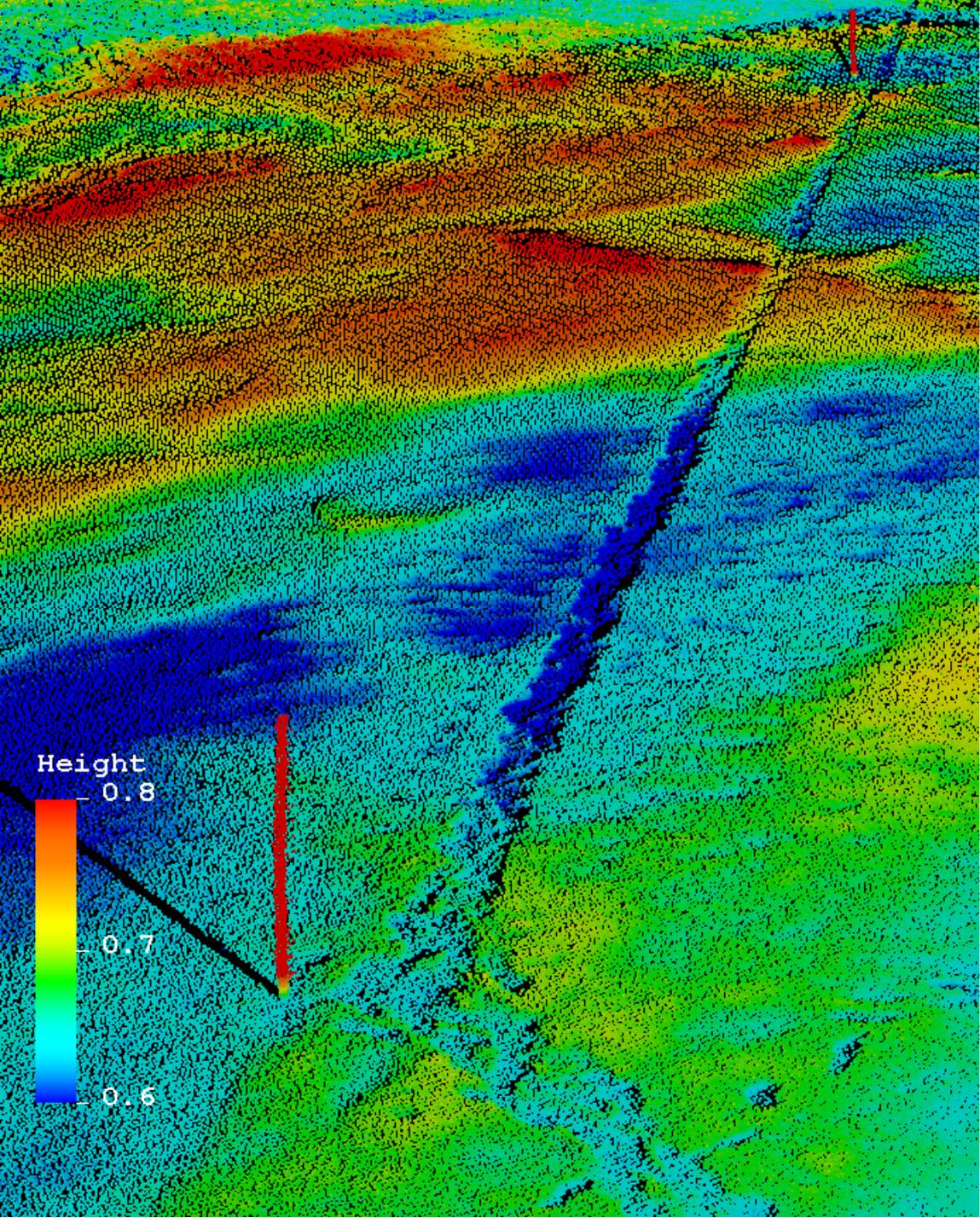
# Meltpond Coverage 2009

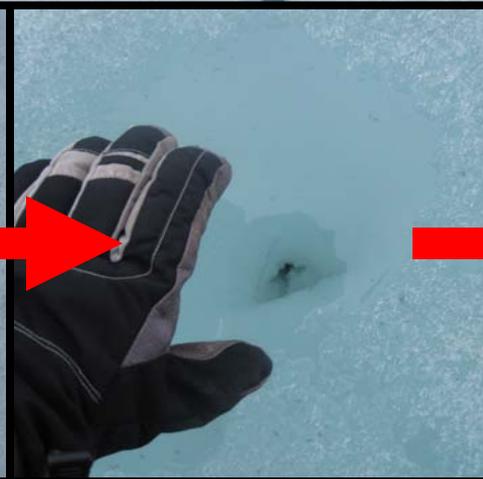
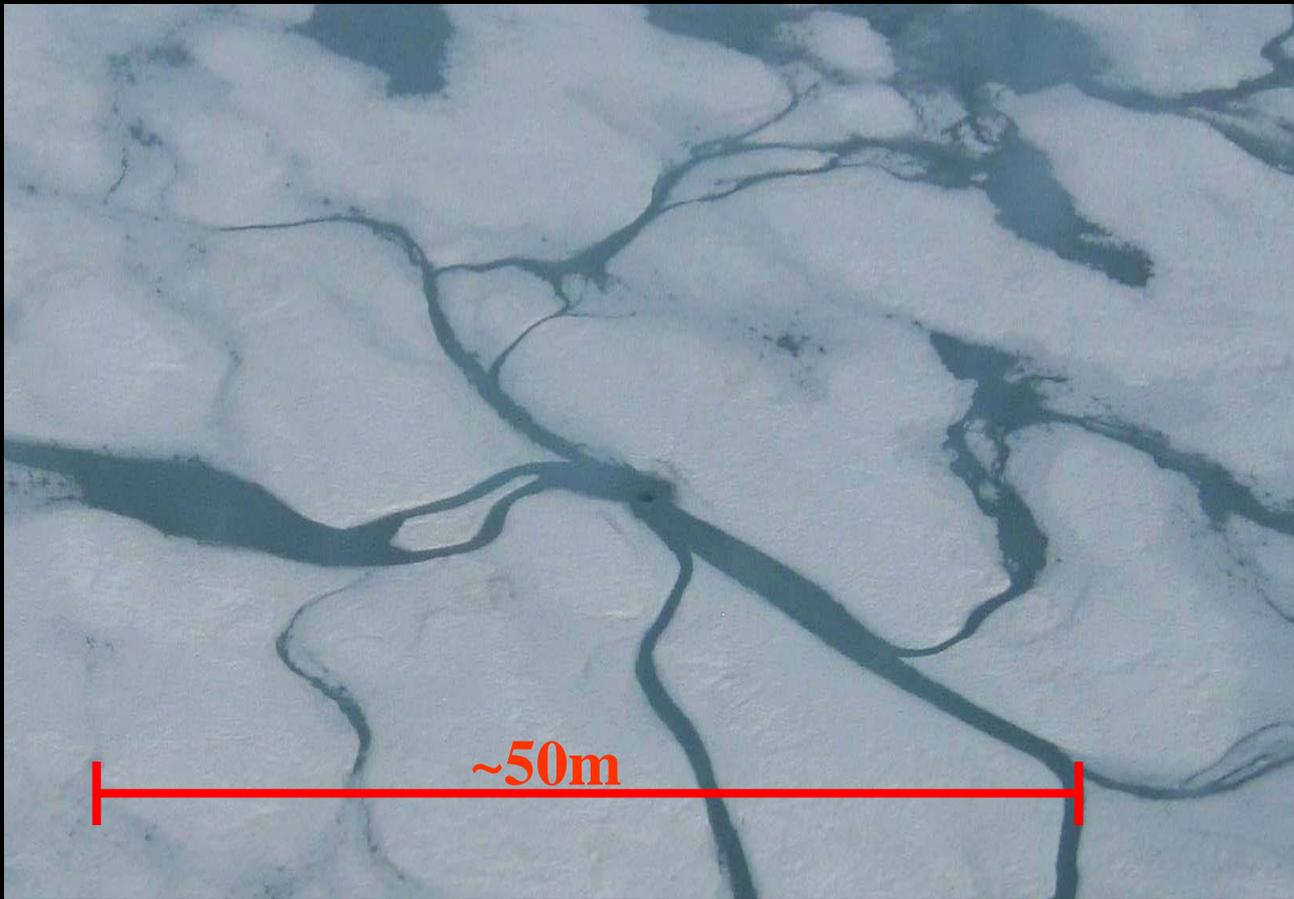


Meltpond coverage varies rapidly.

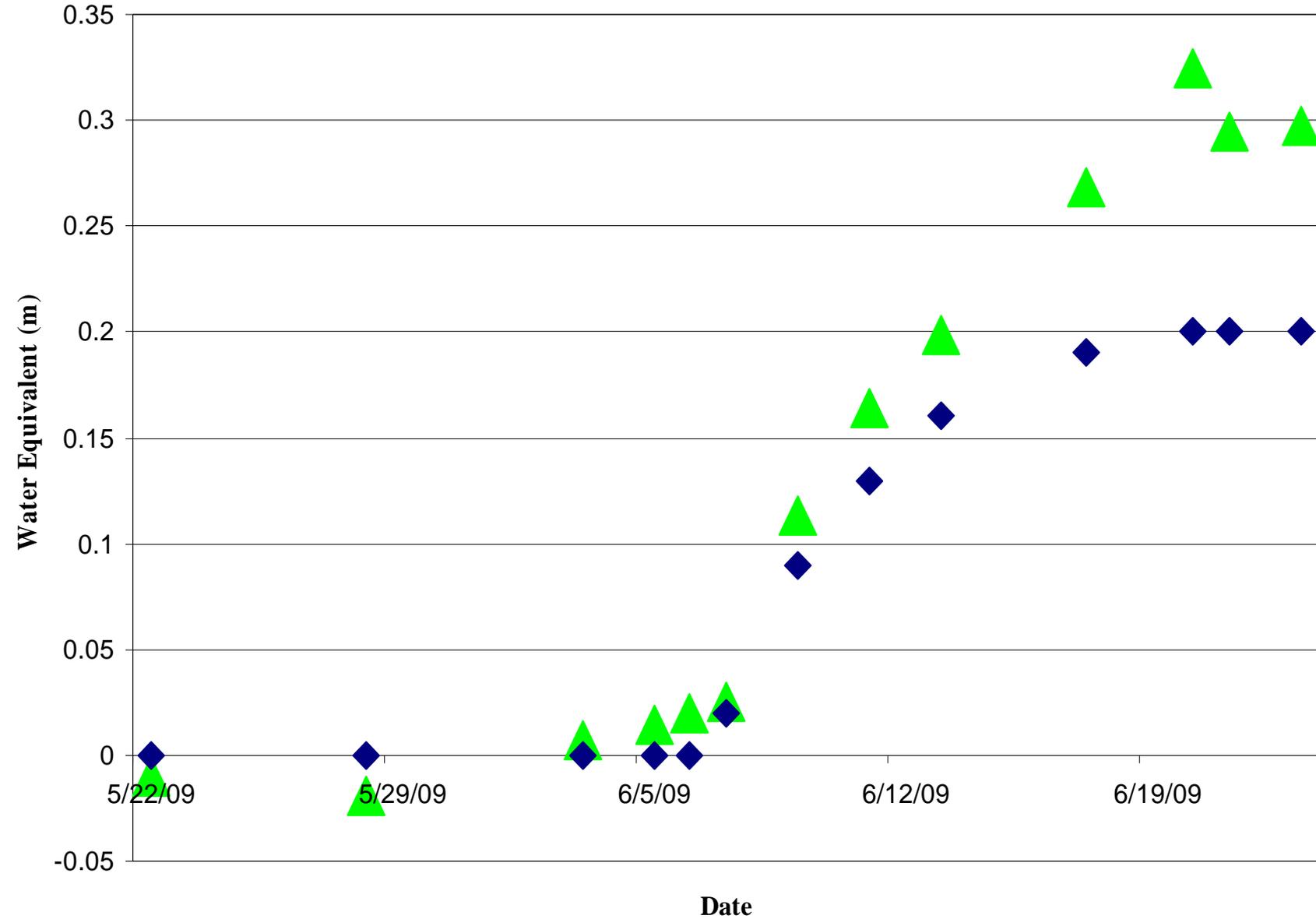






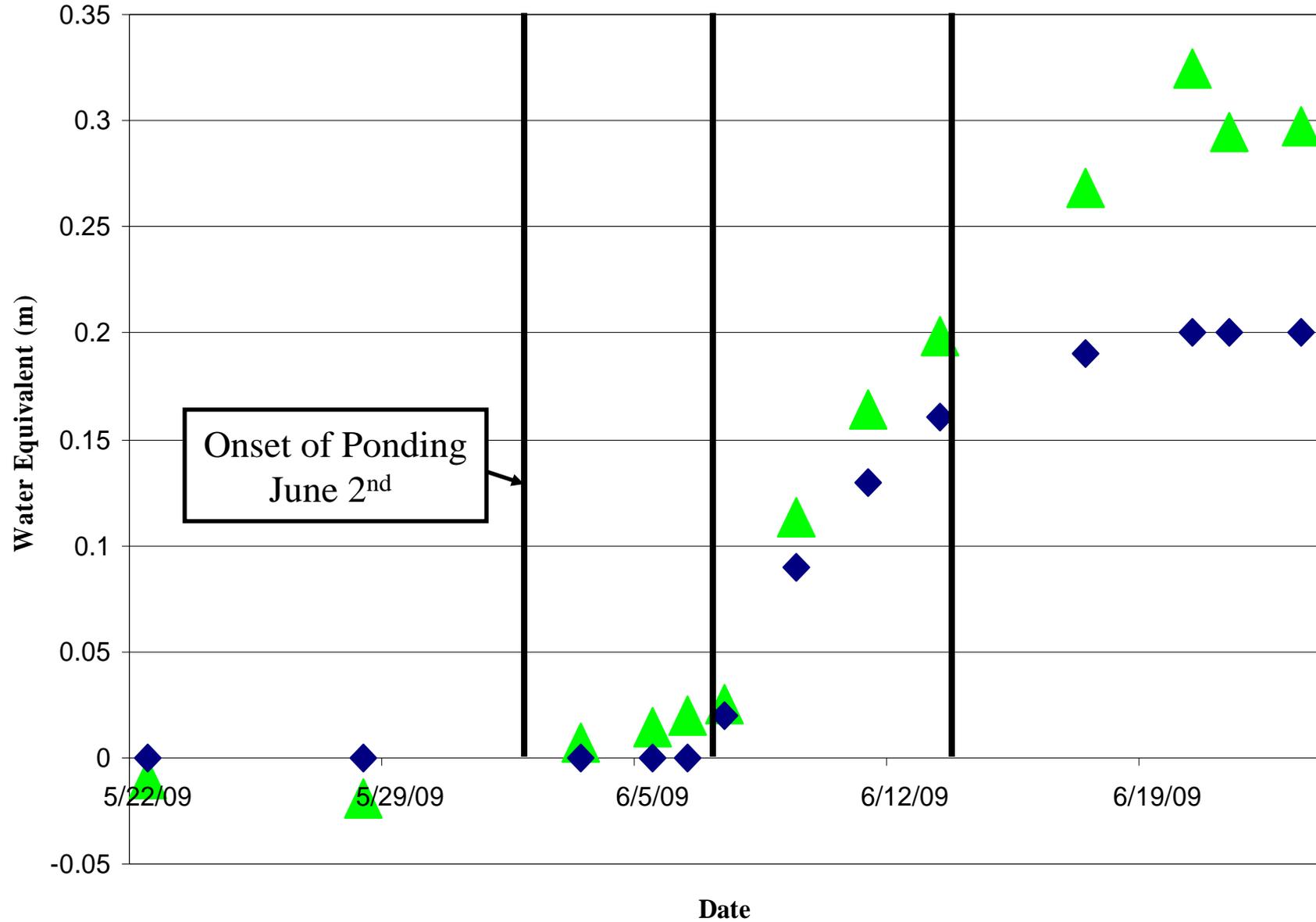


# Cumulative Water Movement

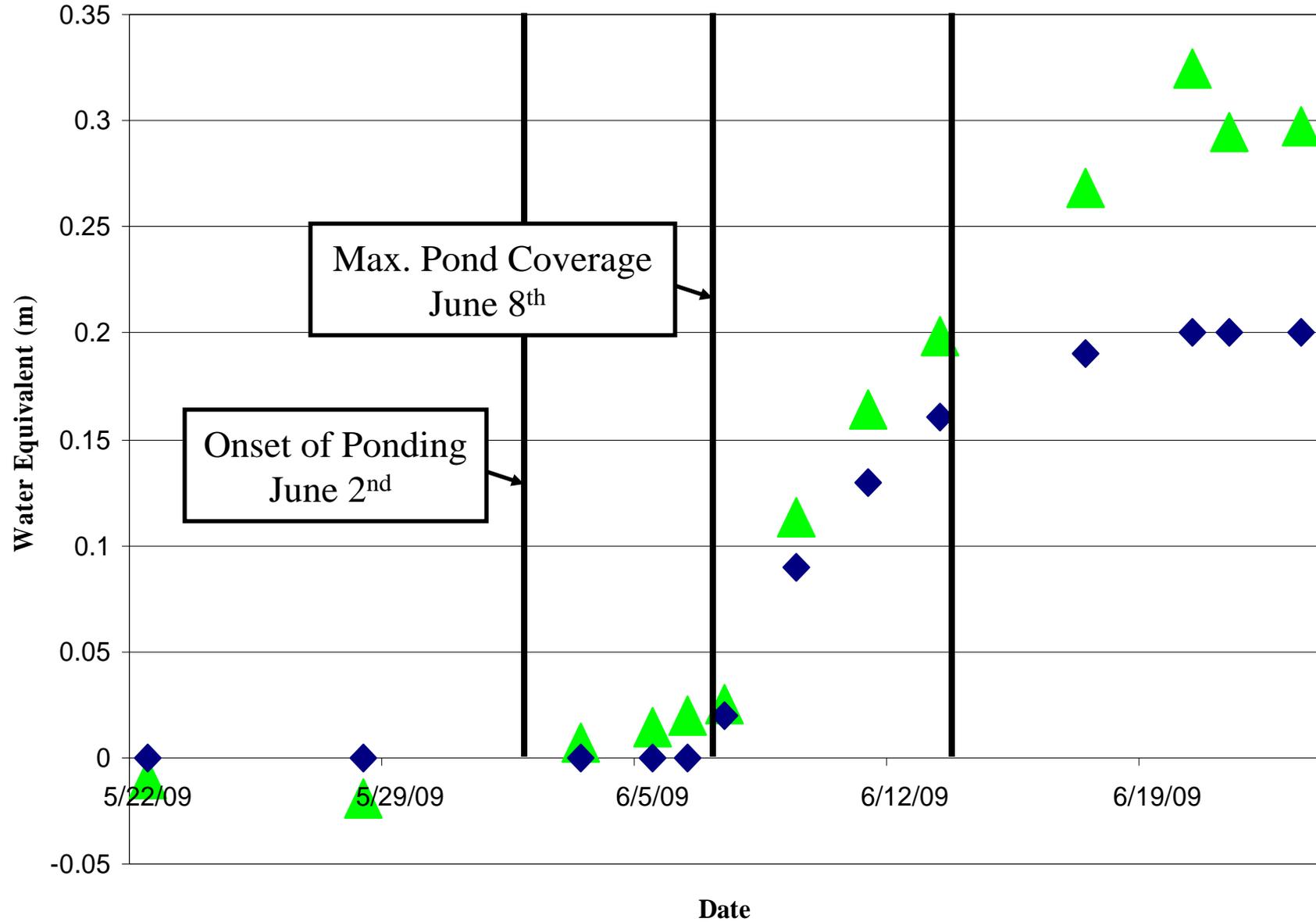


▲ Volume Drained ◆ Flow Measured at Holes

# Cumulative Water Movement

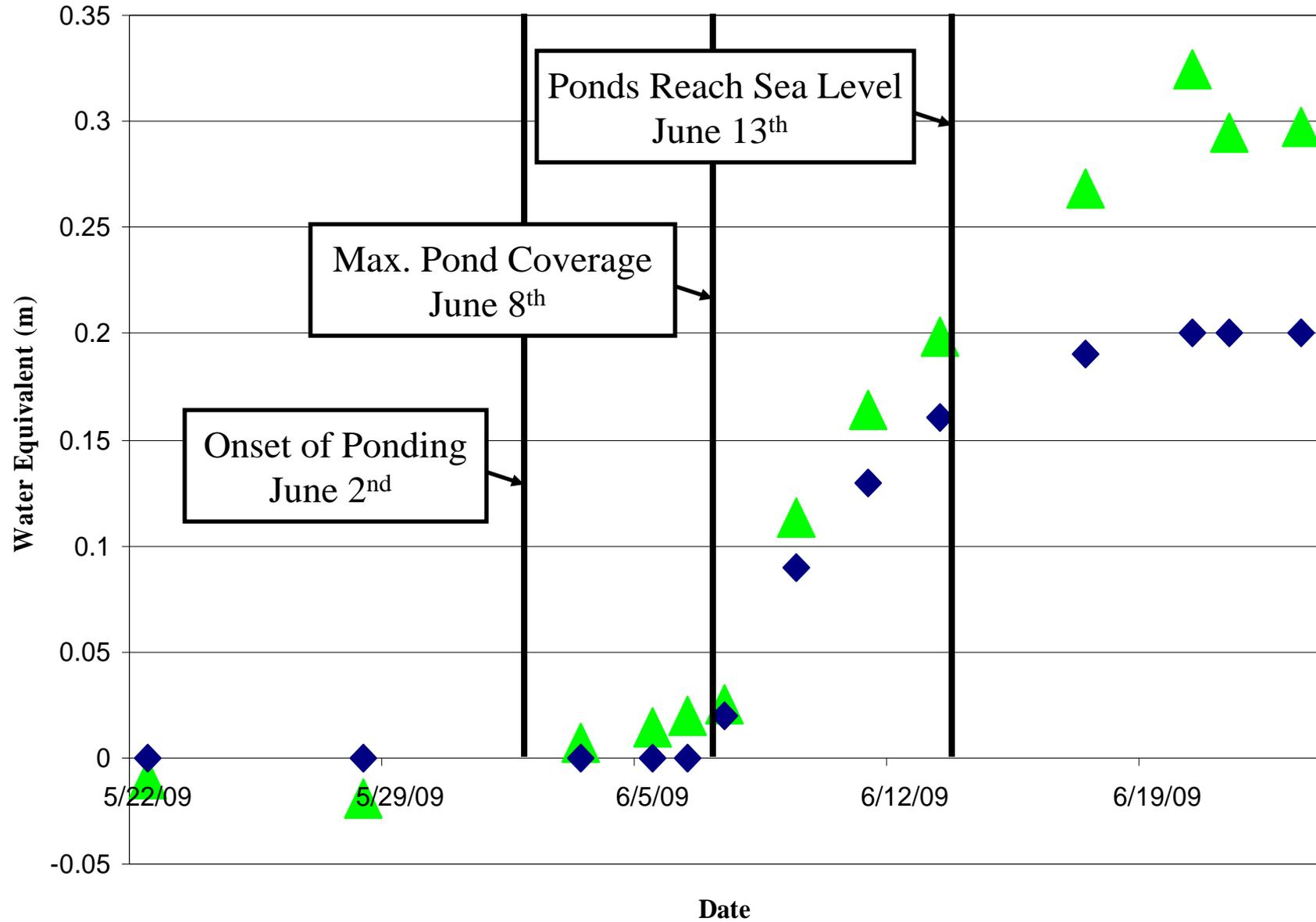


# Cumulative Water Movement

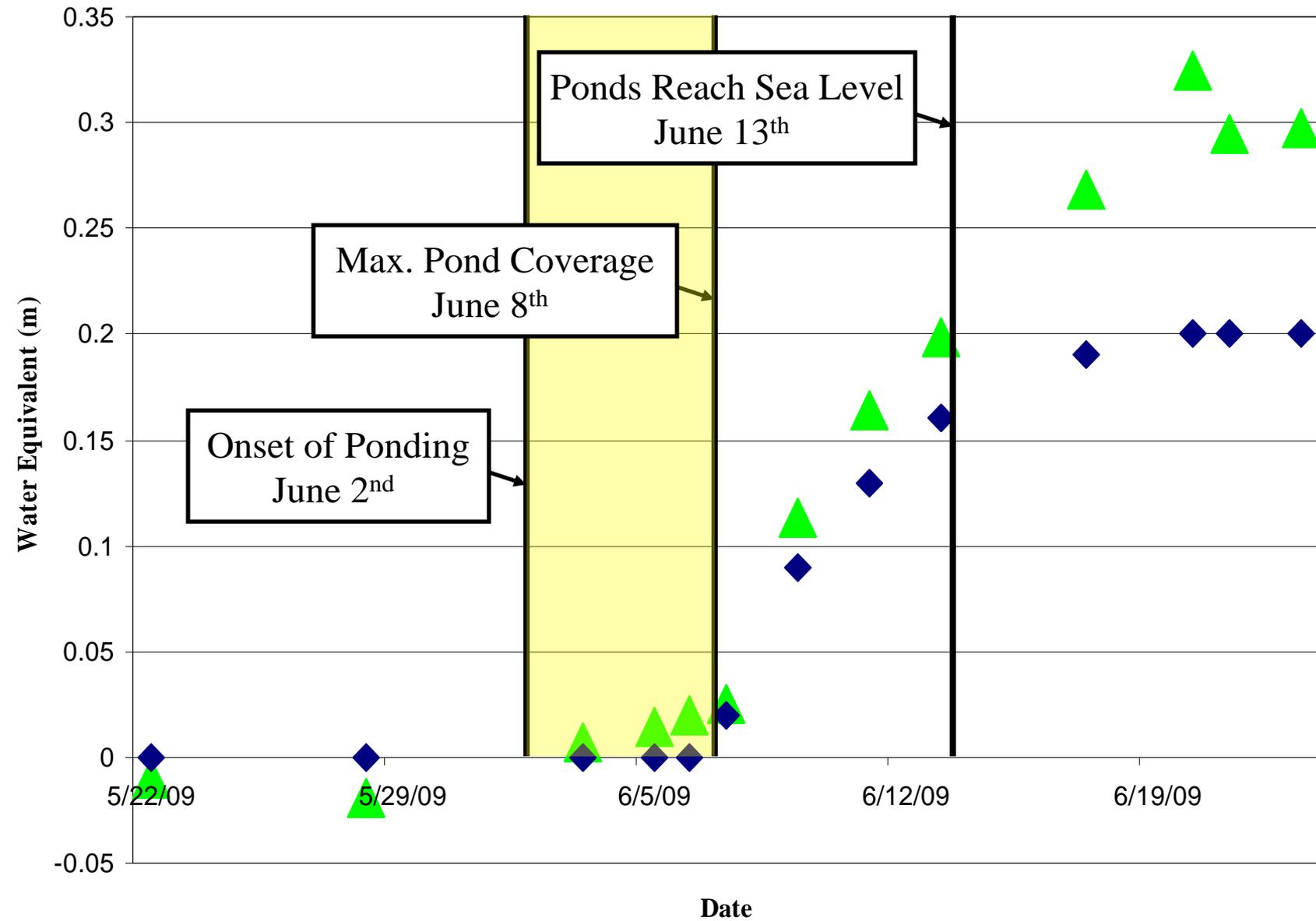


▲ Volume Drained ◆ Flow Measured at Holes

# Cumulative Water Movement

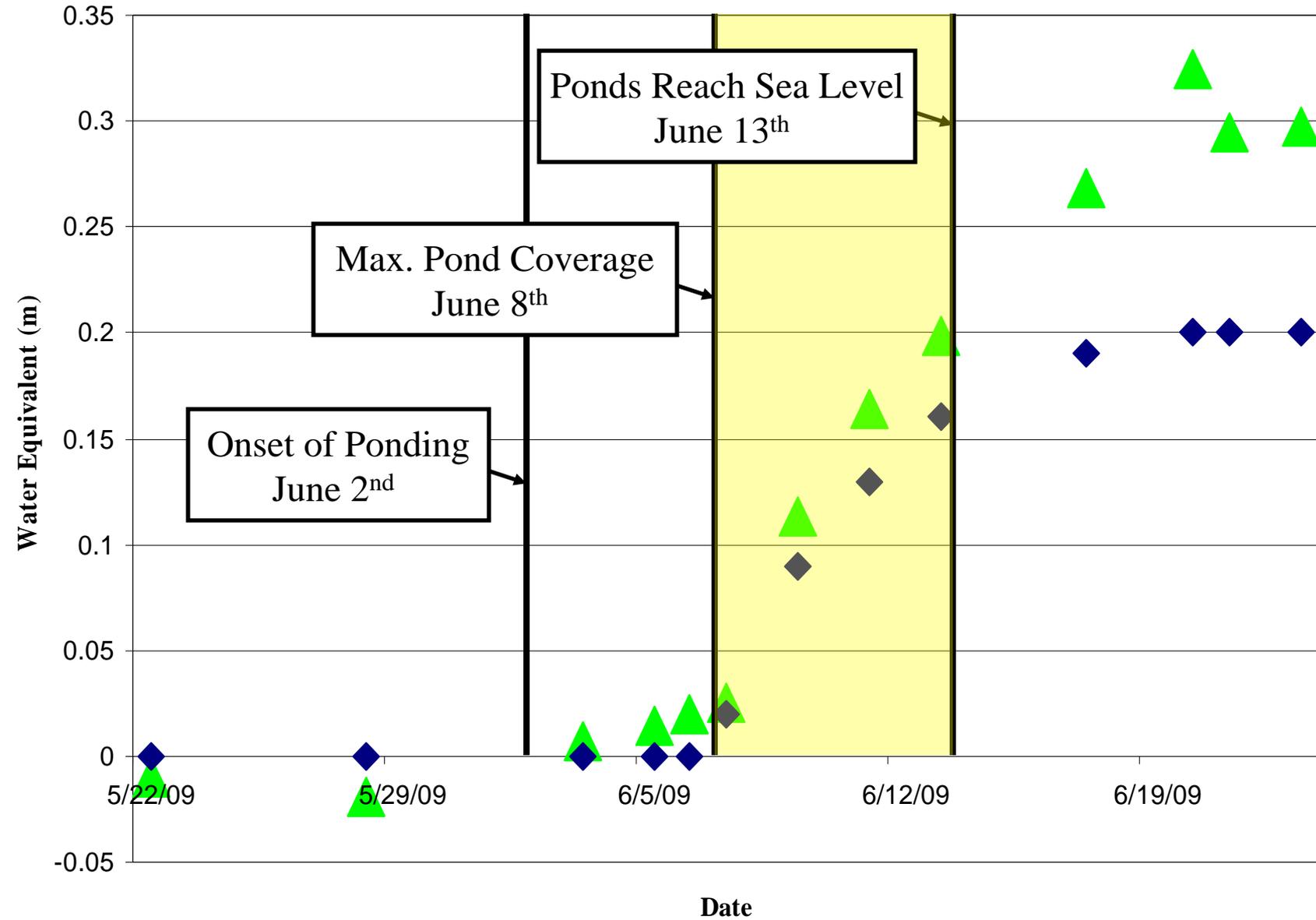


# Cumulative Water Movement



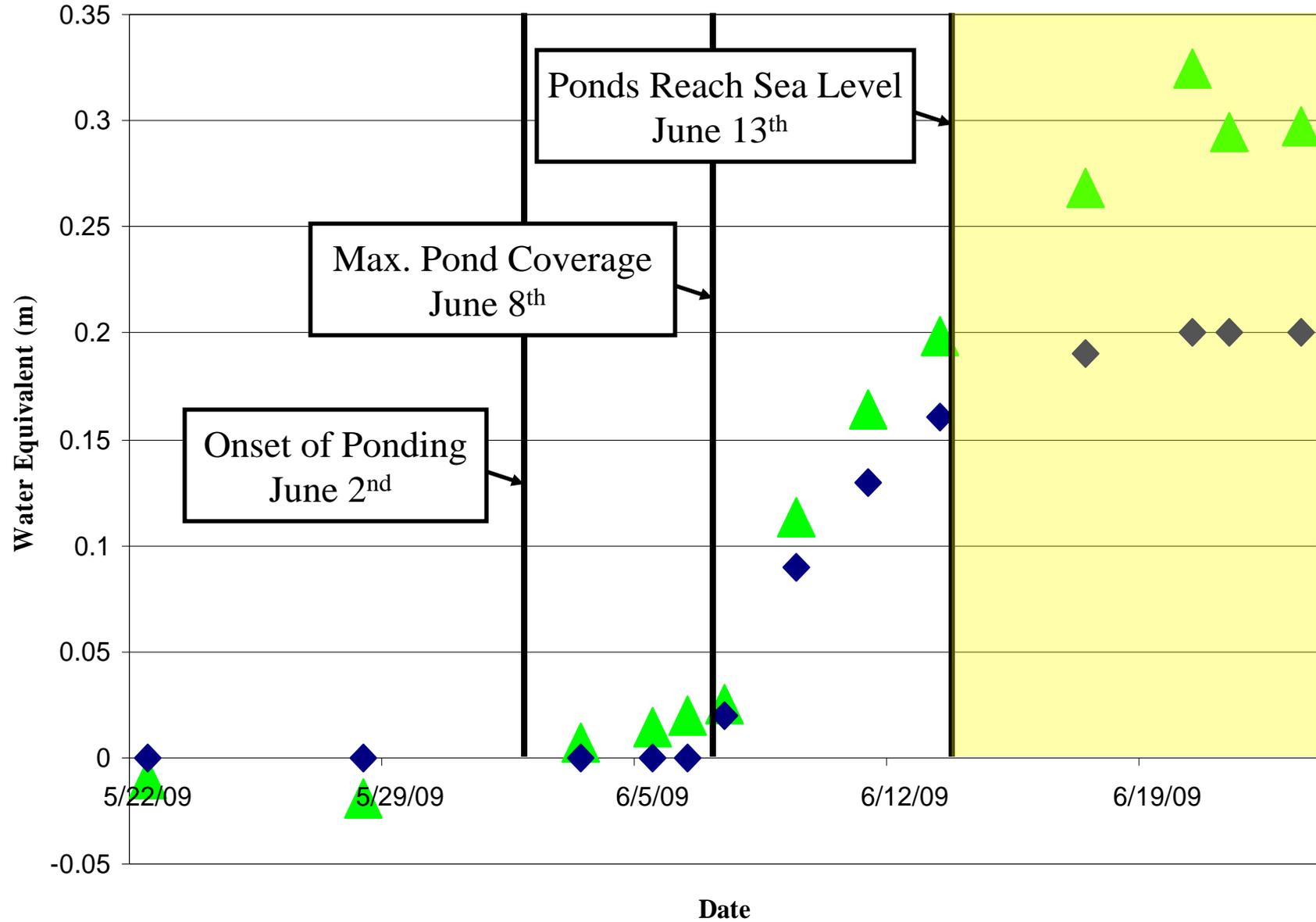
▲ Volume Drained ◆ Flow Measured at Holes

# Cumulative Water Movement



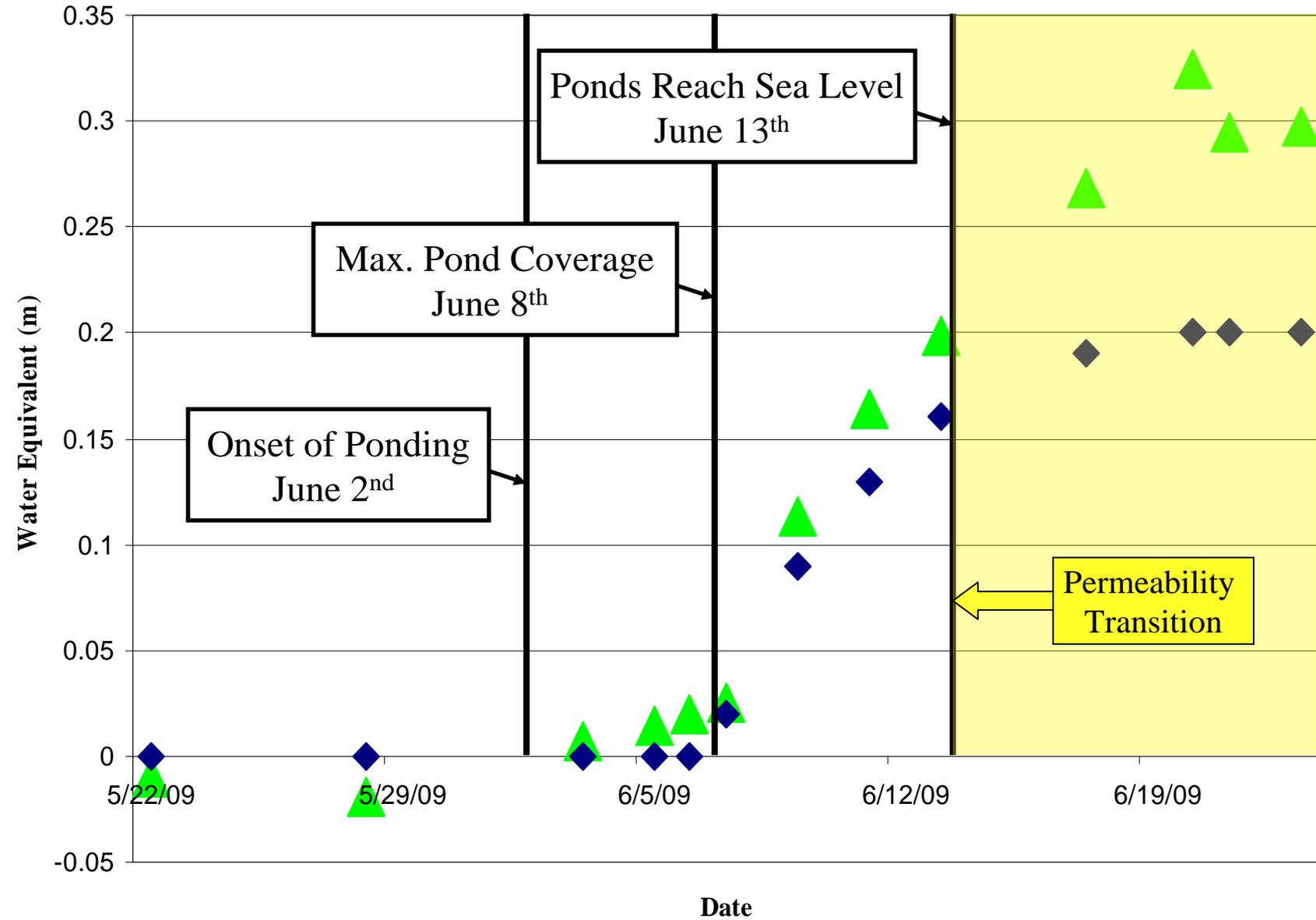
▲ Volume Drained ◆ Flow Measured at Holes

# Cumulative Water Movement



▲ Volume Drained ◆ Flow Measured at Holes

# Cumulative Water Movement

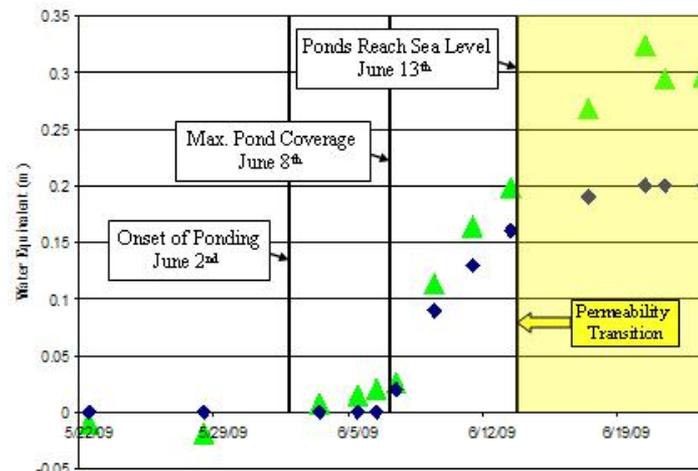


▲ Volume Drained ◆ Flow Measured at Holes

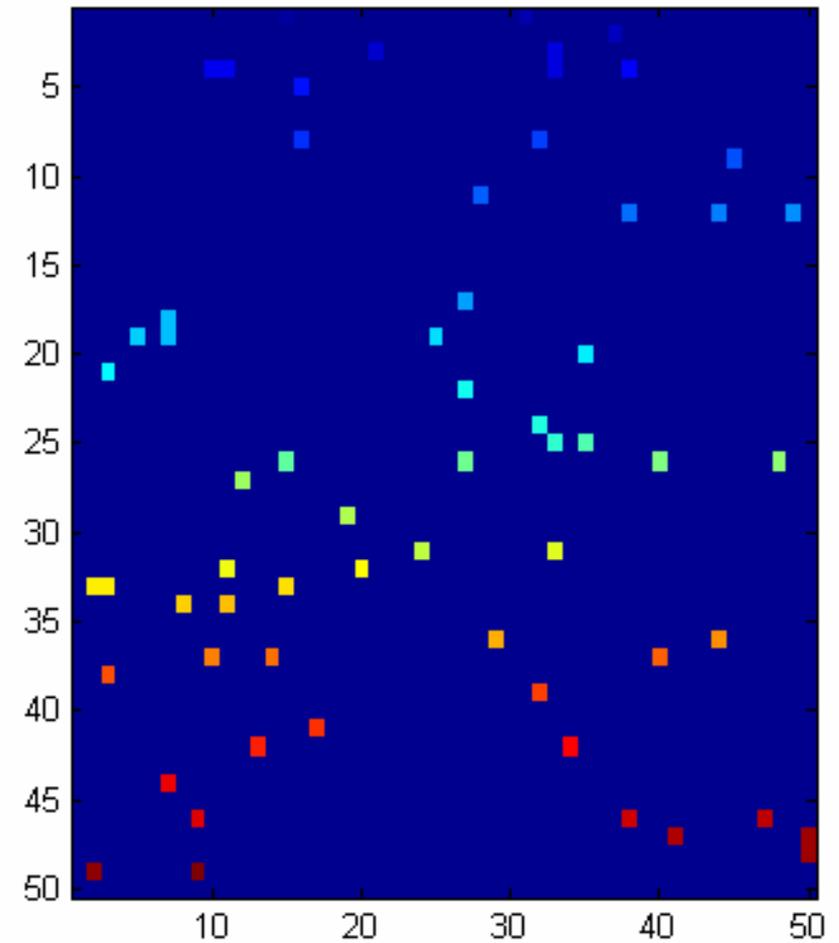
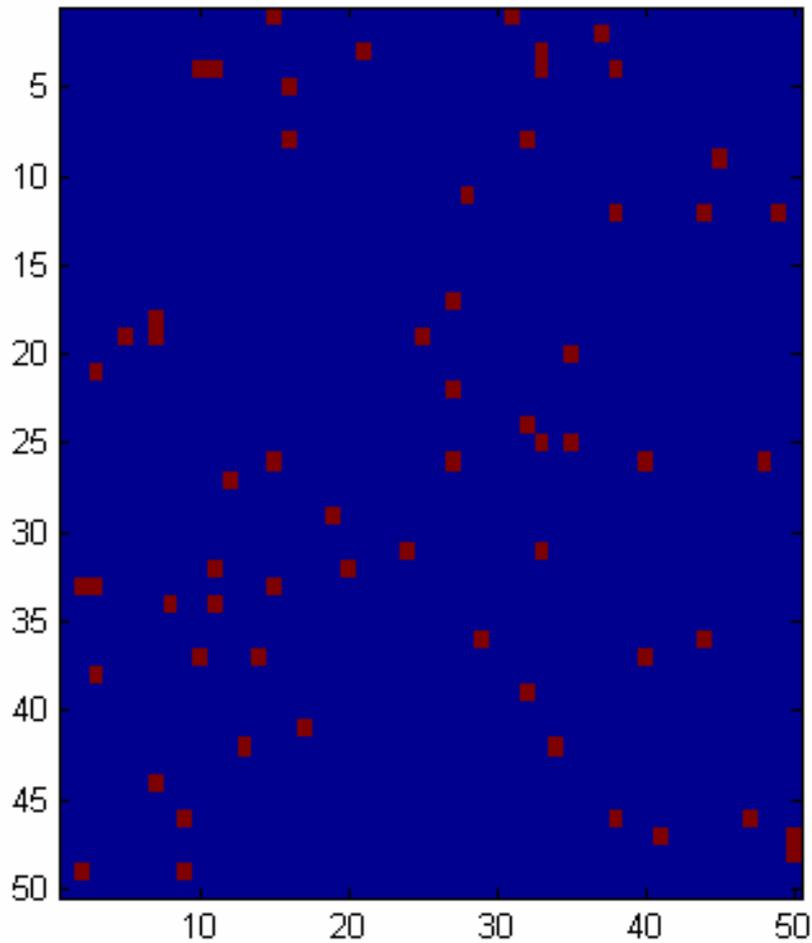
- Why do brine channels spontaneously open and enlarge?



- What causes the permeability transition?

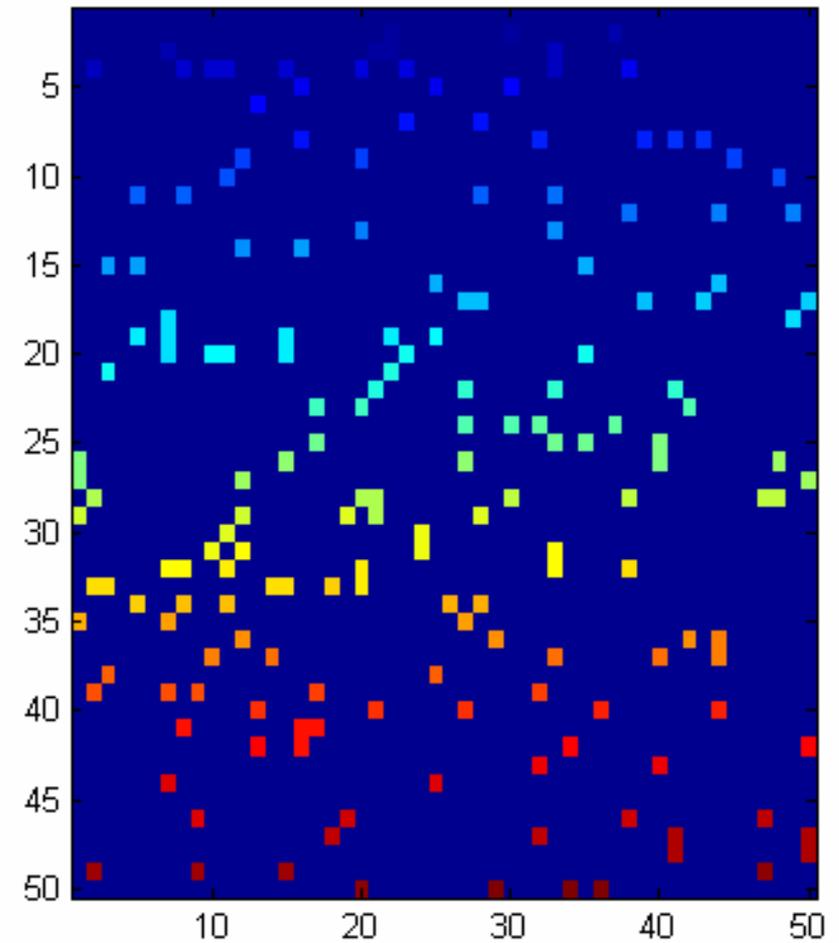
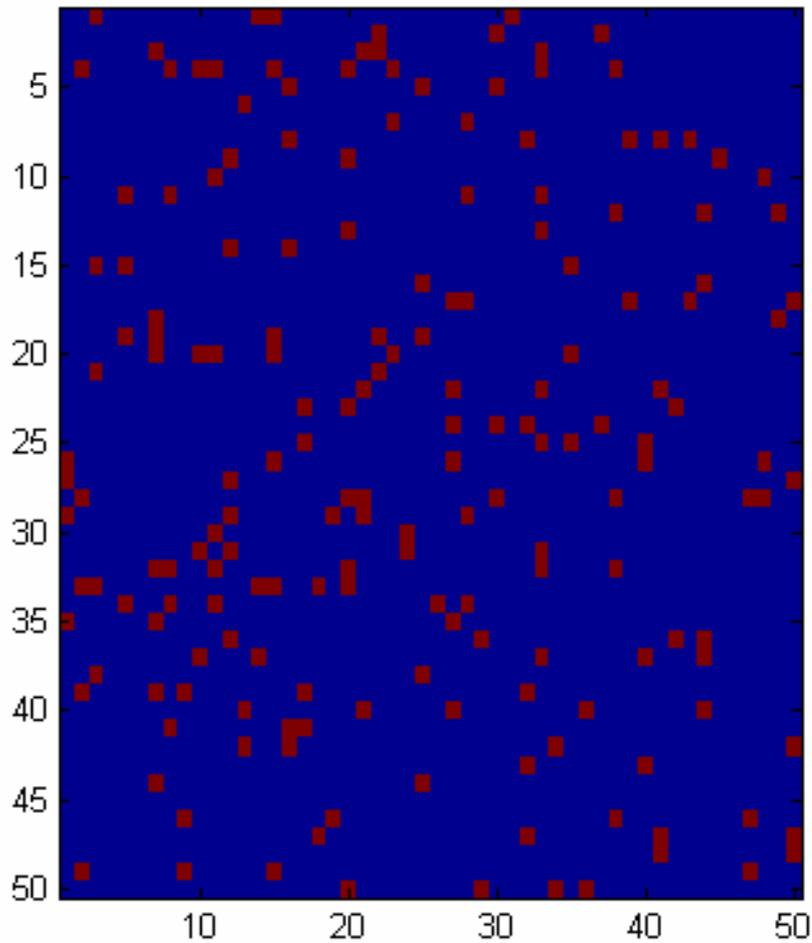


# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



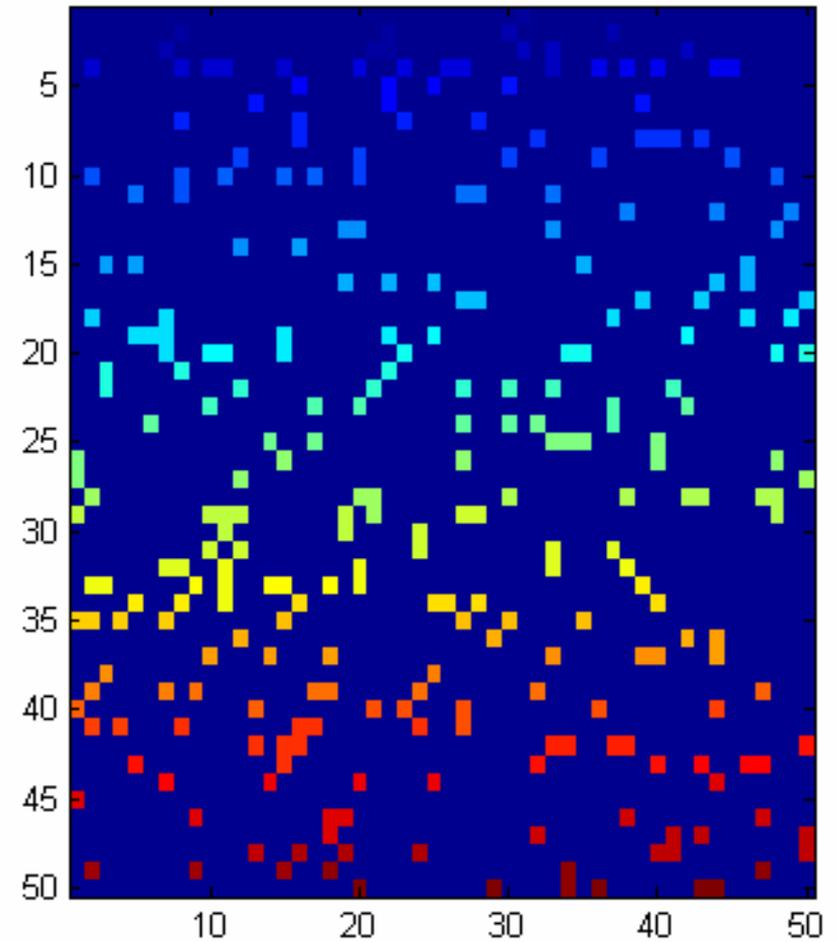
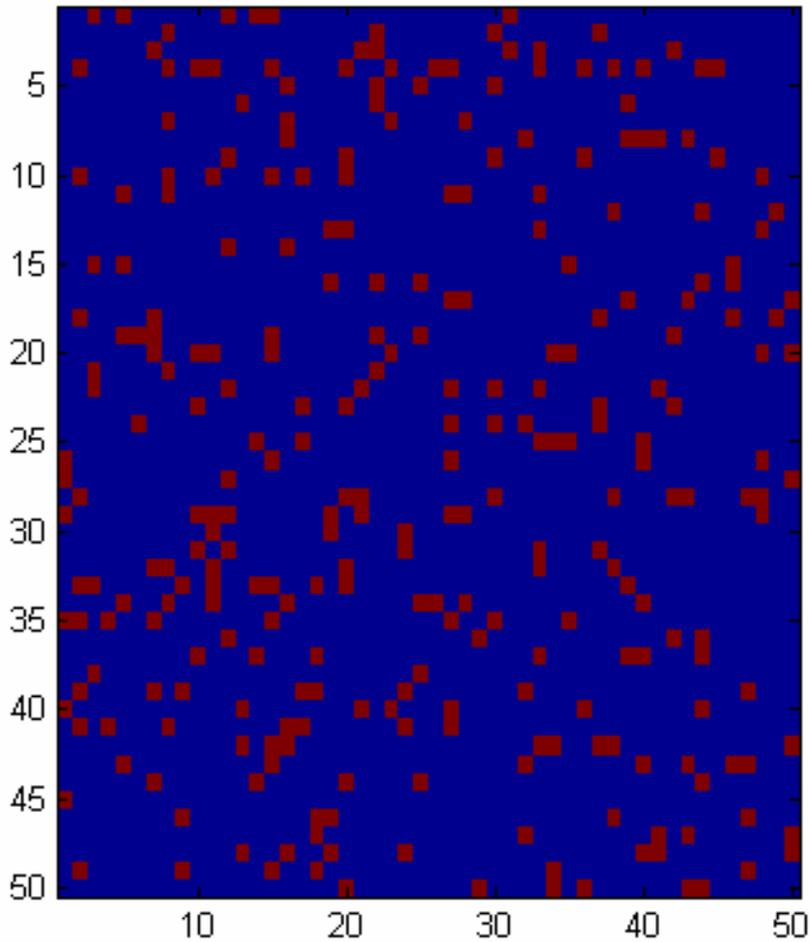
2.5% Liquid

# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



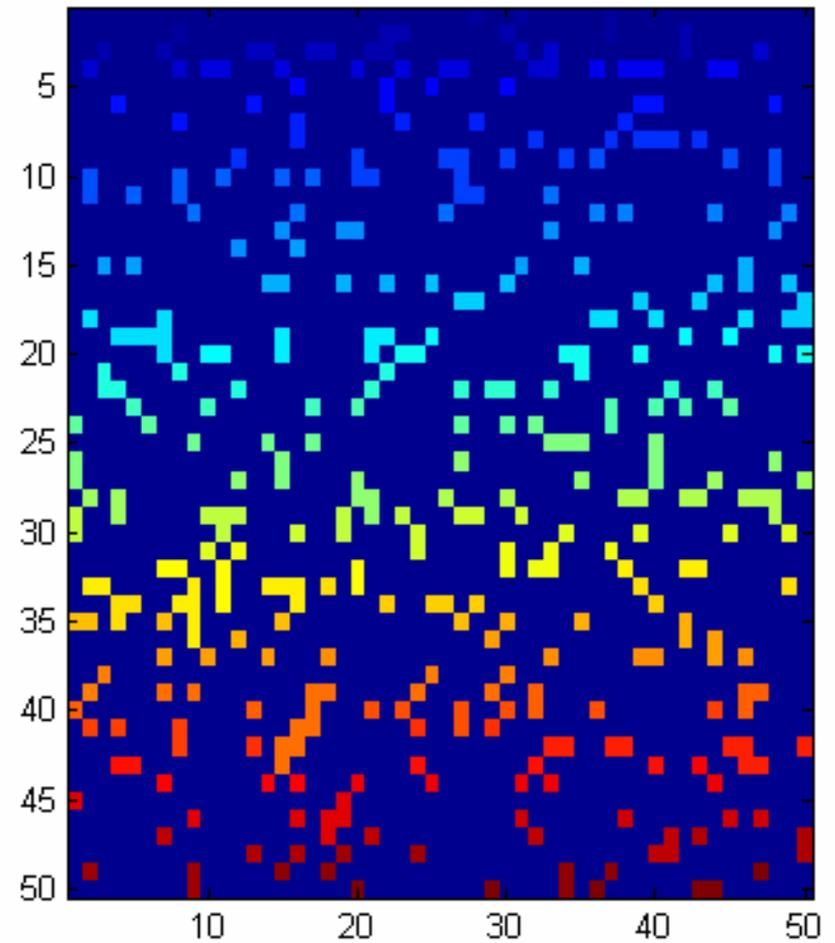
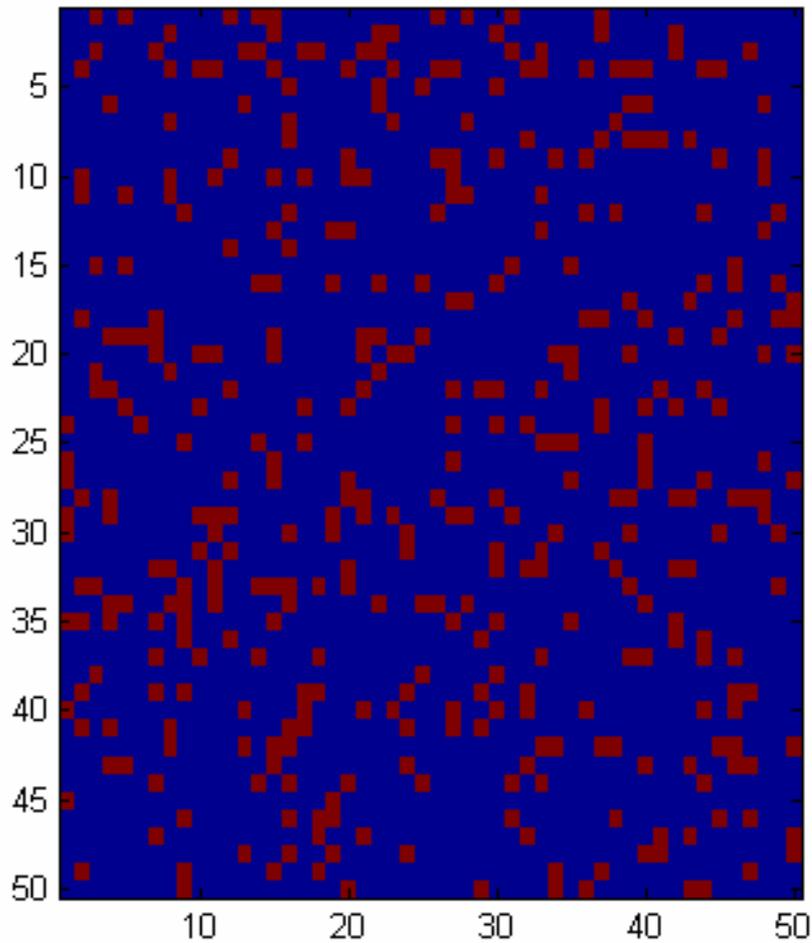
5% Liquid

# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice

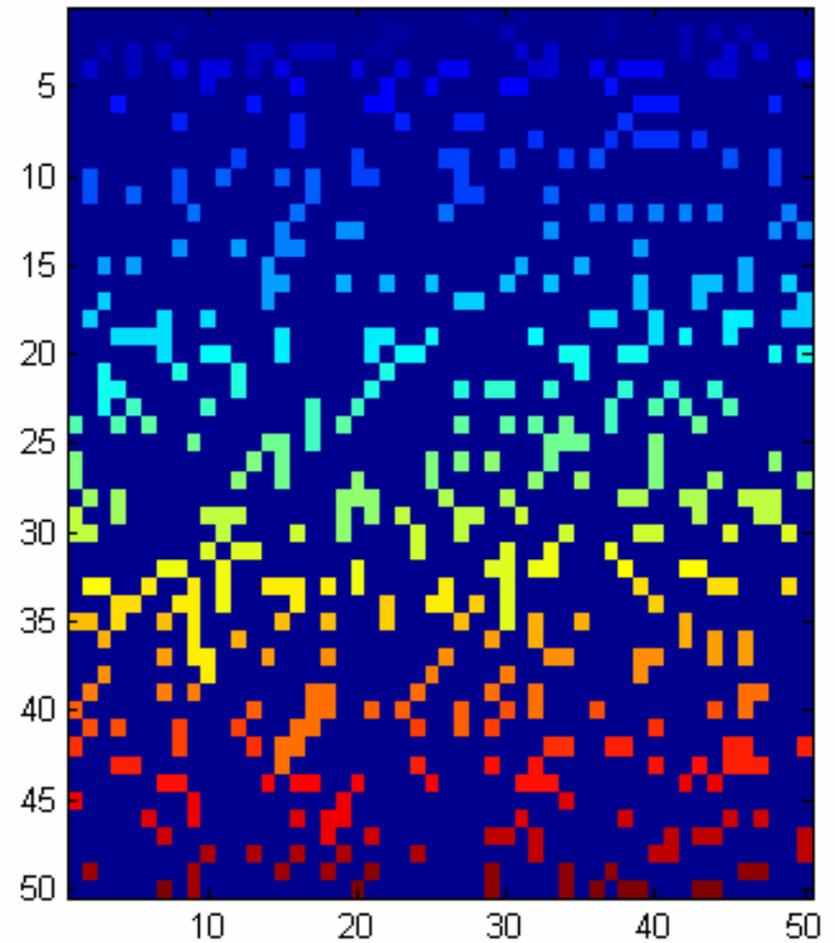
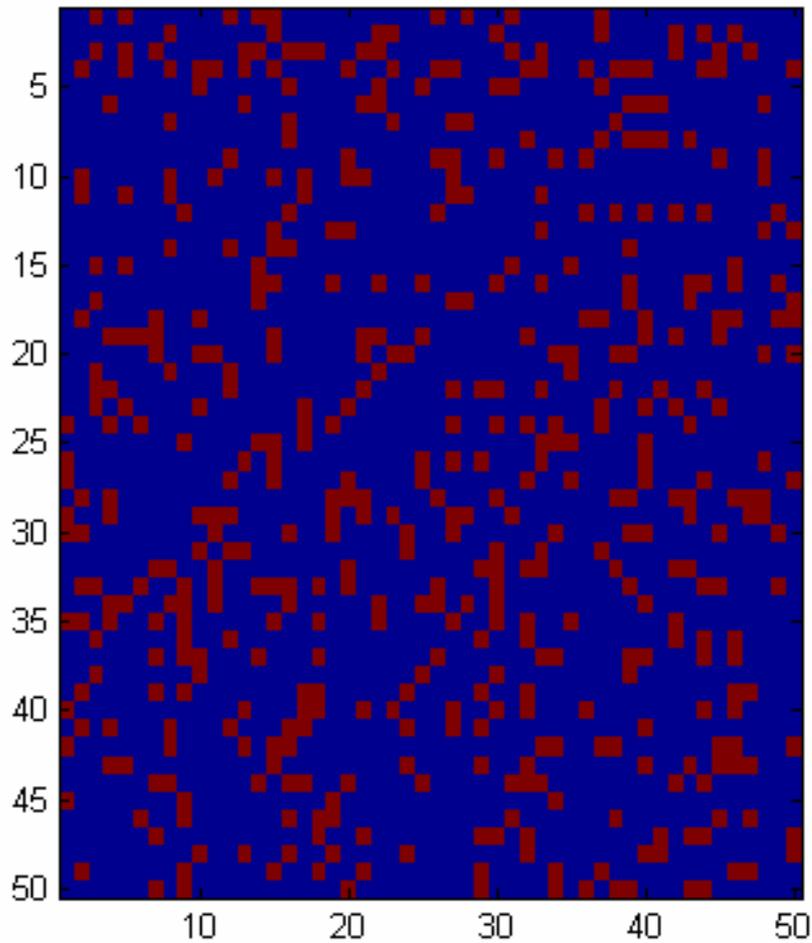


7.5% Liquid

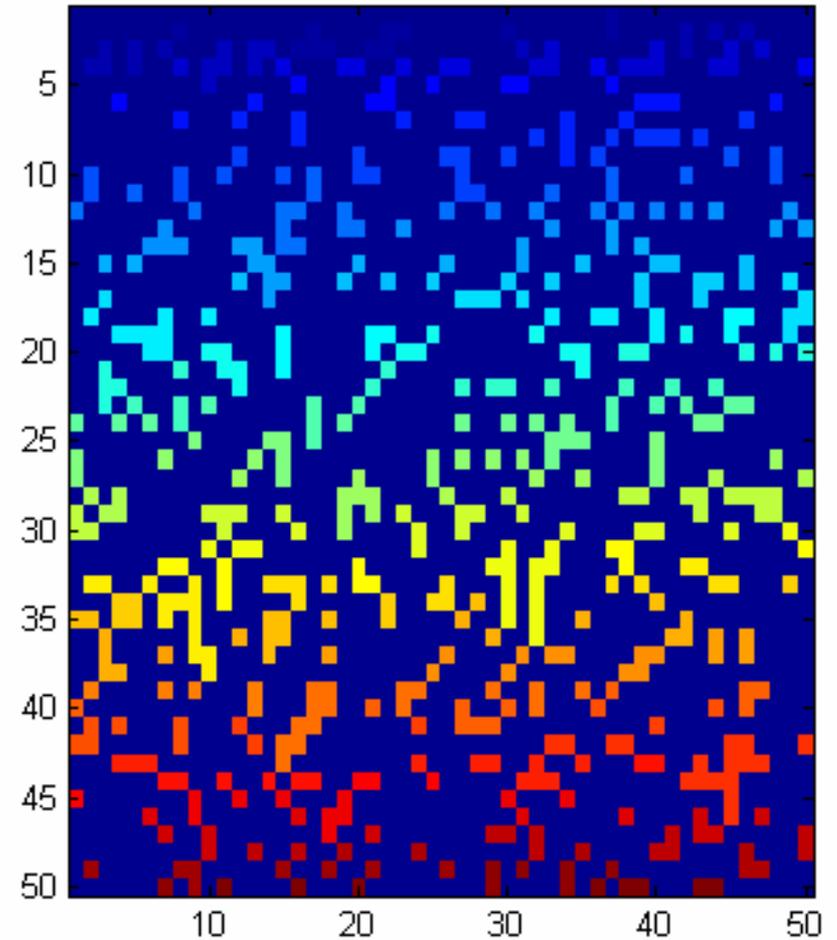
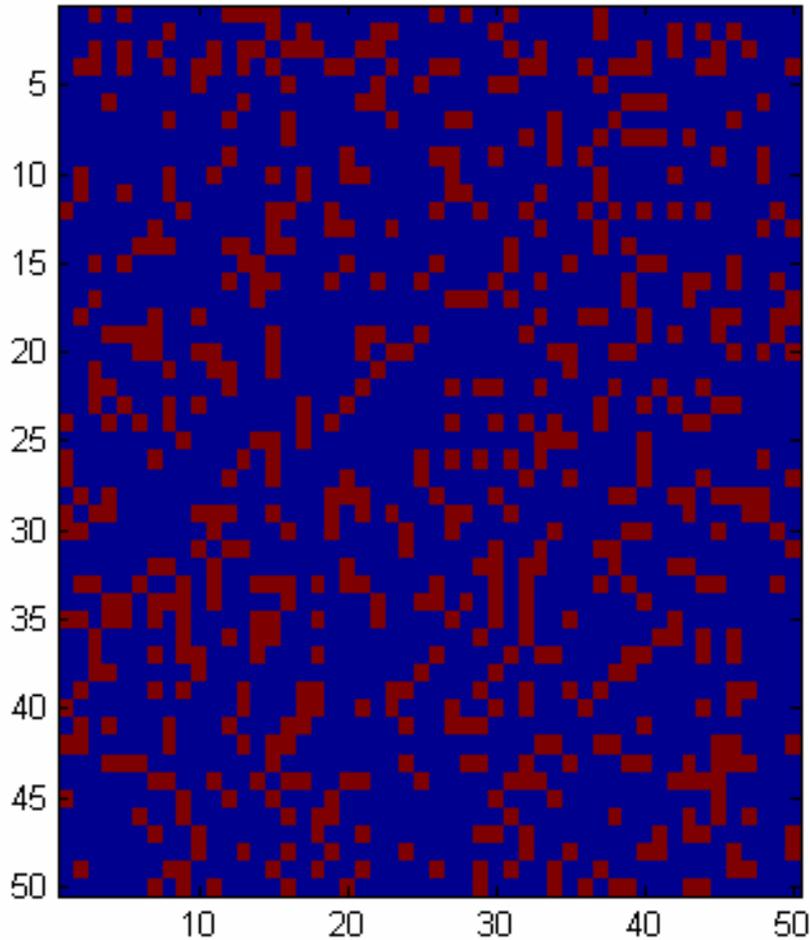
# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



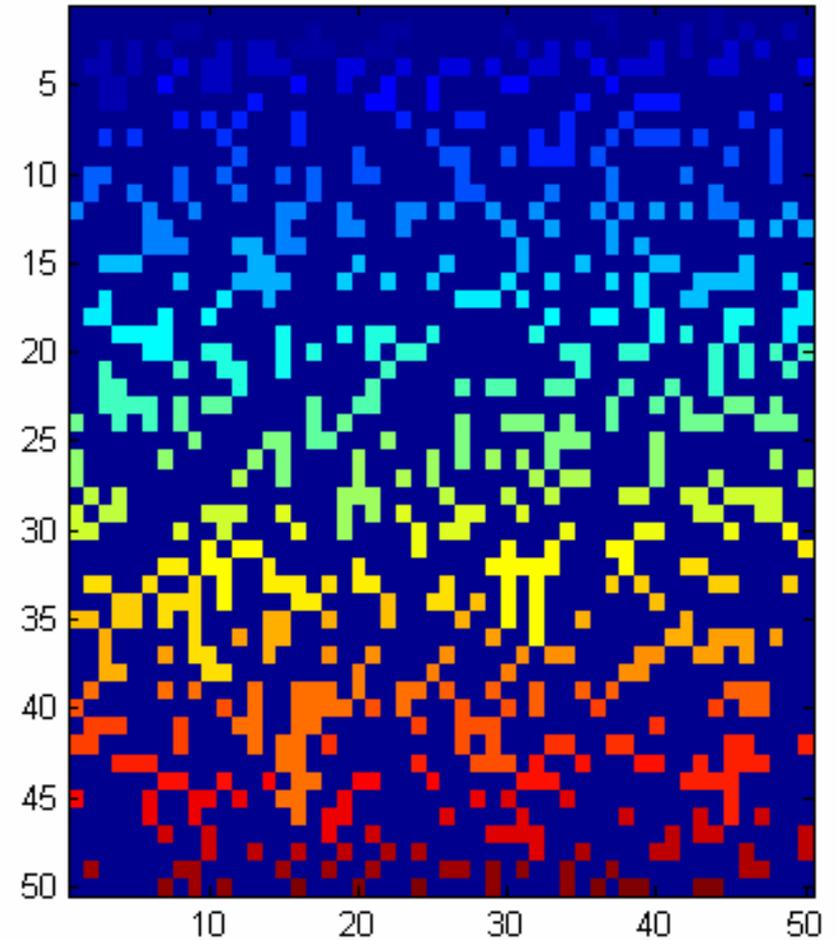
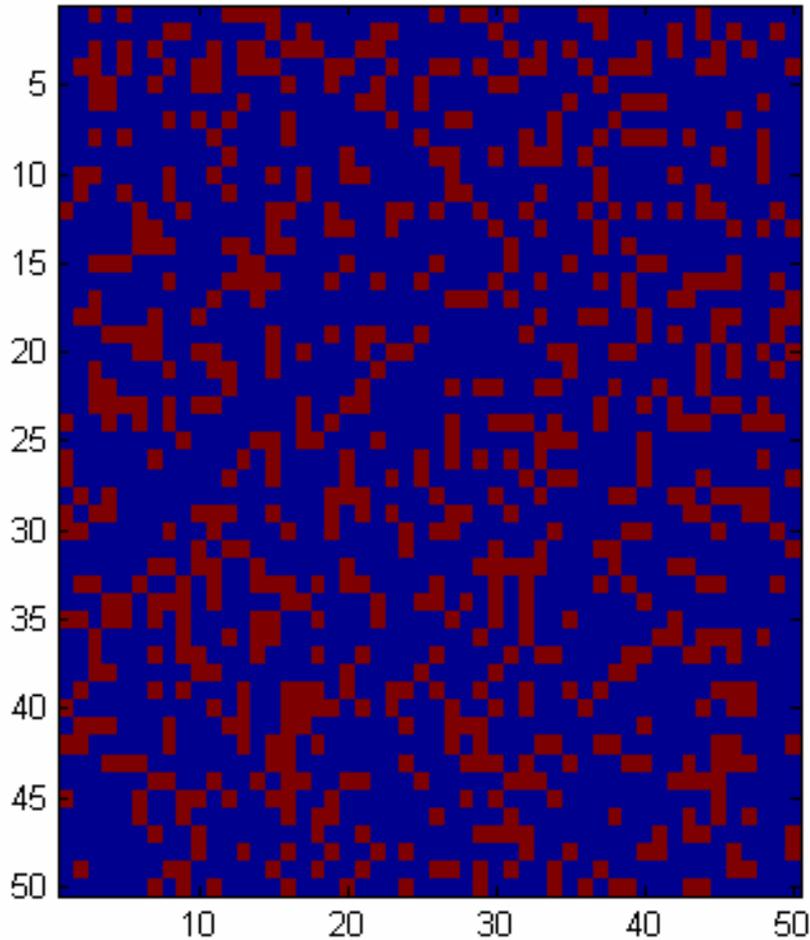
# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



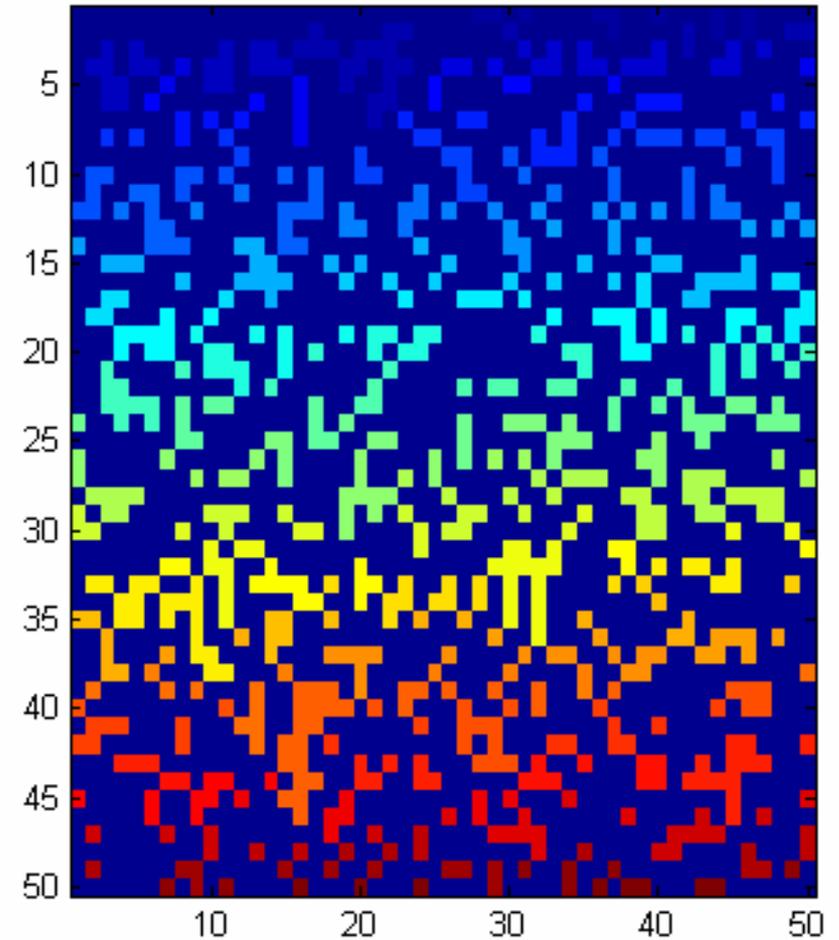
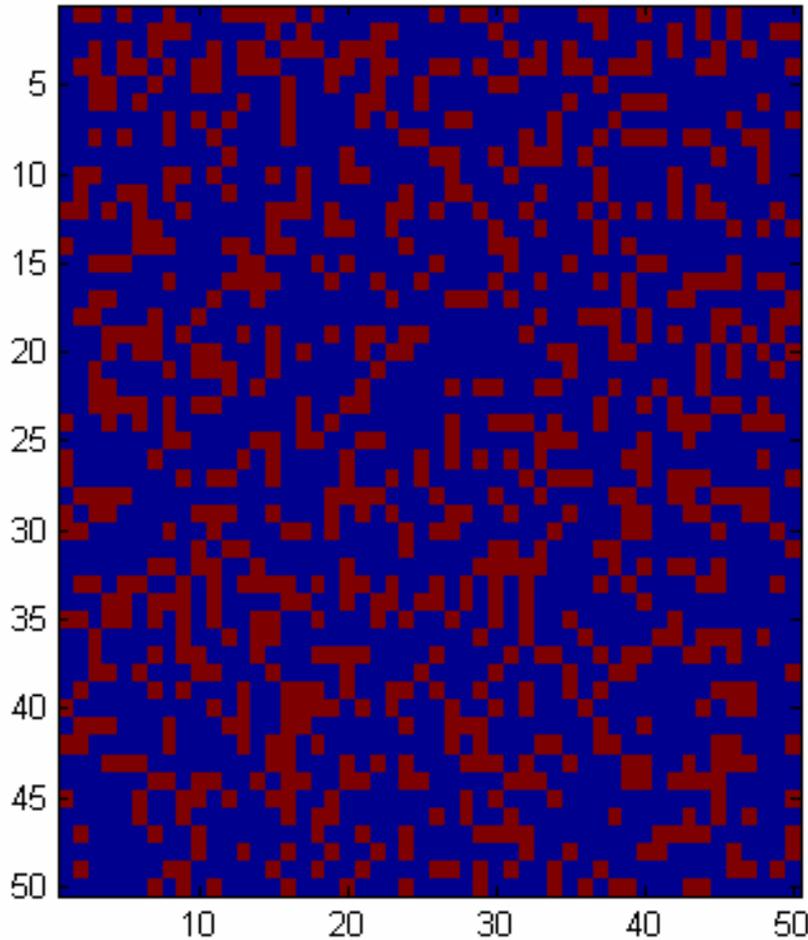
# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



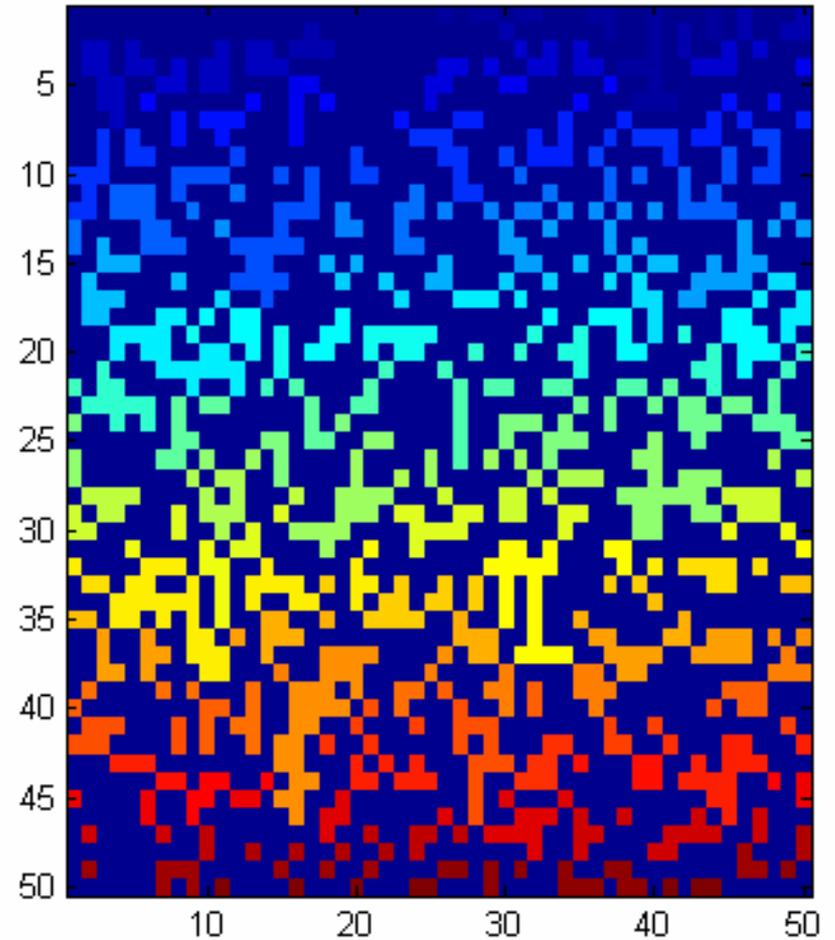
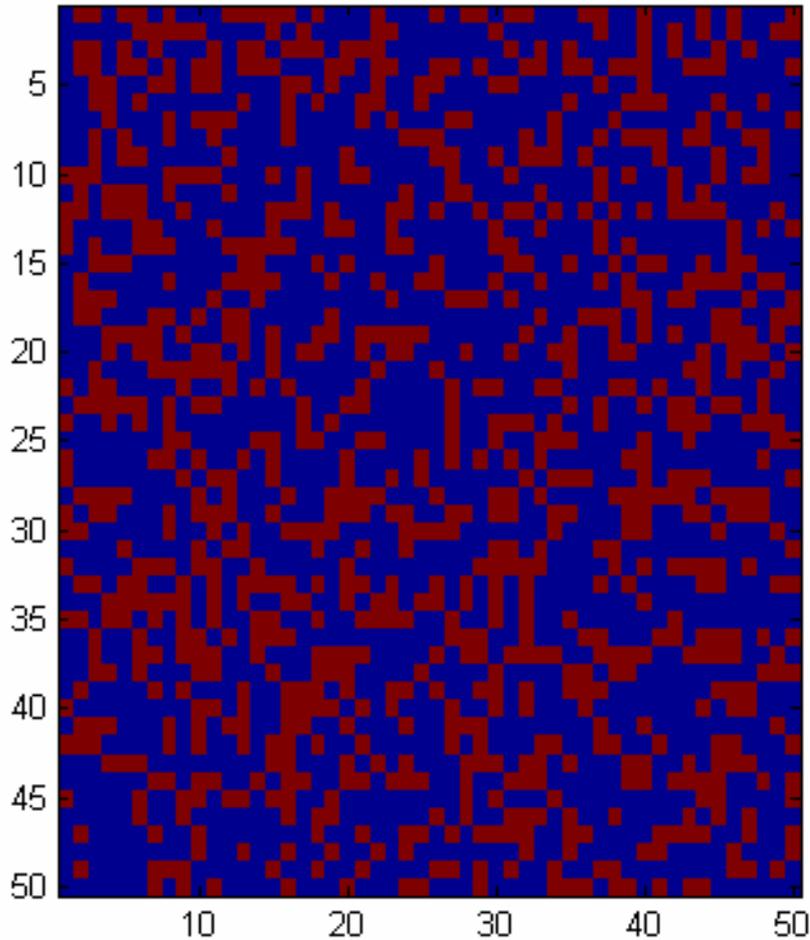
# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



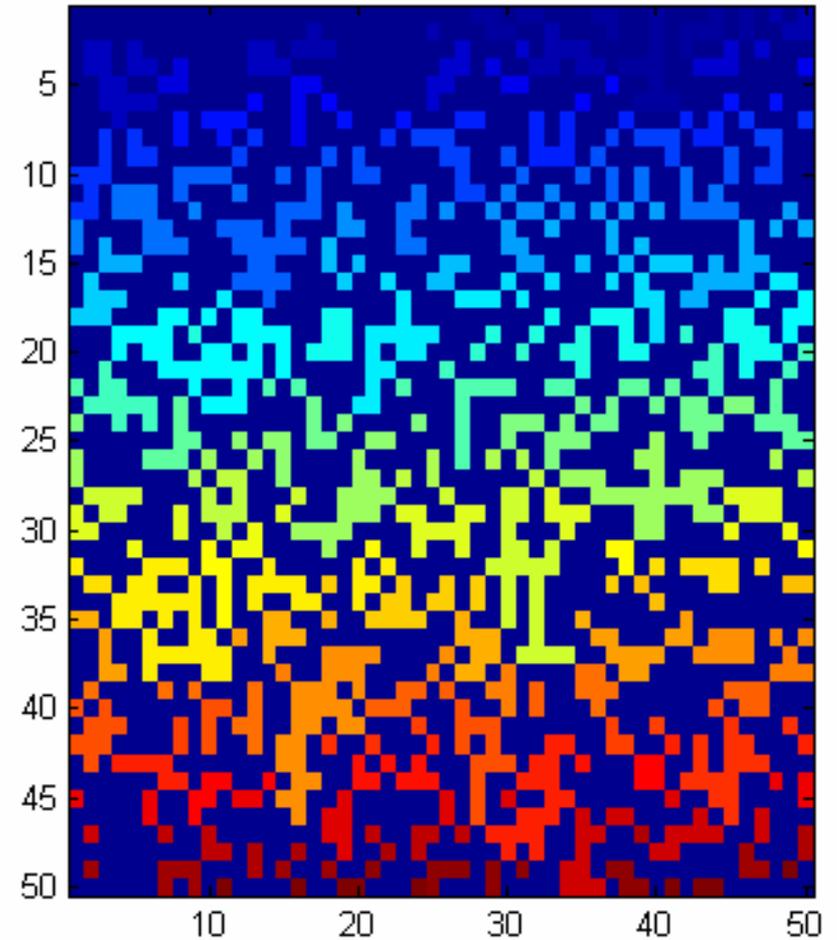
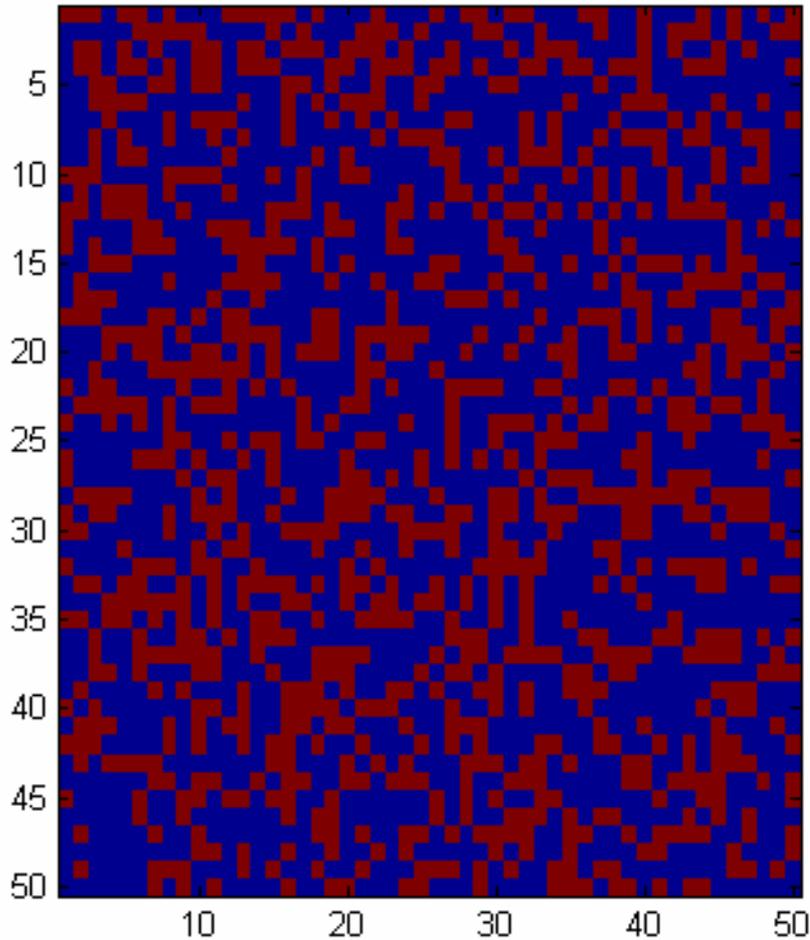
# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



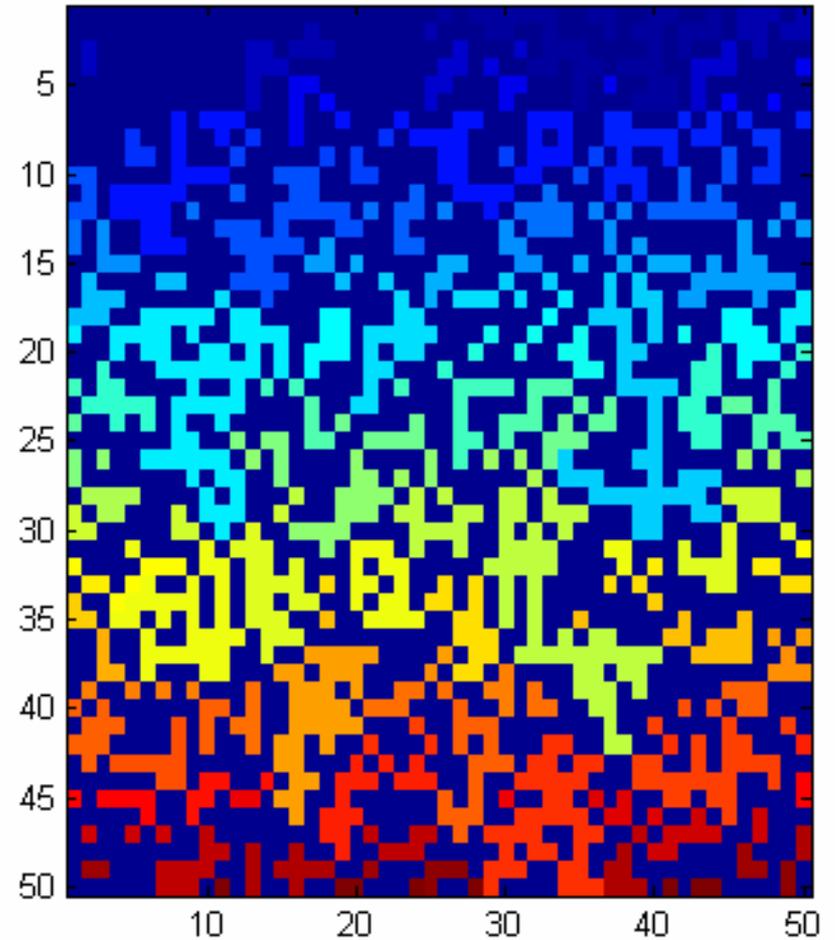
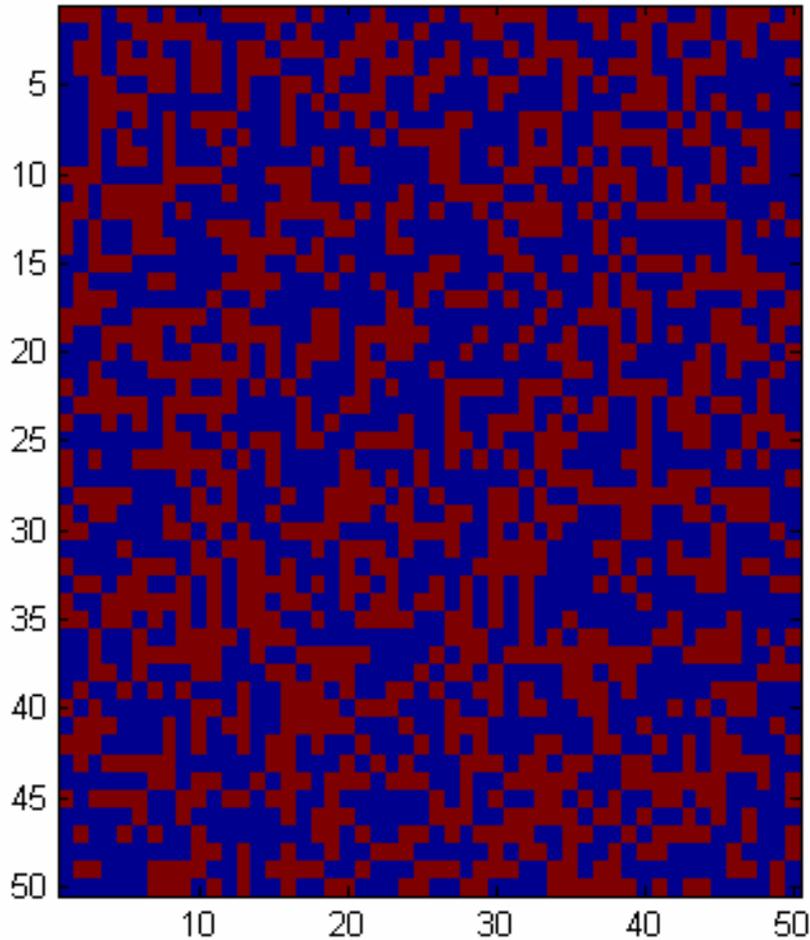
# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



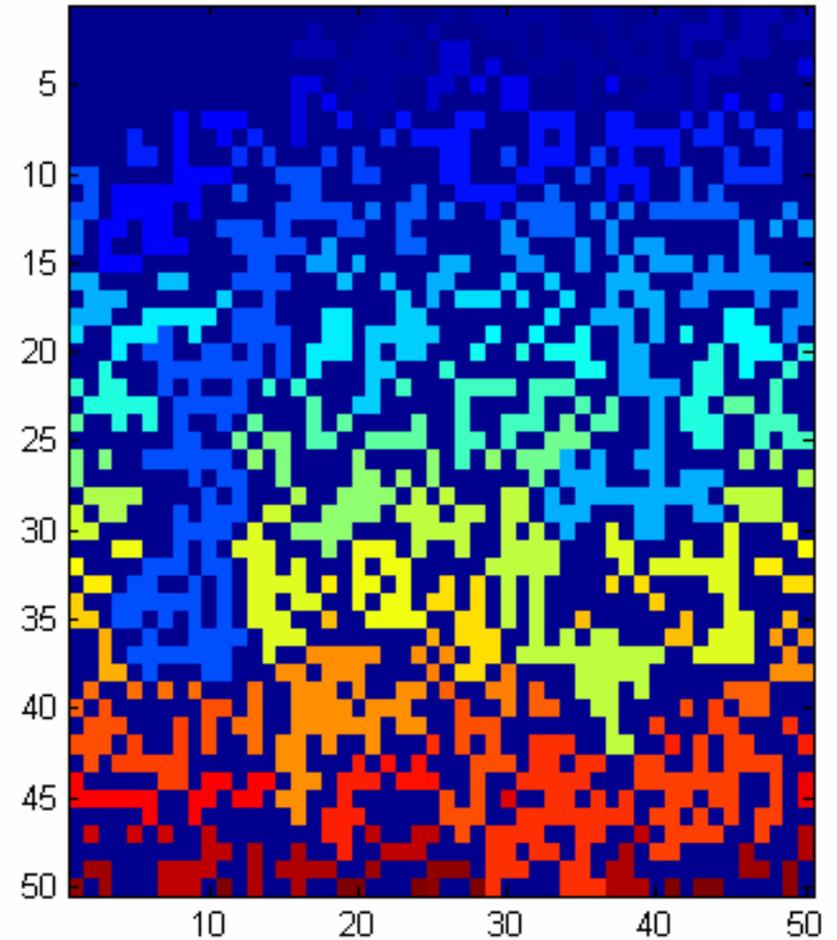
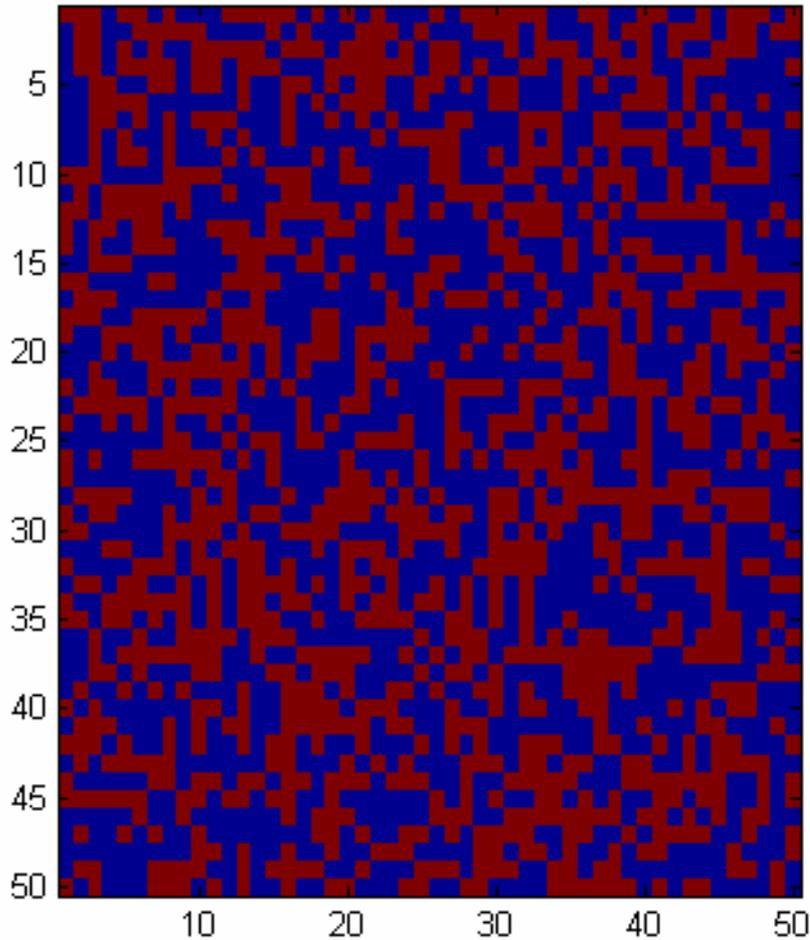
# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



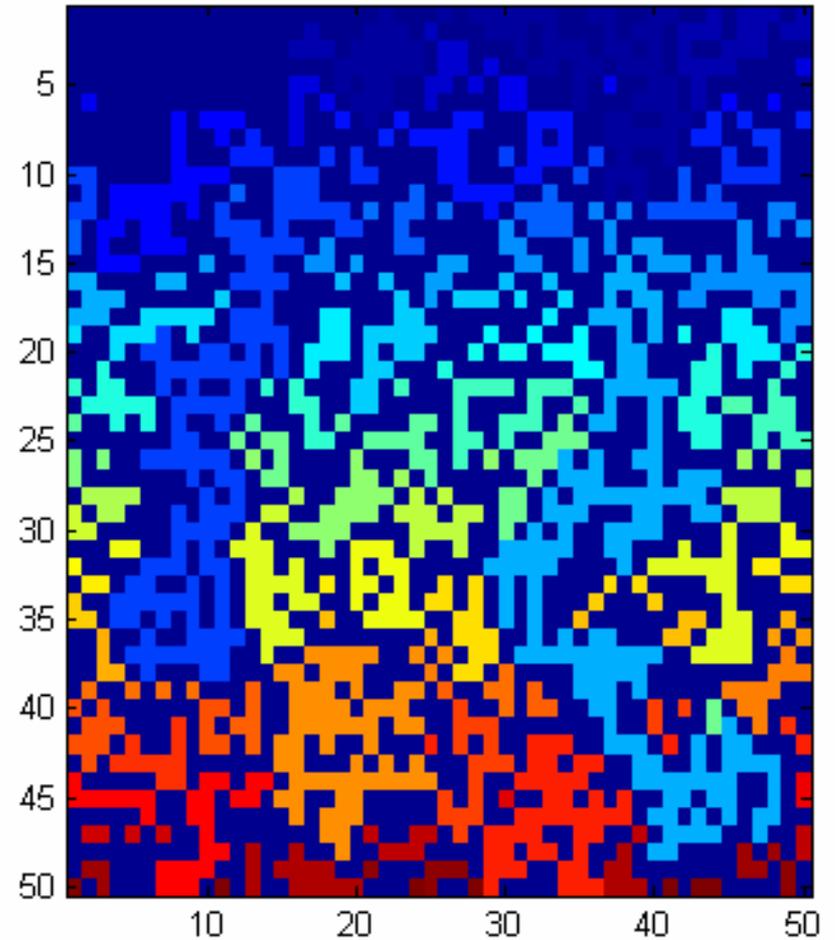
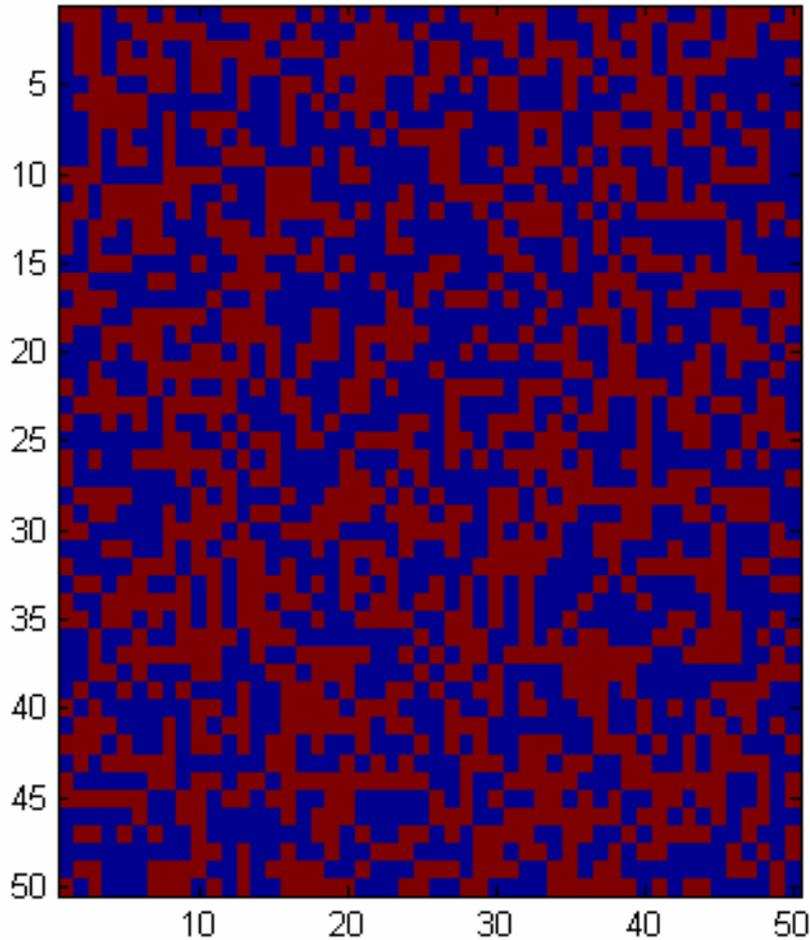
# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



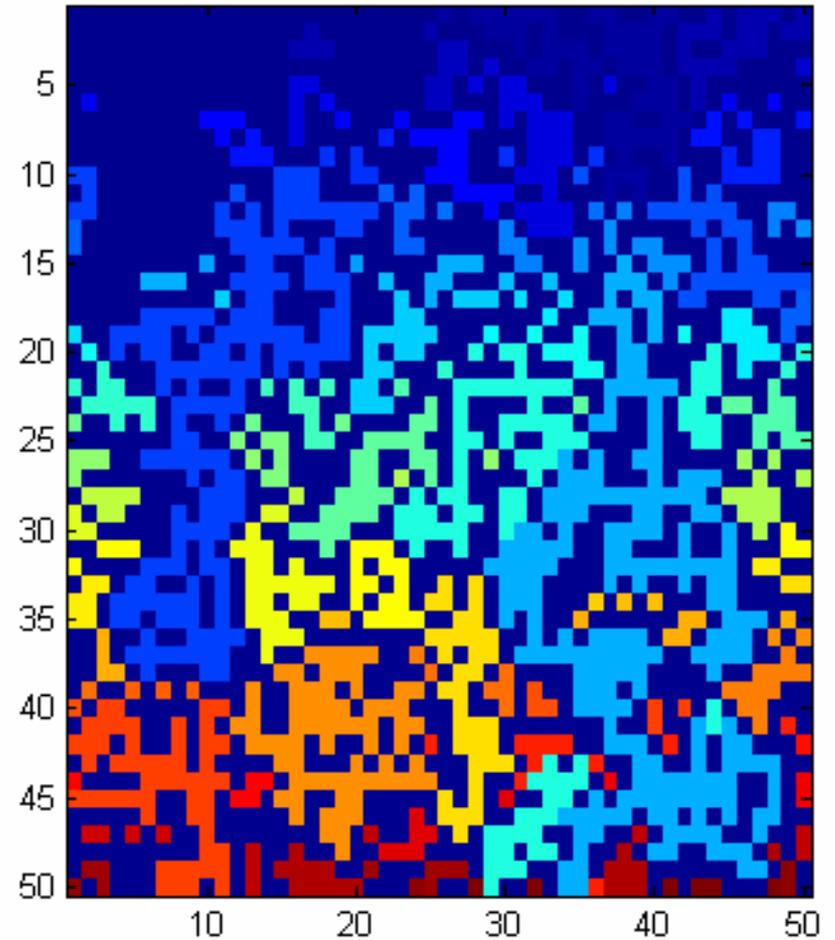
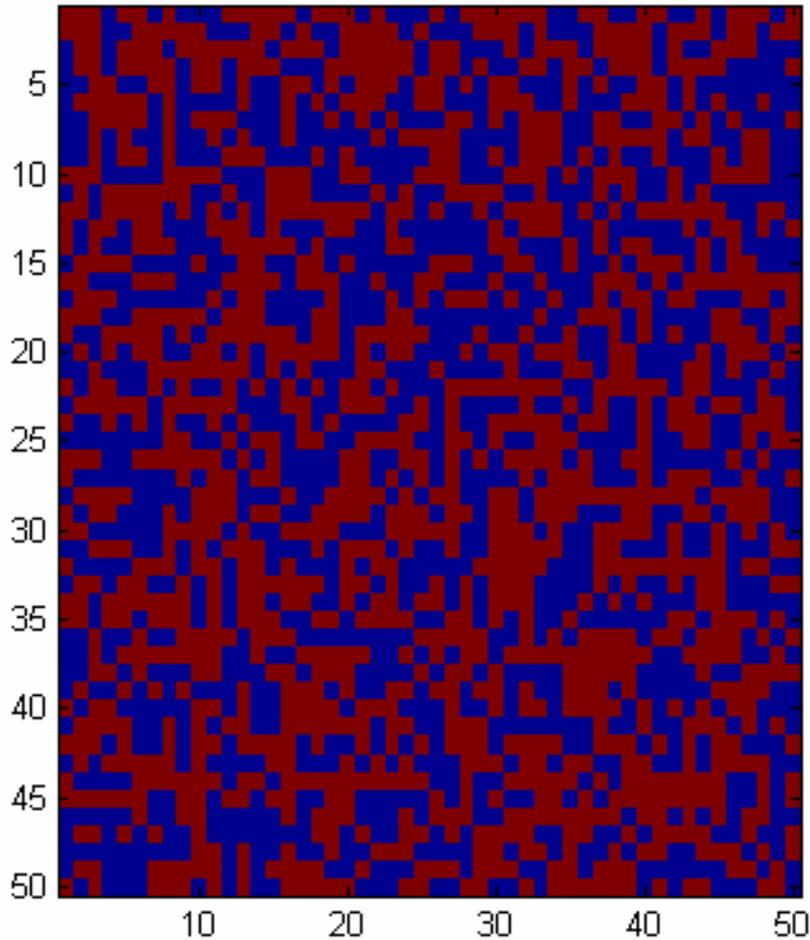
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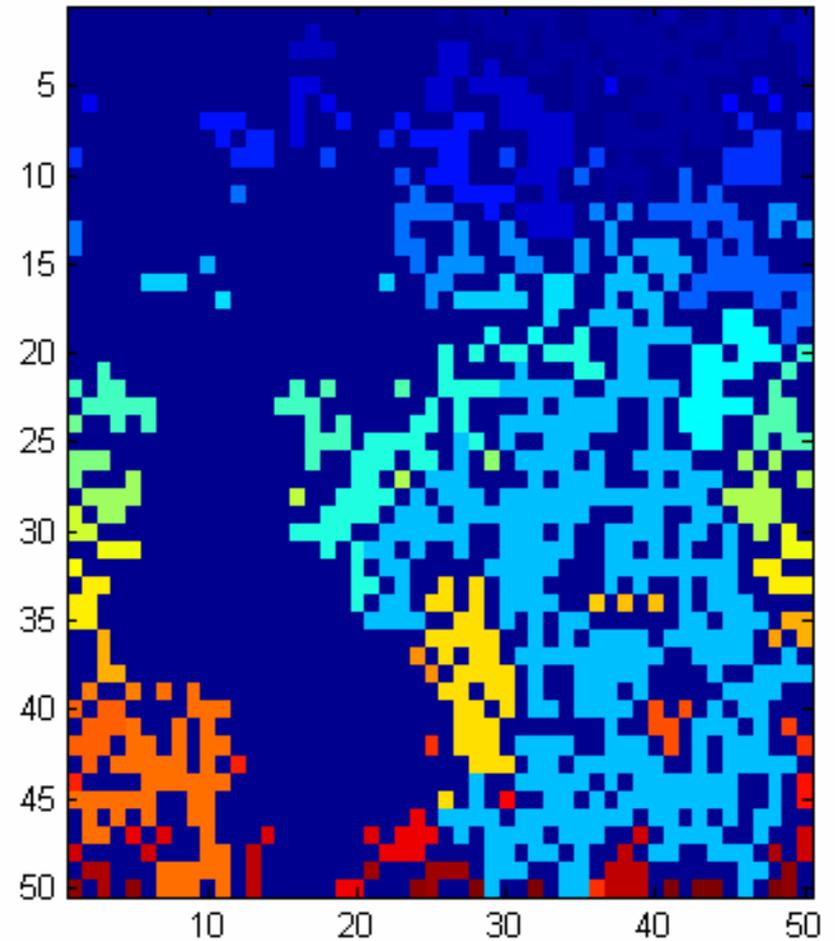
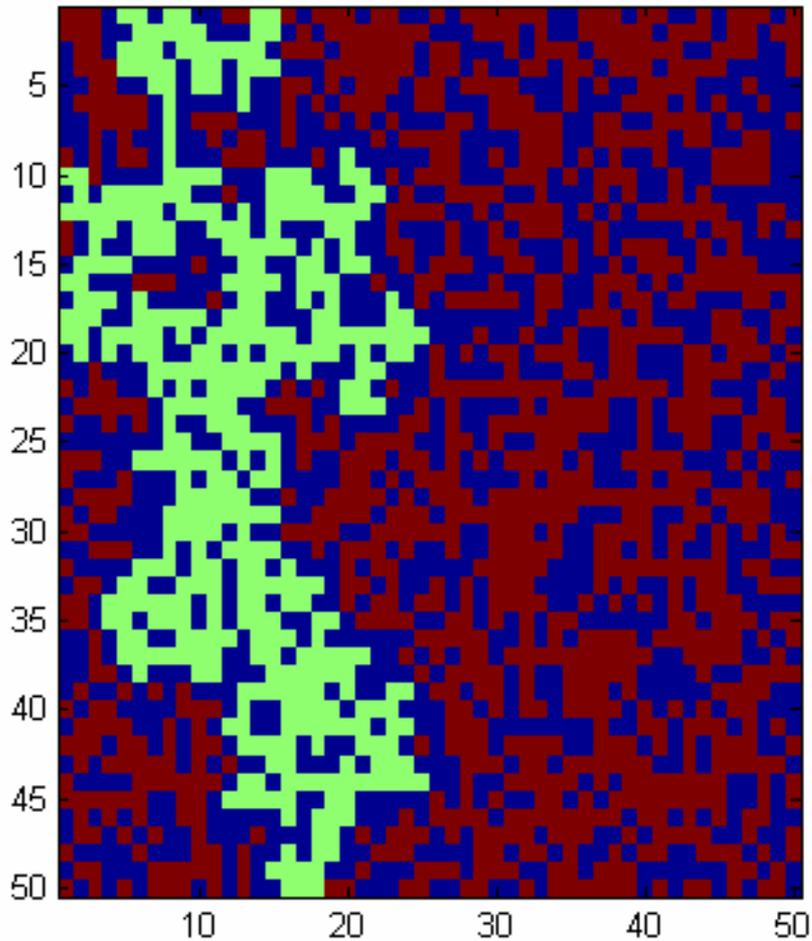
# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice



# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice

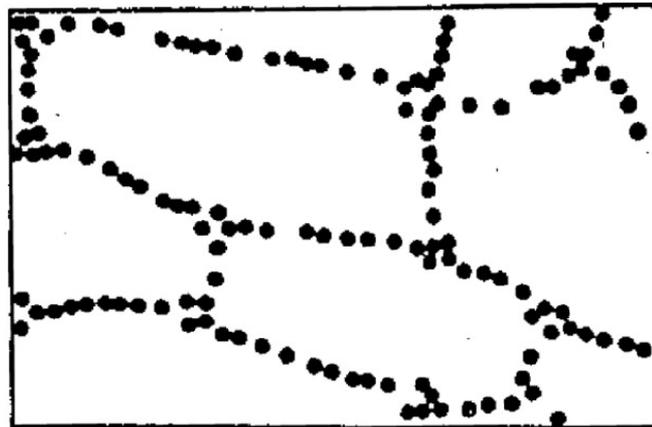
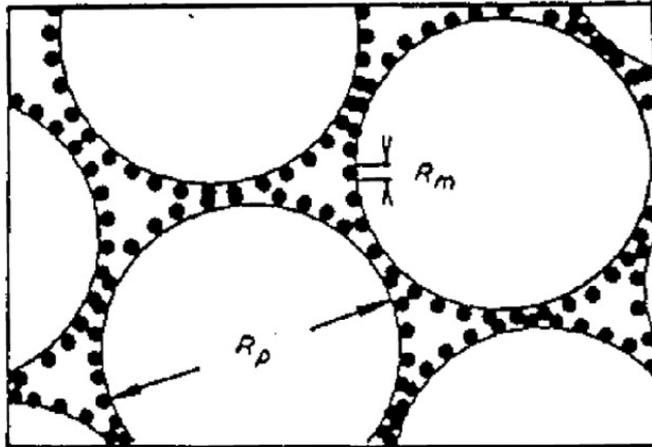


# A Conceptual Model: 2D Lattice

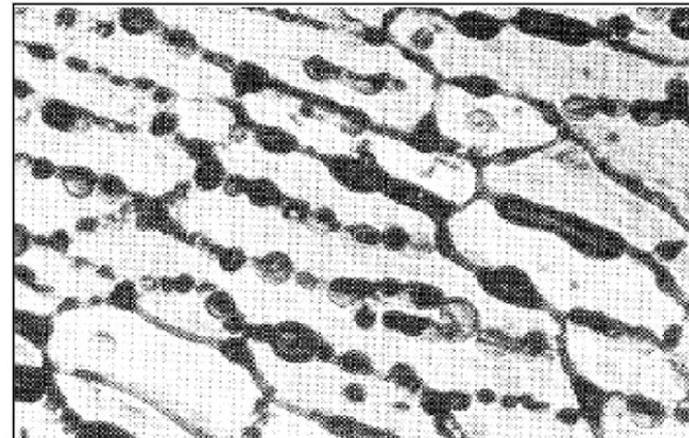
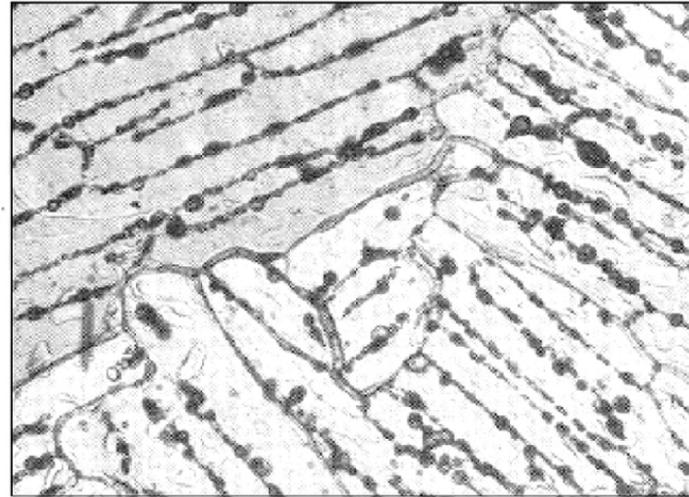


52% Liquid

Compressed Powder



Sea Ice



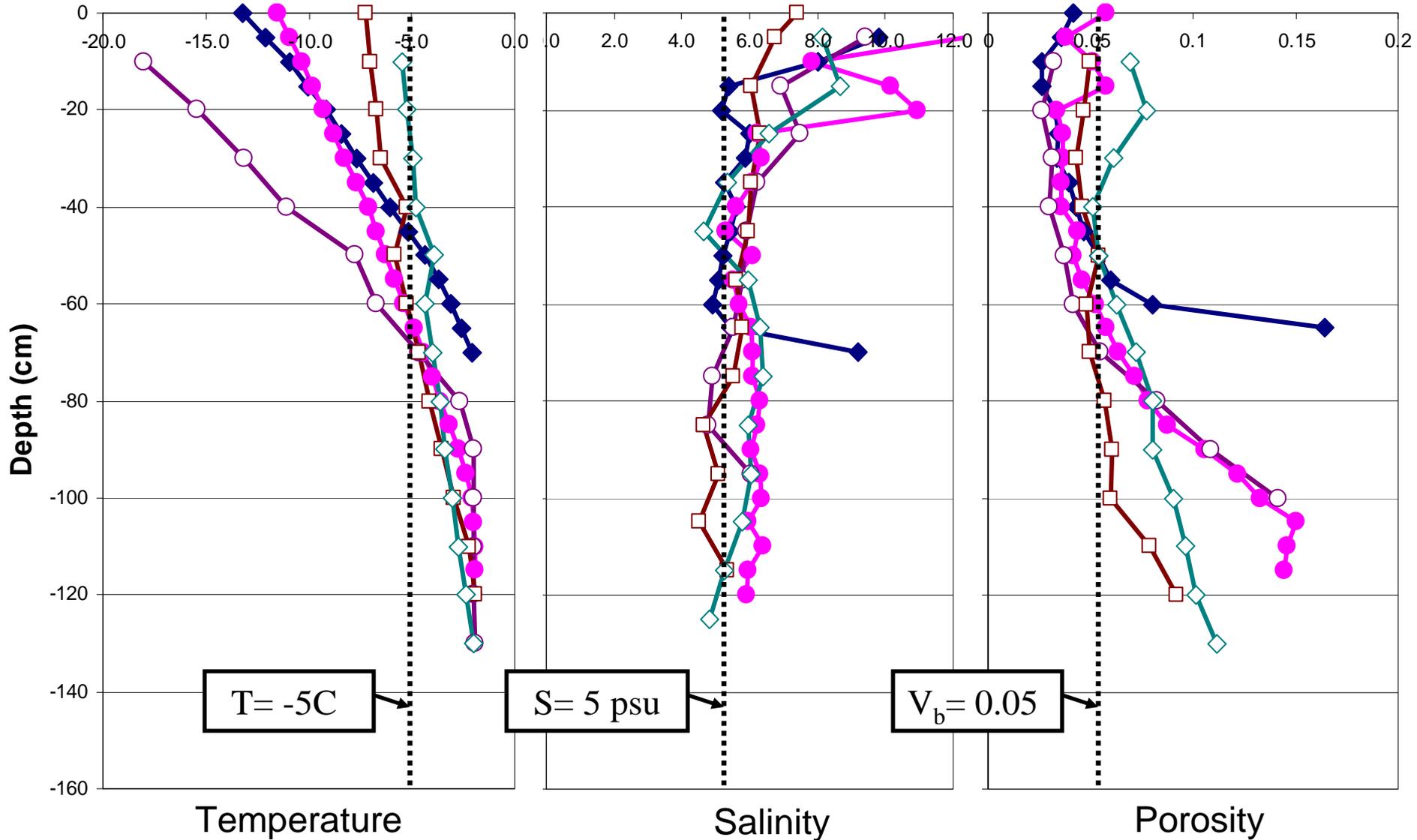
Golden, Ackley, and Lytle. "The Percolation Phase Transition in Ice."  
Science. Vol 232, 1998.



Photo: Kathryn Hansen/NASA

# Ice Core Profiles

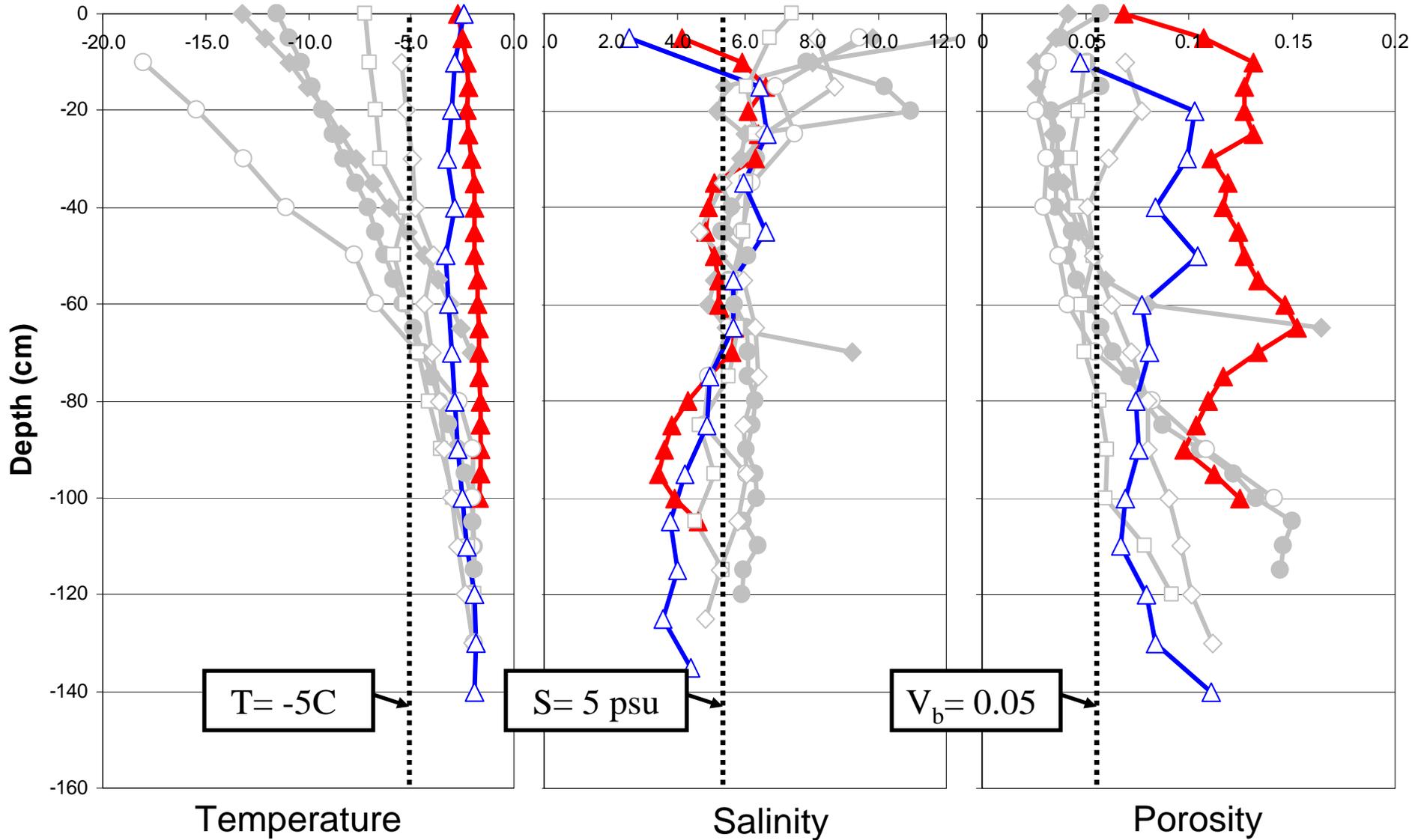
From Petrich, Eicken, and Druckenmiller; Barrow Ice Observatory



◆ 1/15/2009    ● 3/25/2009    ▲ 5/16/2009    ○ 2/9/2008    □ 4/7/2008    ◇ 4/29/2008    △ 5/26/2008

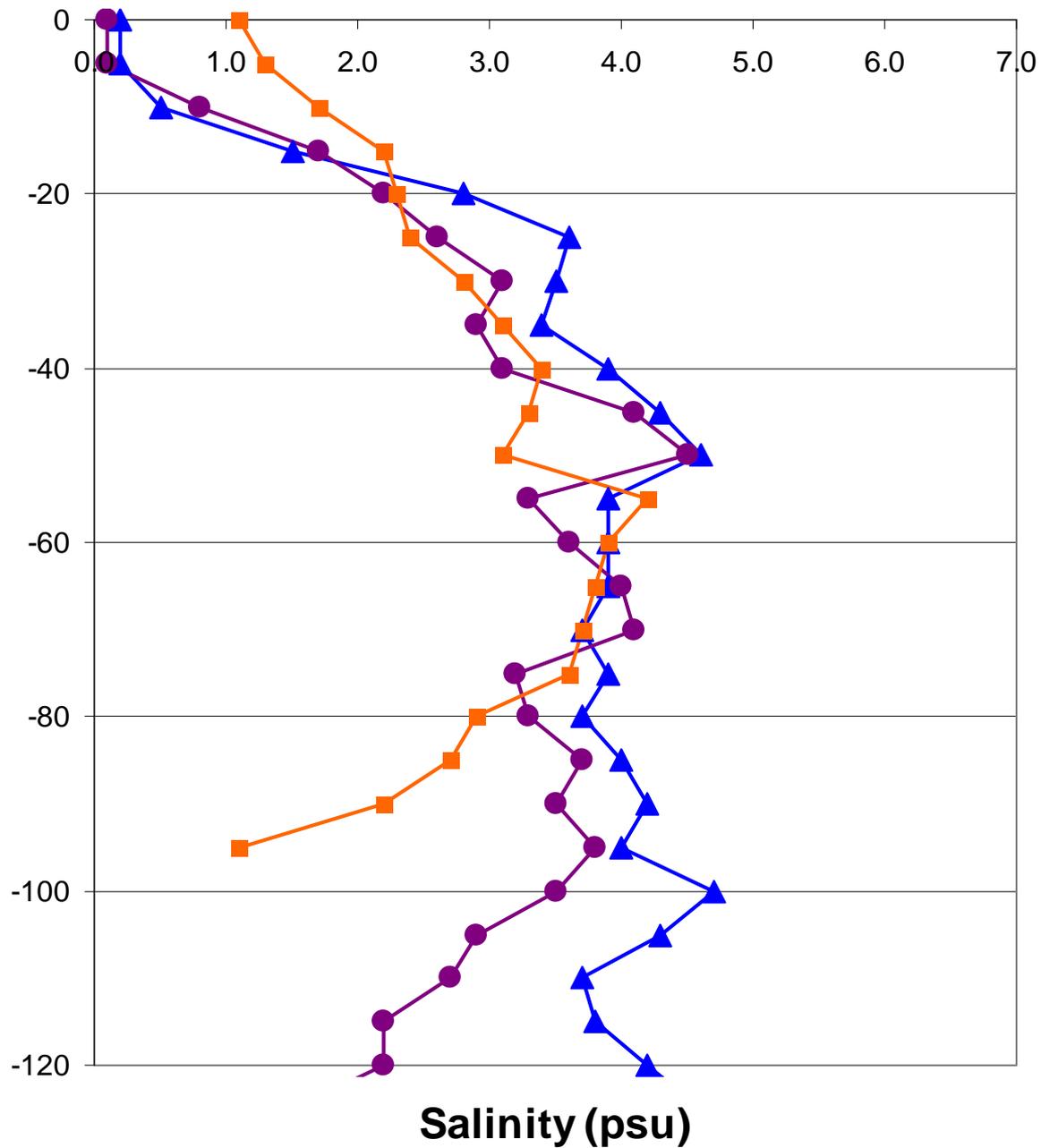
# Ice Core Profiles

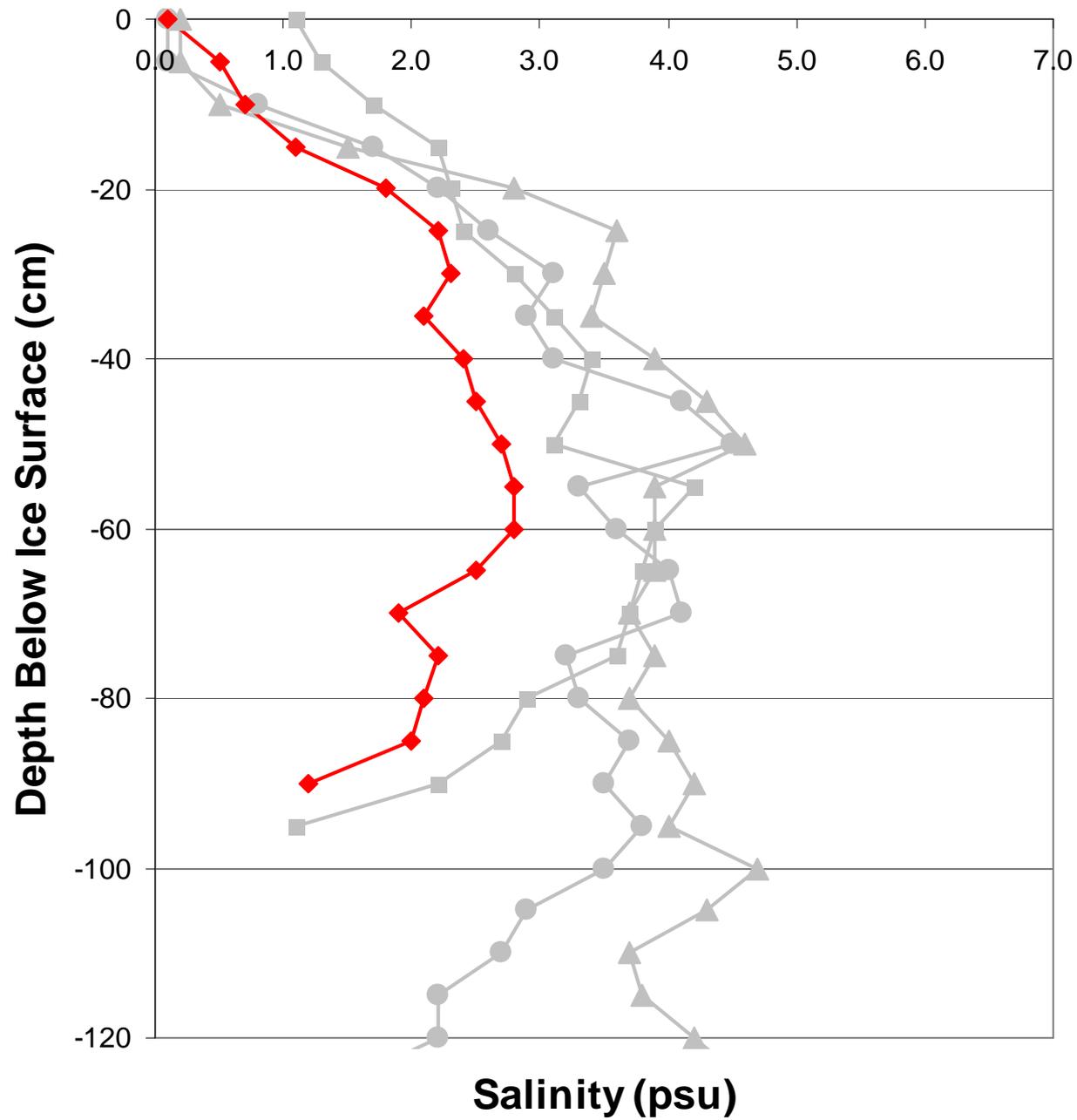
From Petrich, Eicken, and Druckenmiller; Barrow Ice Observatory

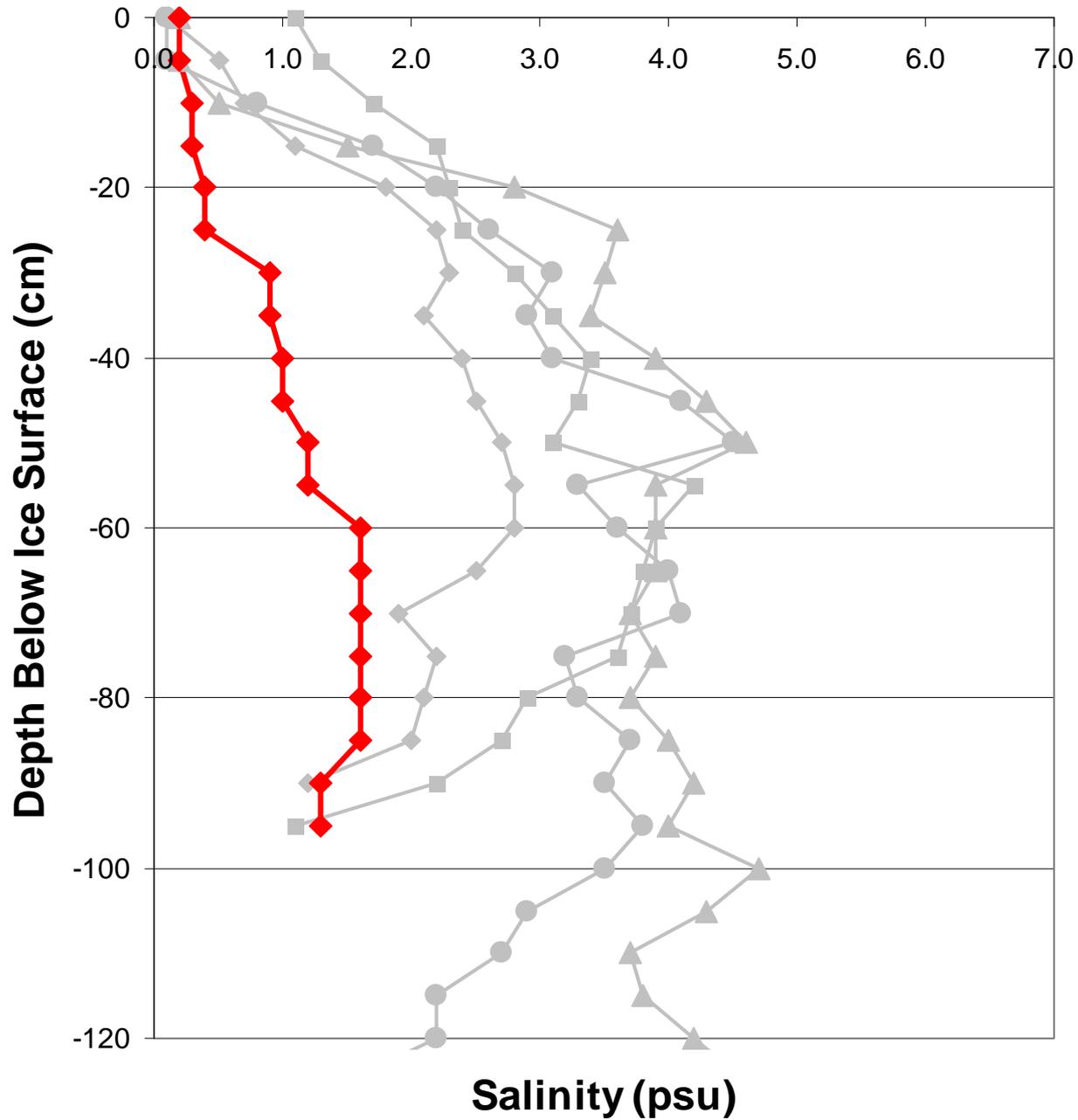


—◆— 1/15/2009 —●— 3/25/2009 —▲— 5/16/2009 —○— 2/9/2008 —□— 4/7/2008 —◇— 4/29/2008 —△— 5/26/2008

Depth Below Ice Surface (cm)

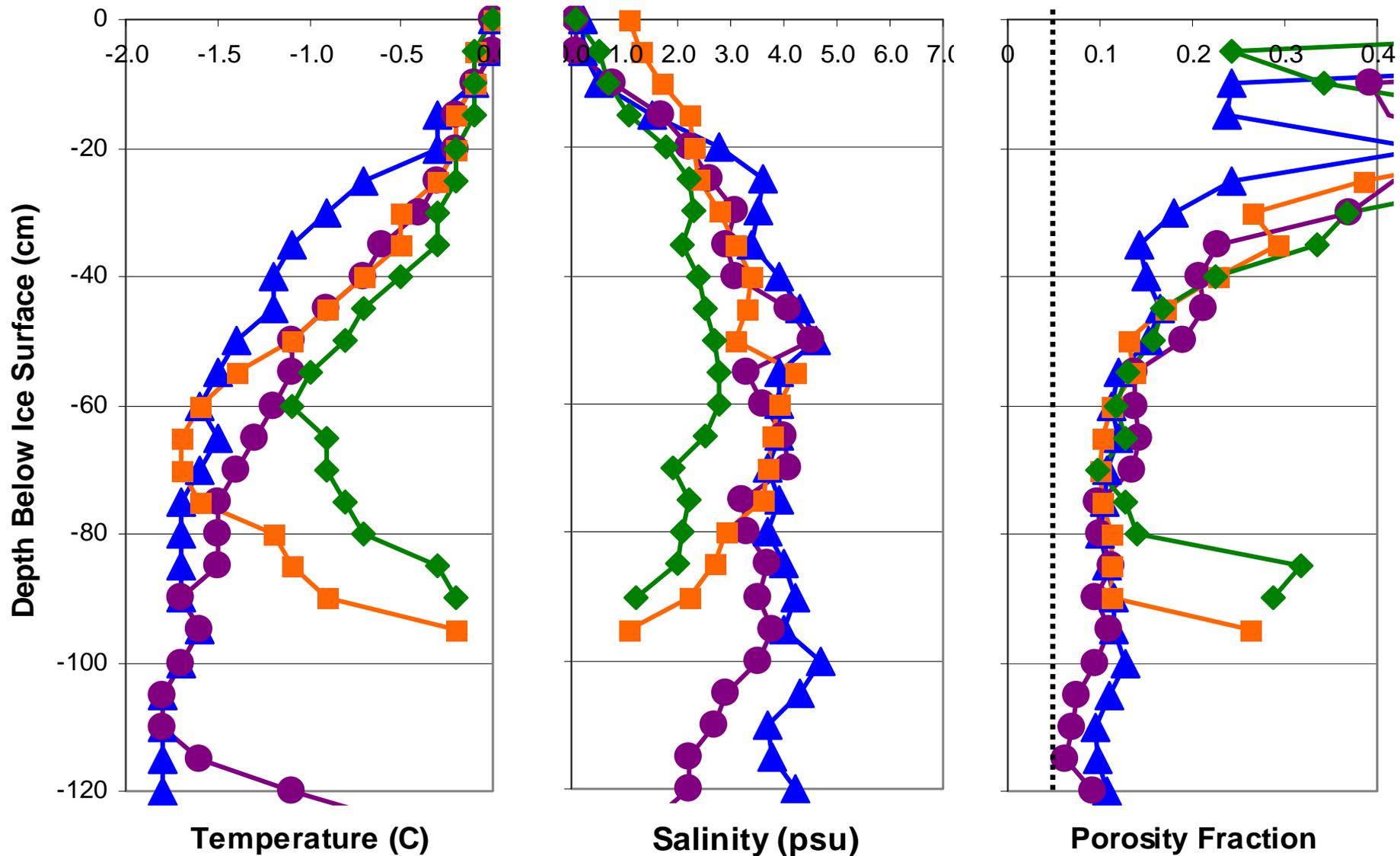


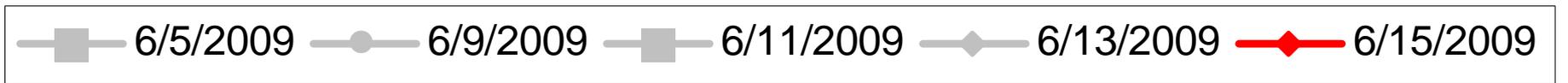
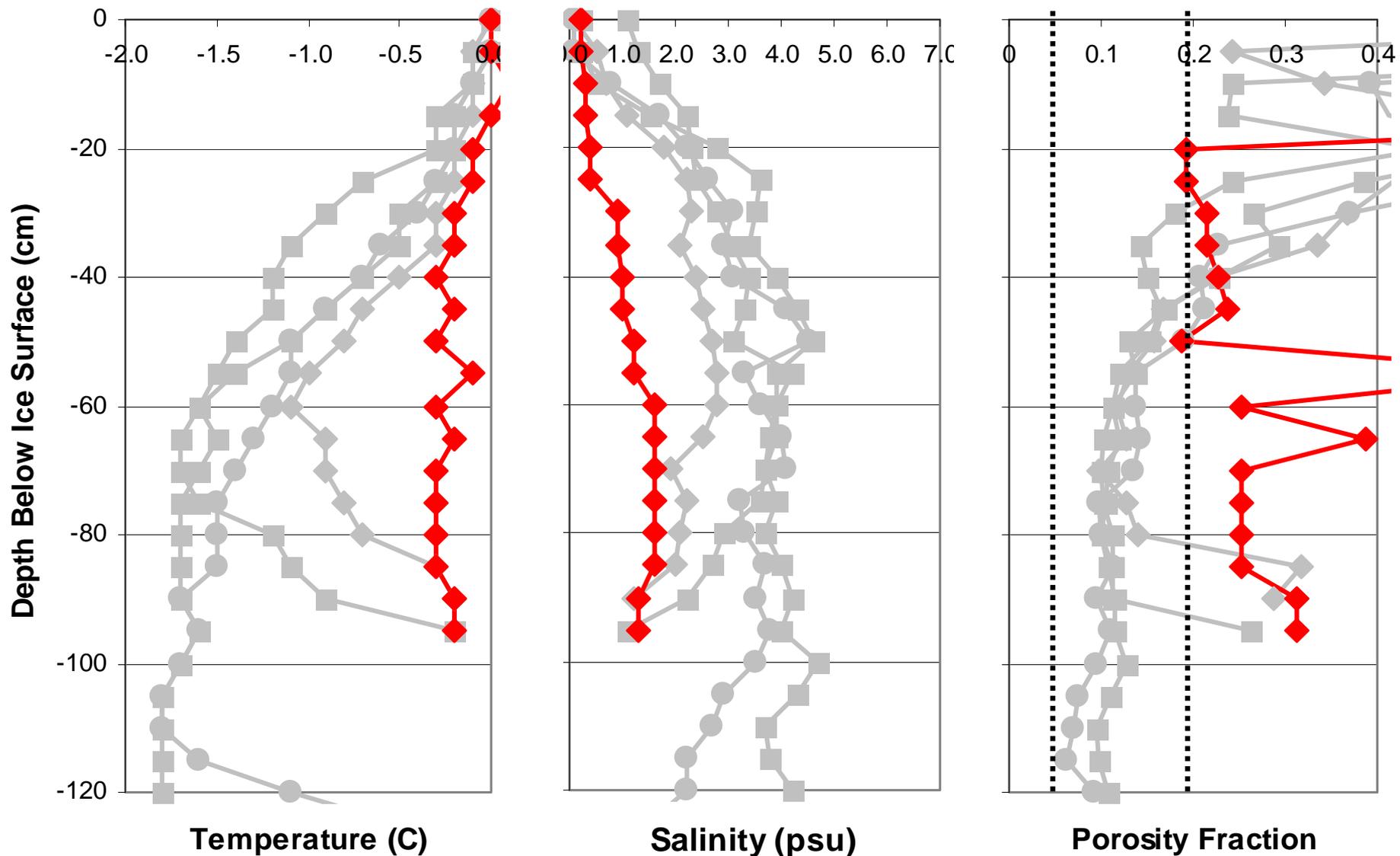




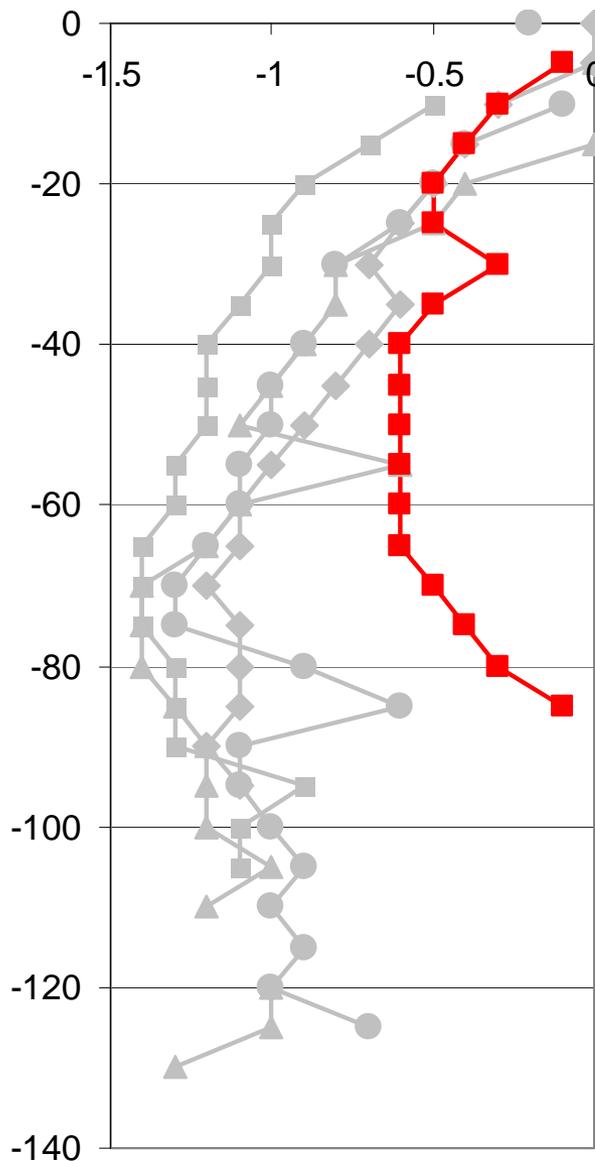
▲ 6/5/2009 ● 6/9/2009 ■ 6/11/2009 ◆ 6/13/2009 ◆ 6/15/2009



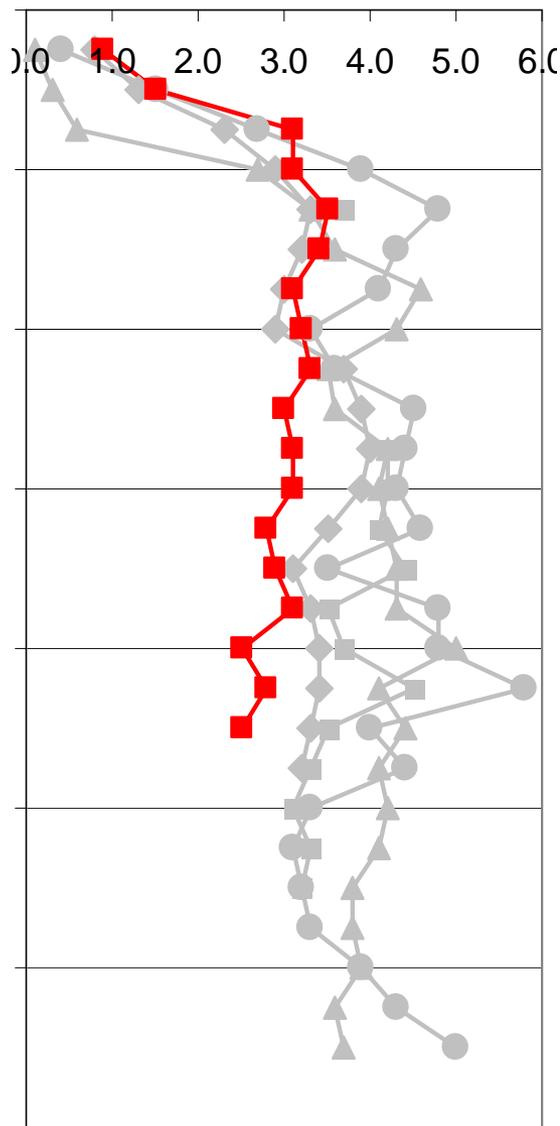




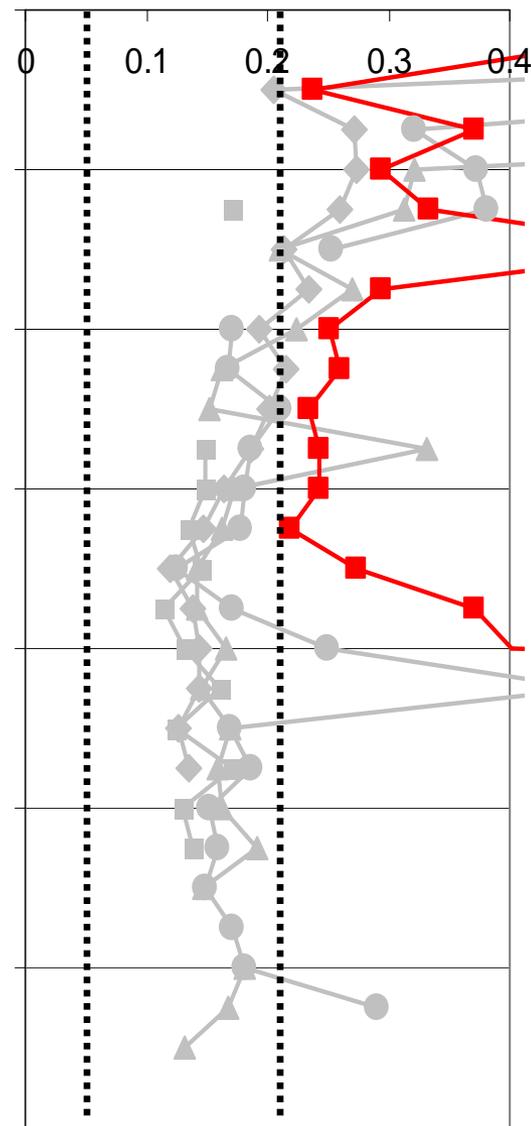
Depth Below Ice Surface (cm)



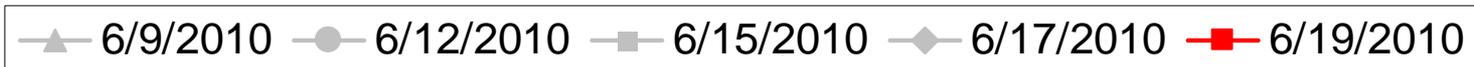
Temperature (C)



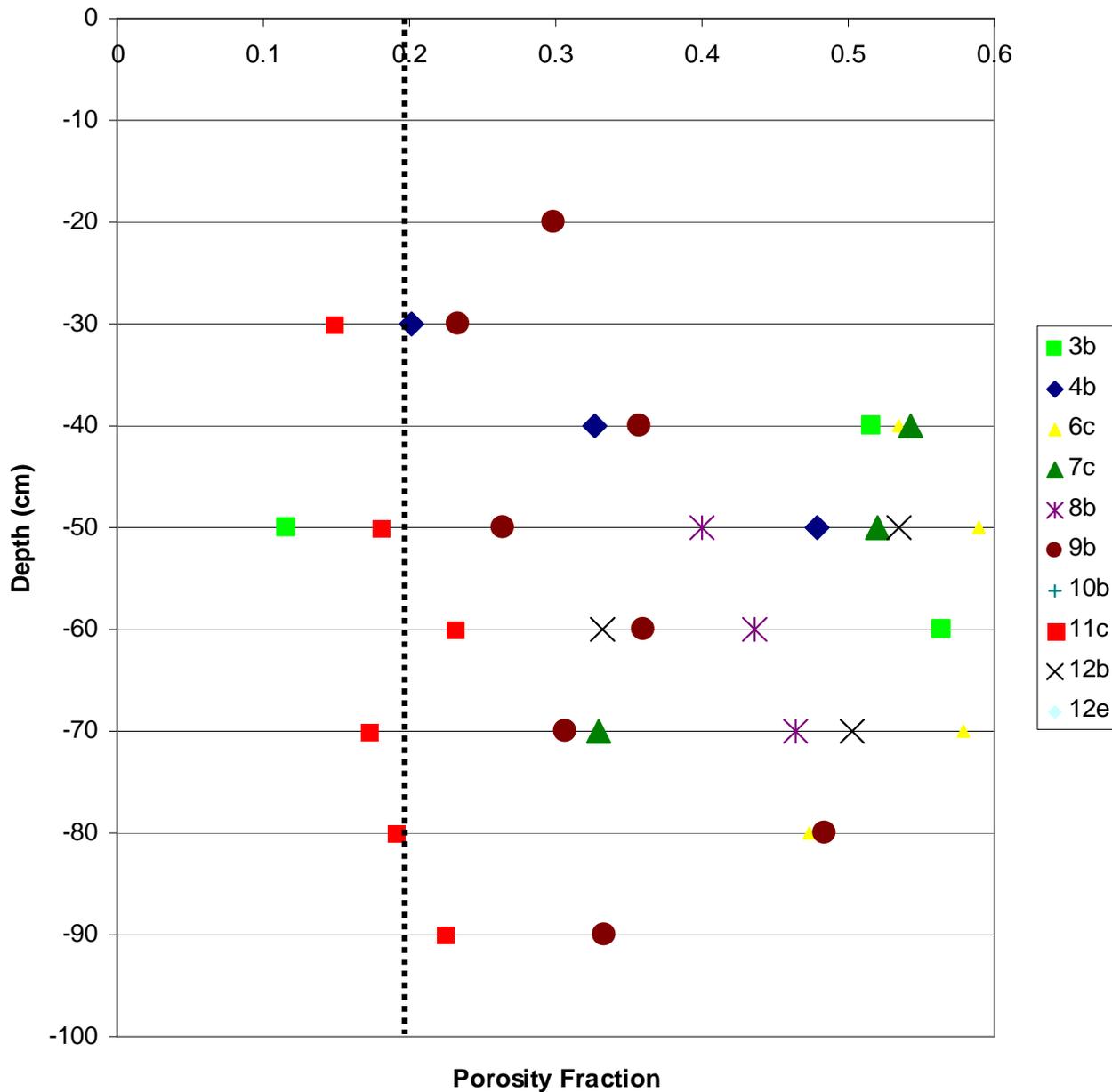
Salinity (PSU)



Porosity Fraction

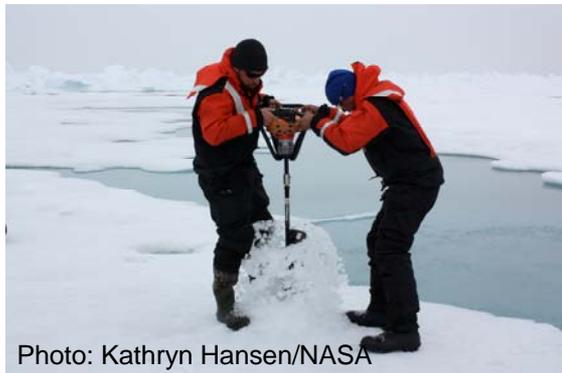


# Porosity of ICESCAPE Cores

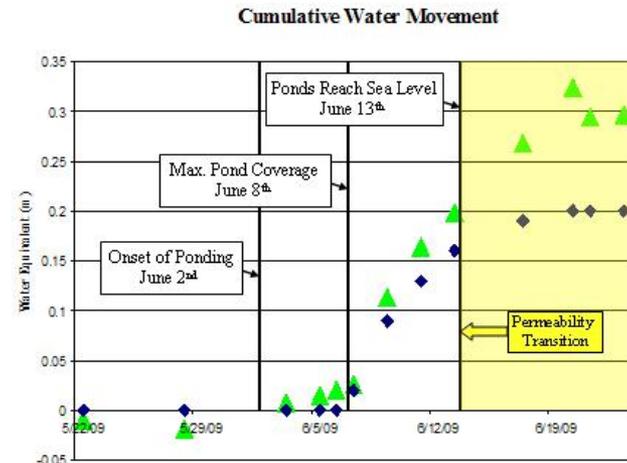


# Permeable?

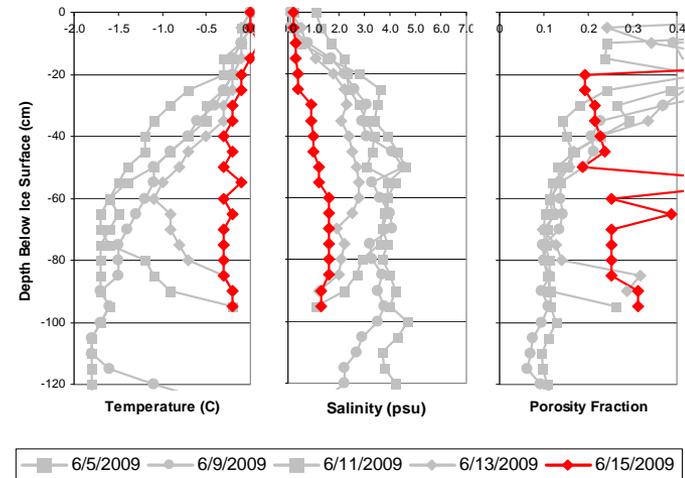
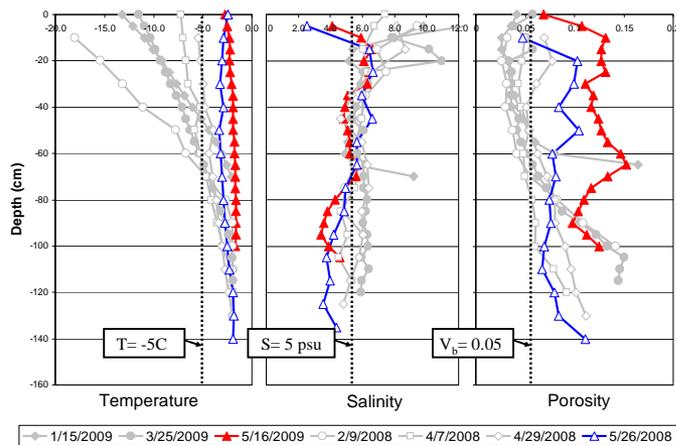
Percolation Threshold:  
5% Brine Volume



Percolation Threshold:  
~20% Brine Volume



Ice Core Profiles 2008/9 – From Petrich, Eicken, and Druckenmiller

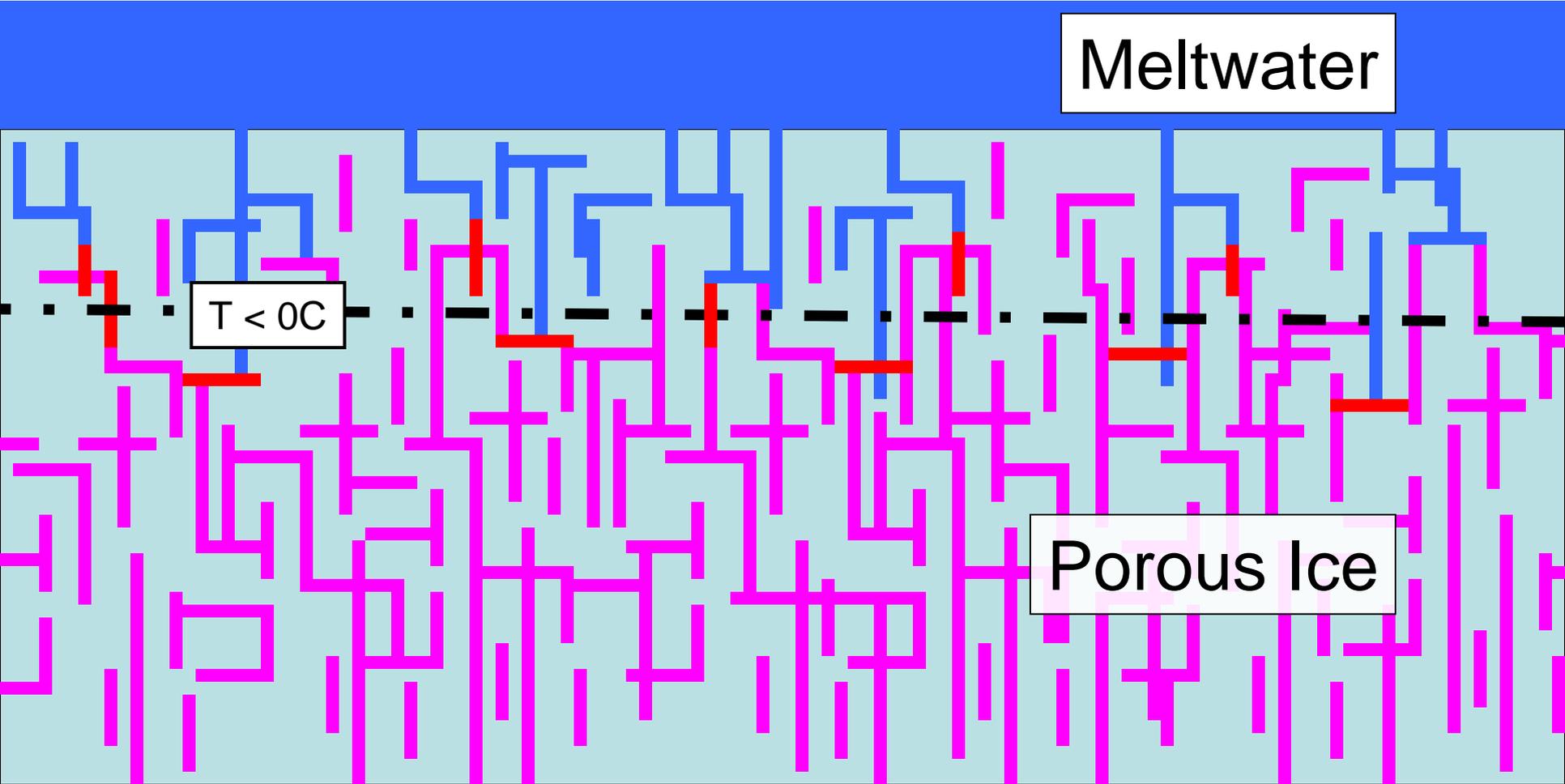


Meltwater

$T < 0C$

Porous Ice

Ocean

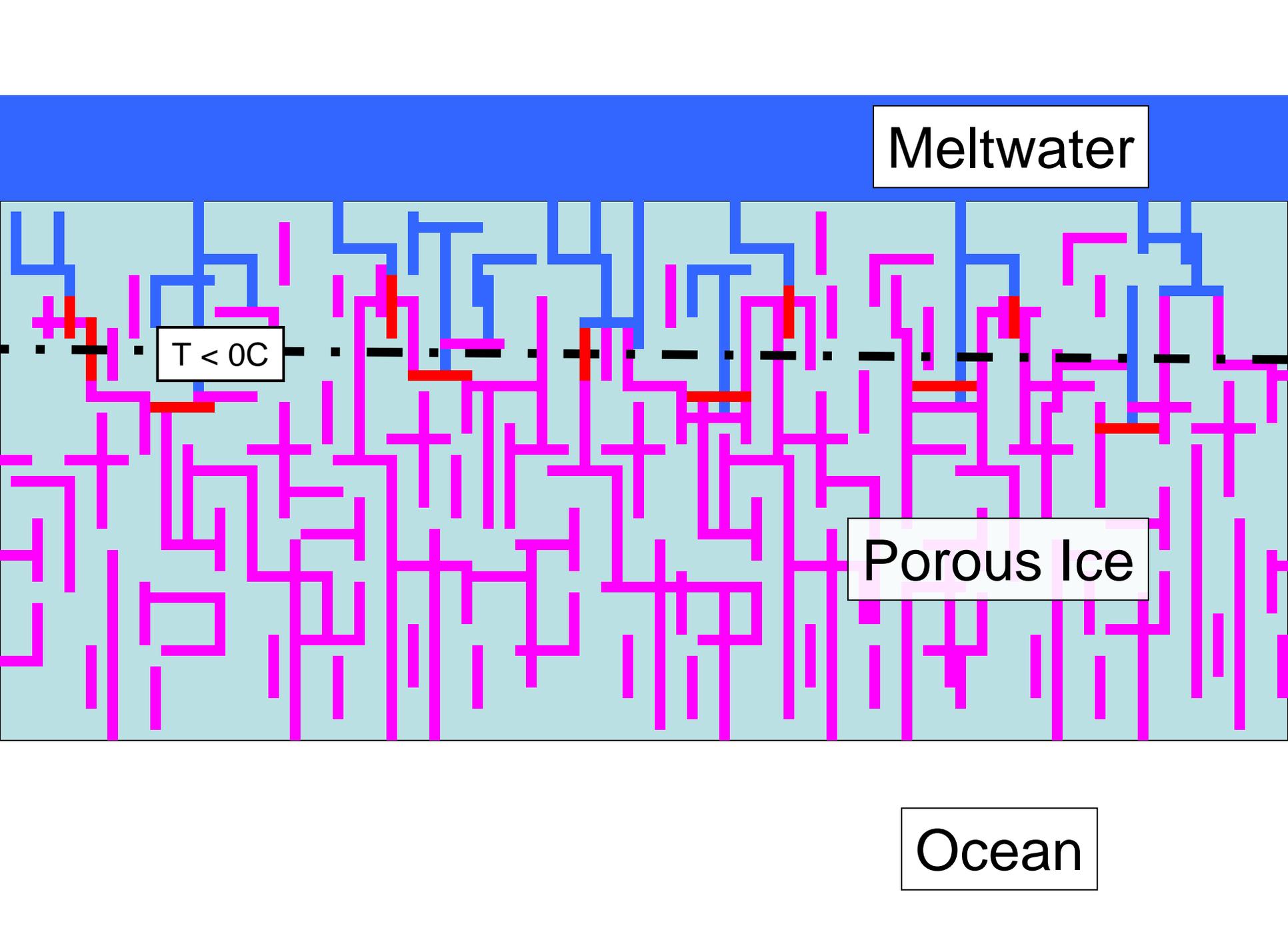


Meltwater

$T < 0C$

Porous Ice

Ocean

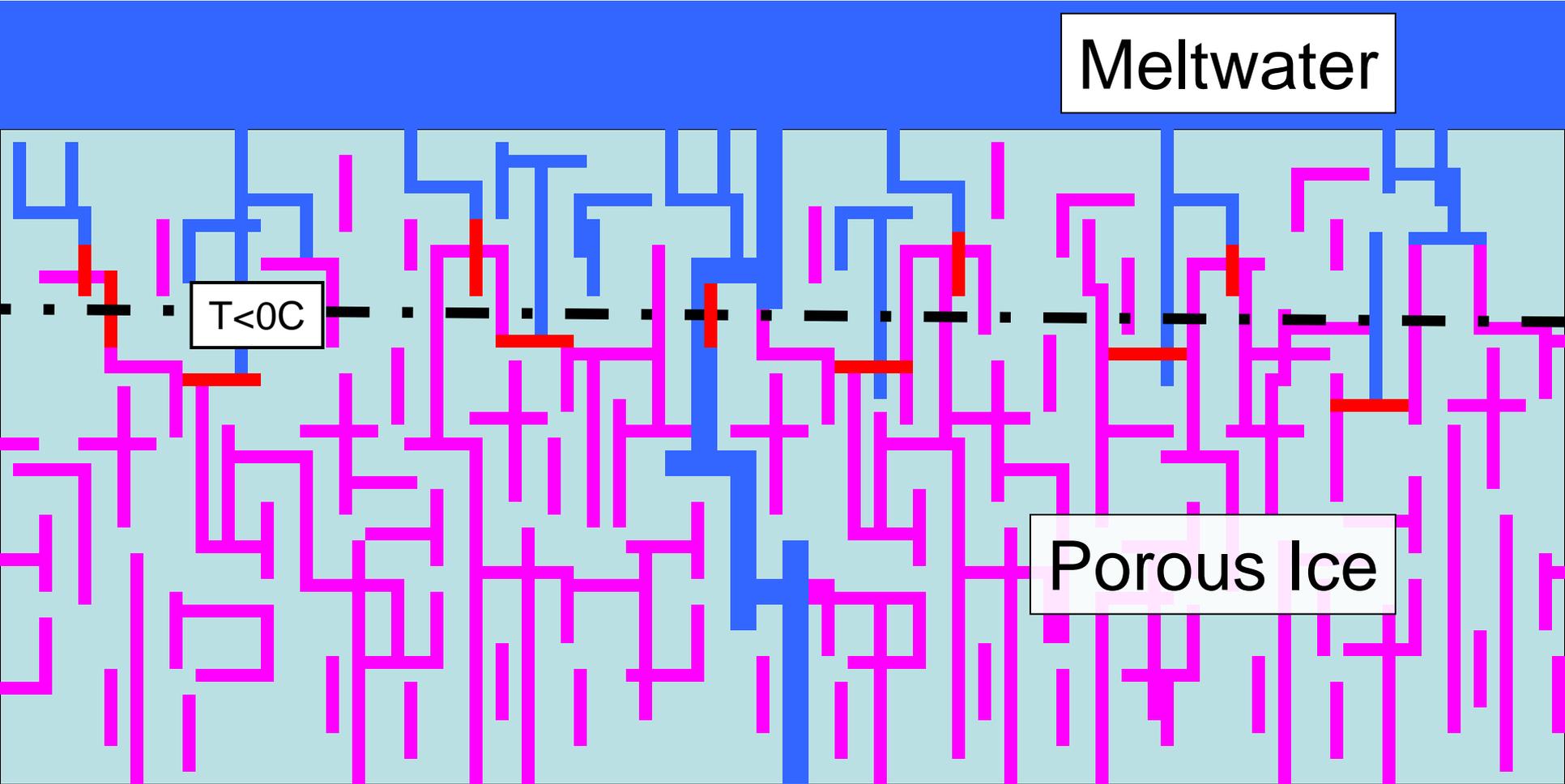


Meltwater

$T < 0^{\circ}\text{C}$

Porous Ice

Ocean



Meltwater

$T < 0^{\circ}\text{C}$

Porous Ice

Ocean

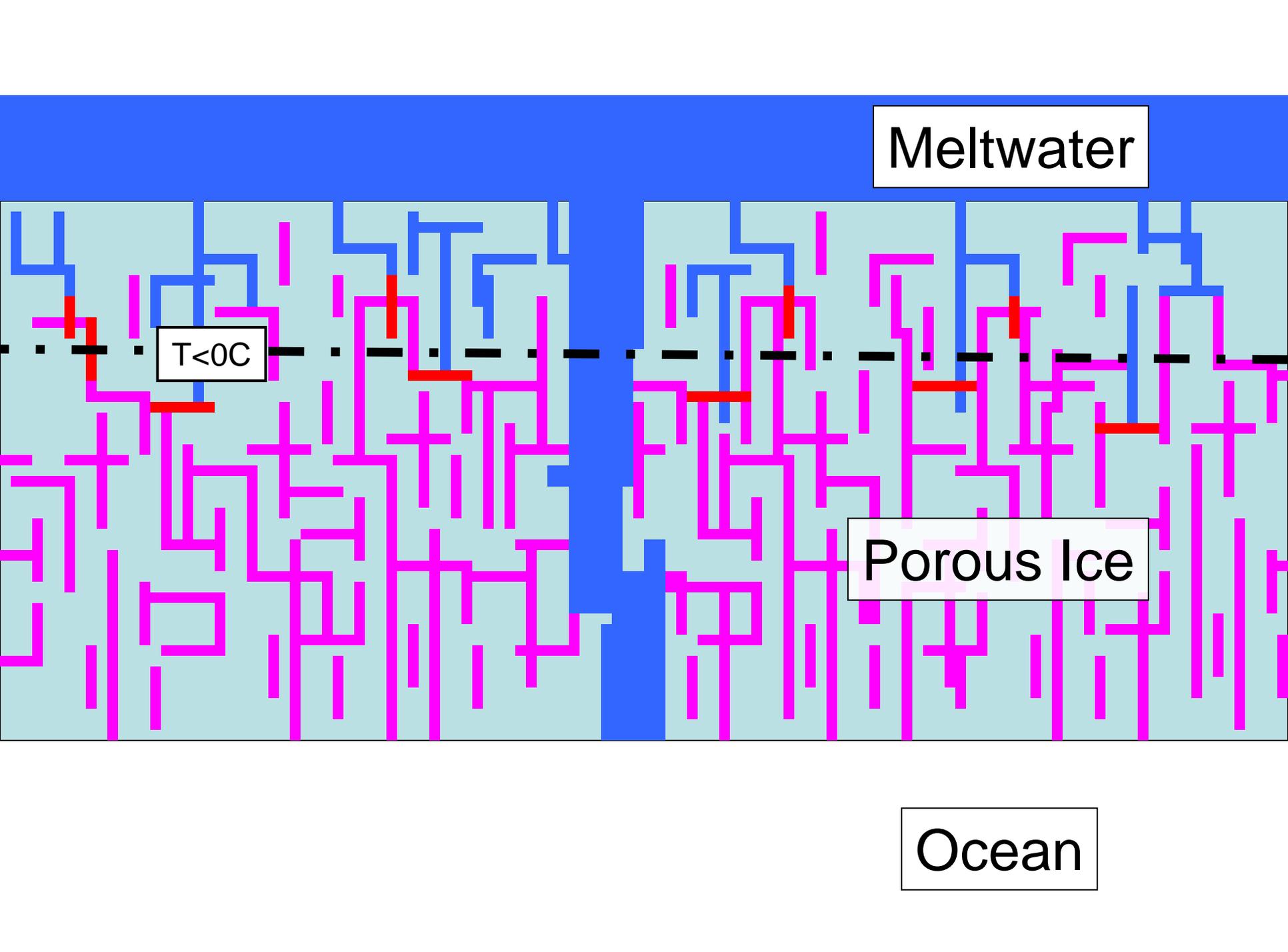
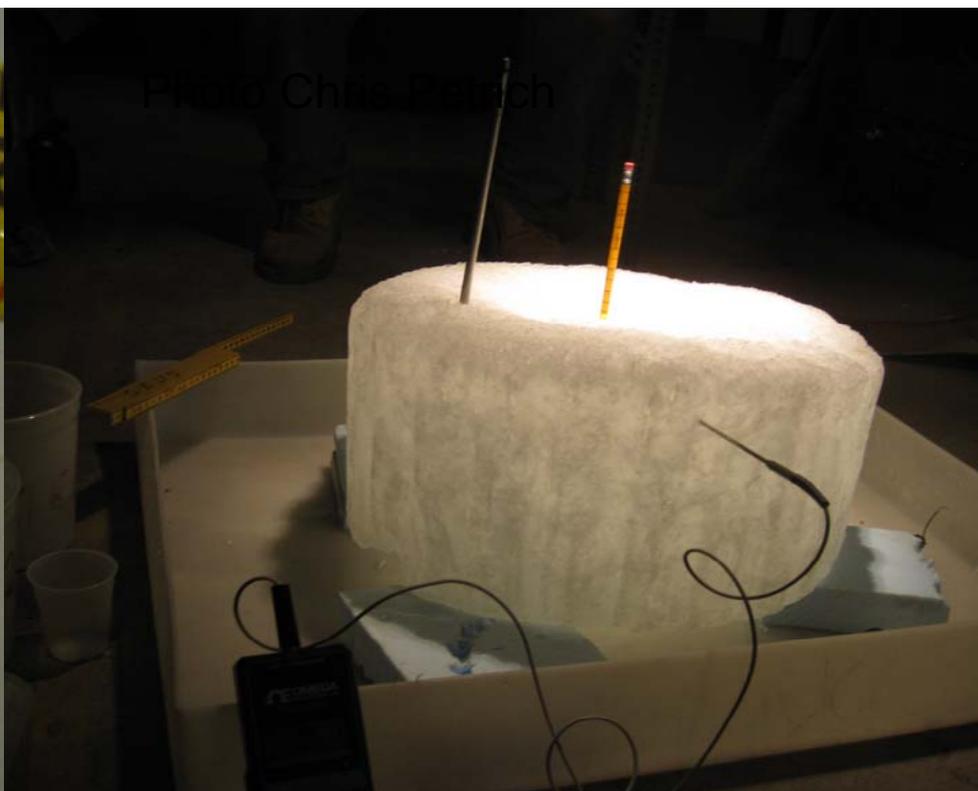
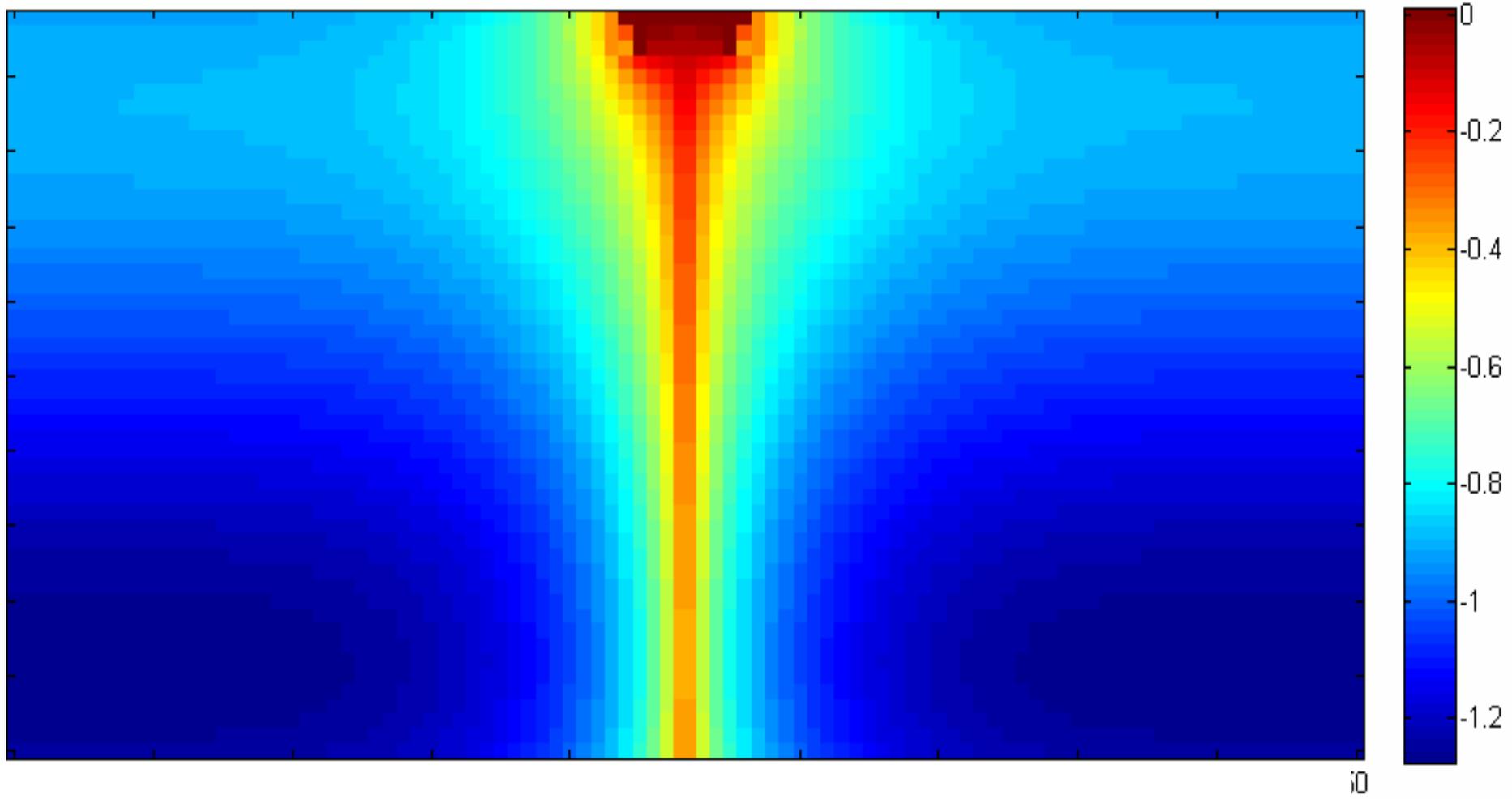




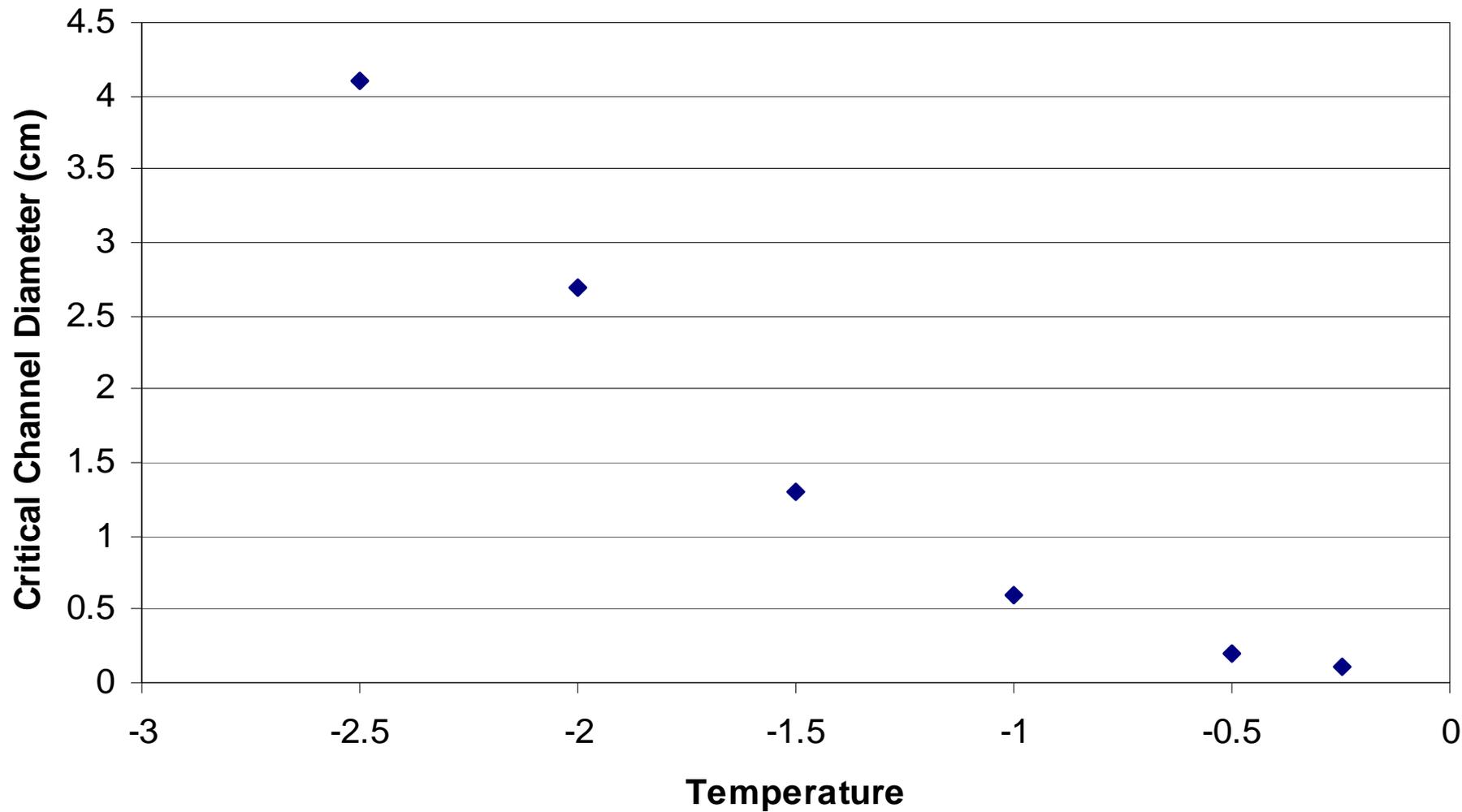
Photo Chris Petrich

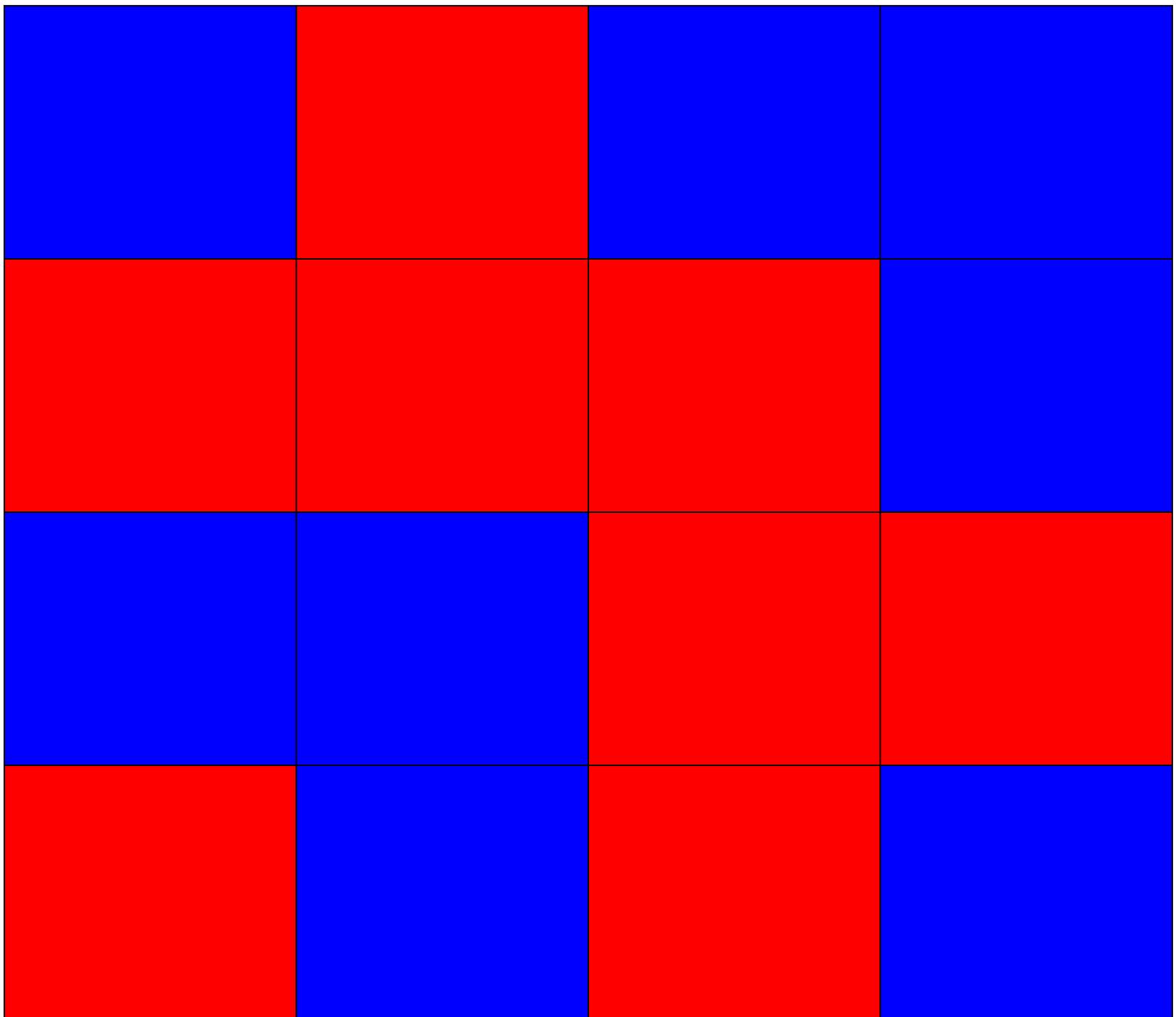


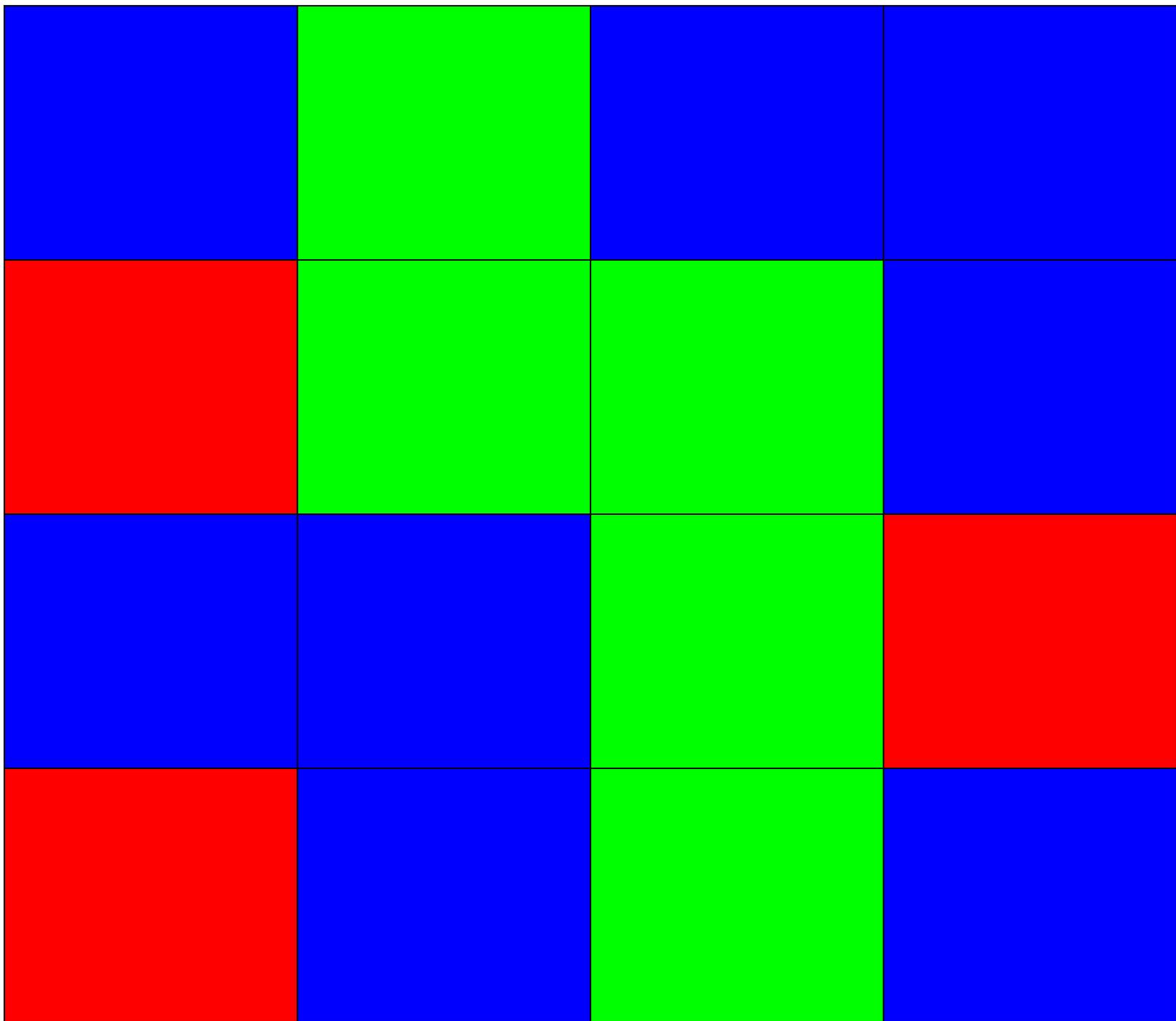
Photos: Becky Niemiec

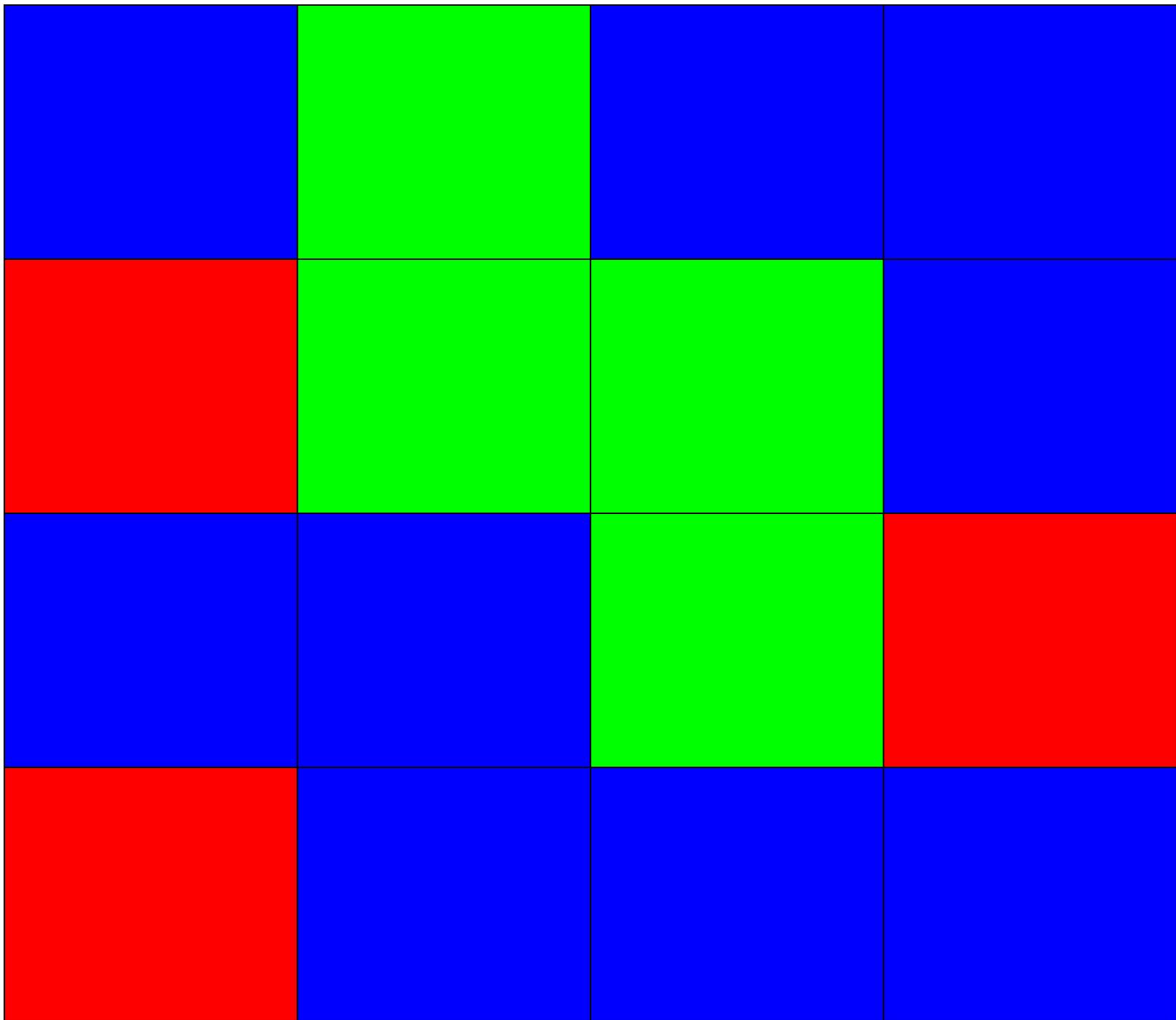


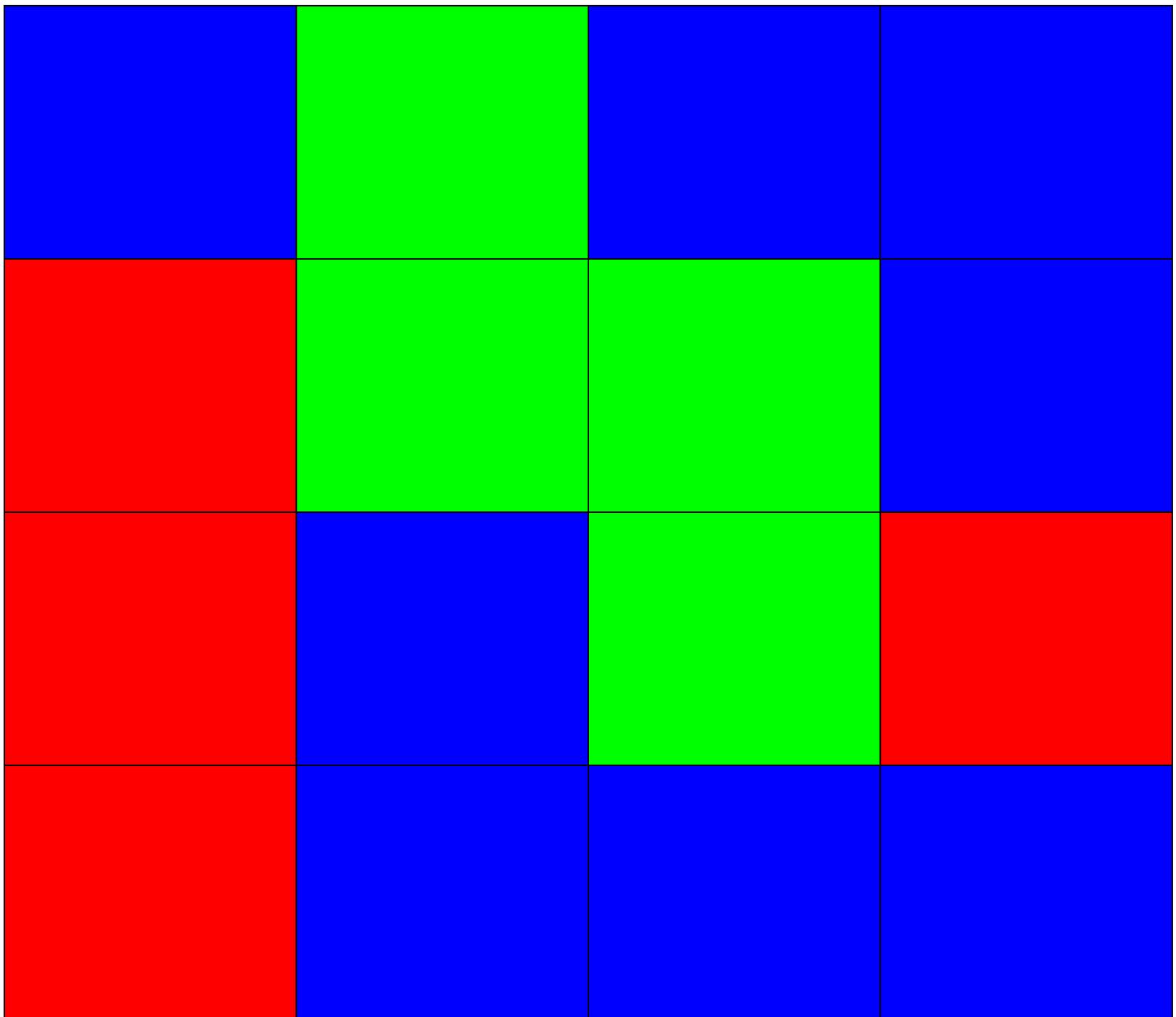
## Critical Channel Diameter vs Temperature

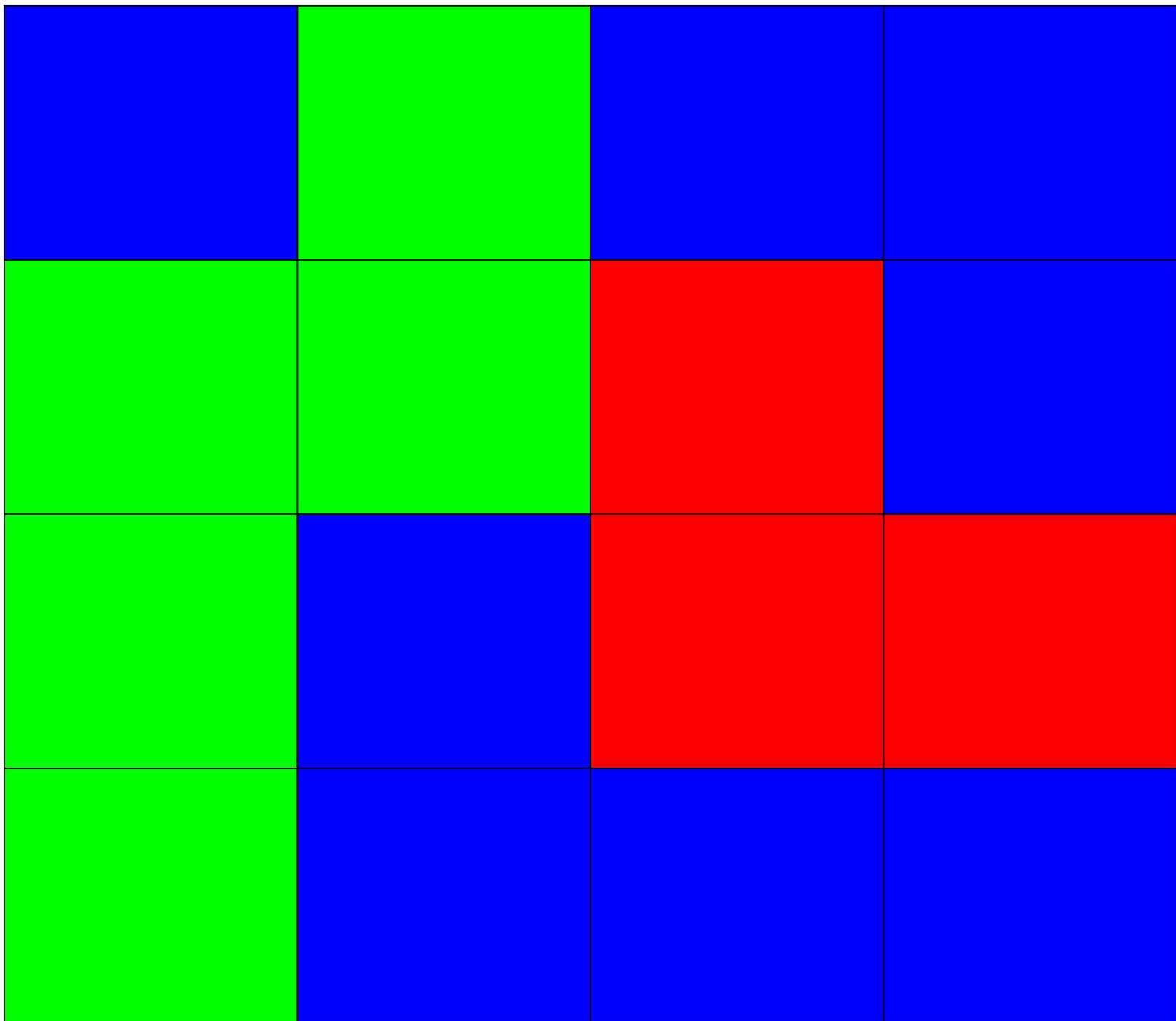


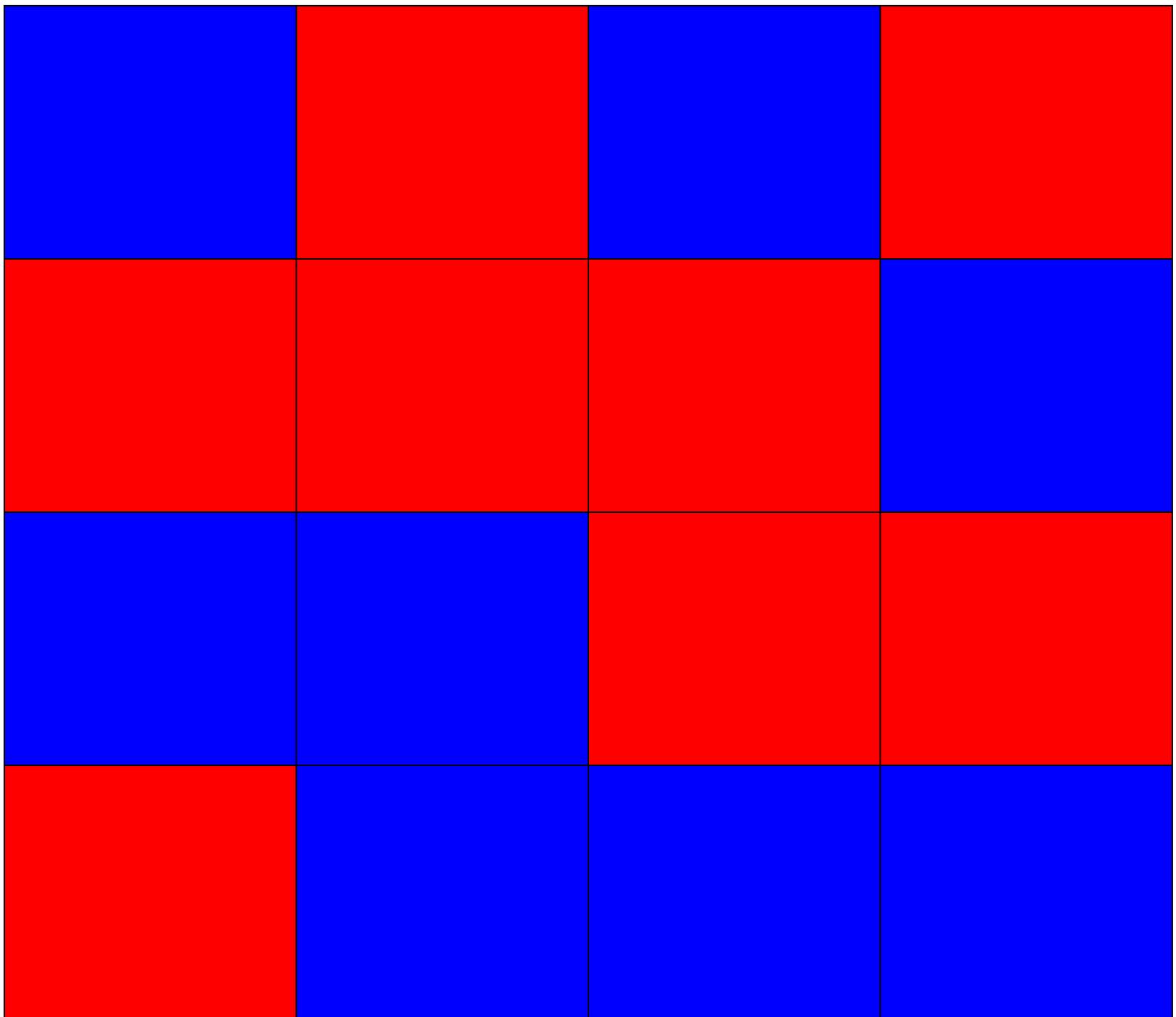


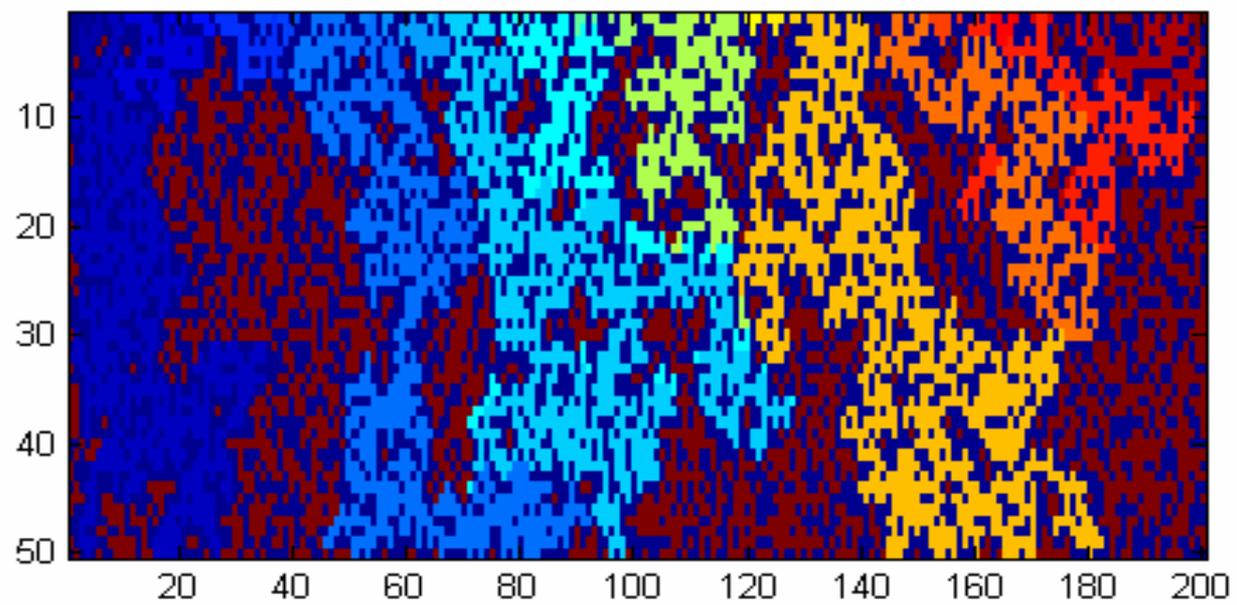
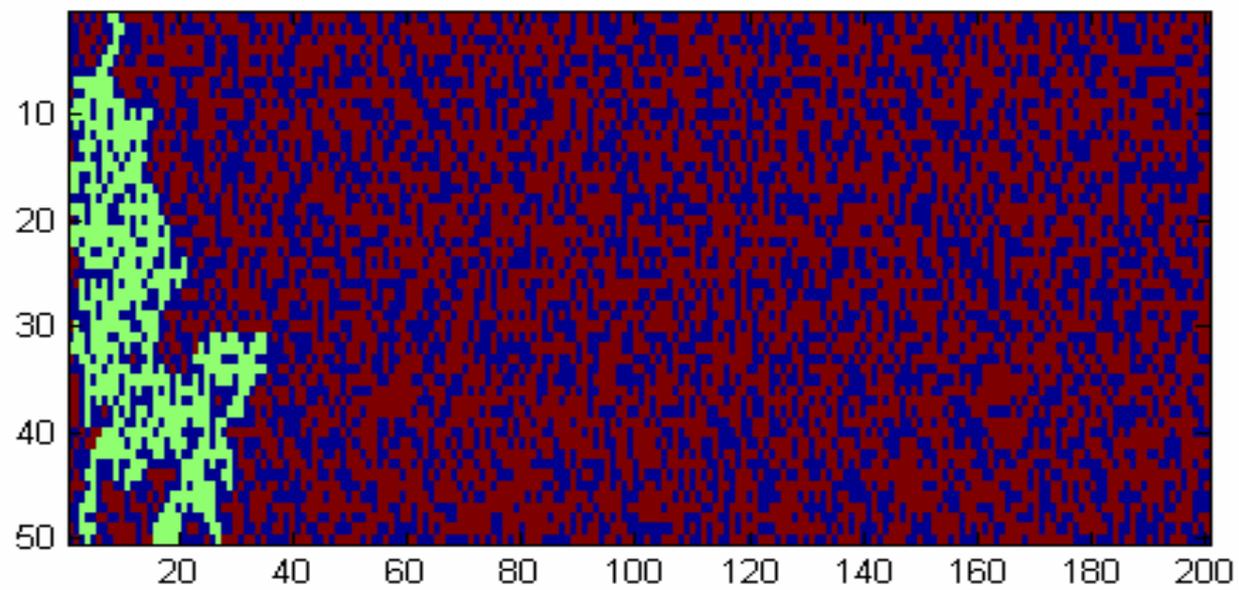


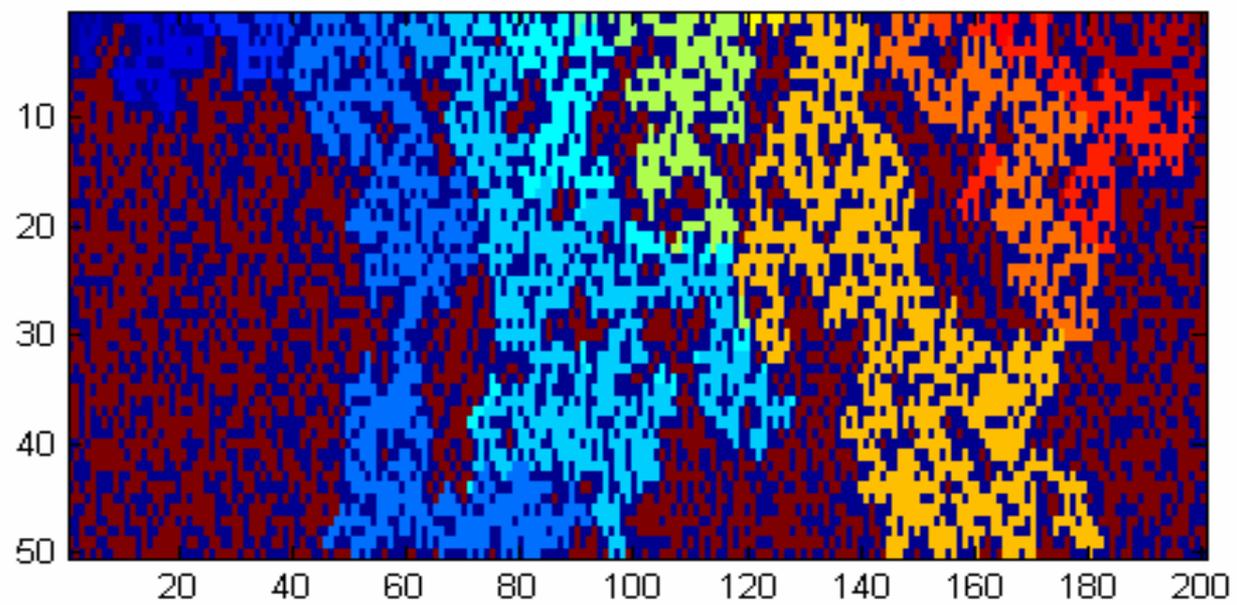
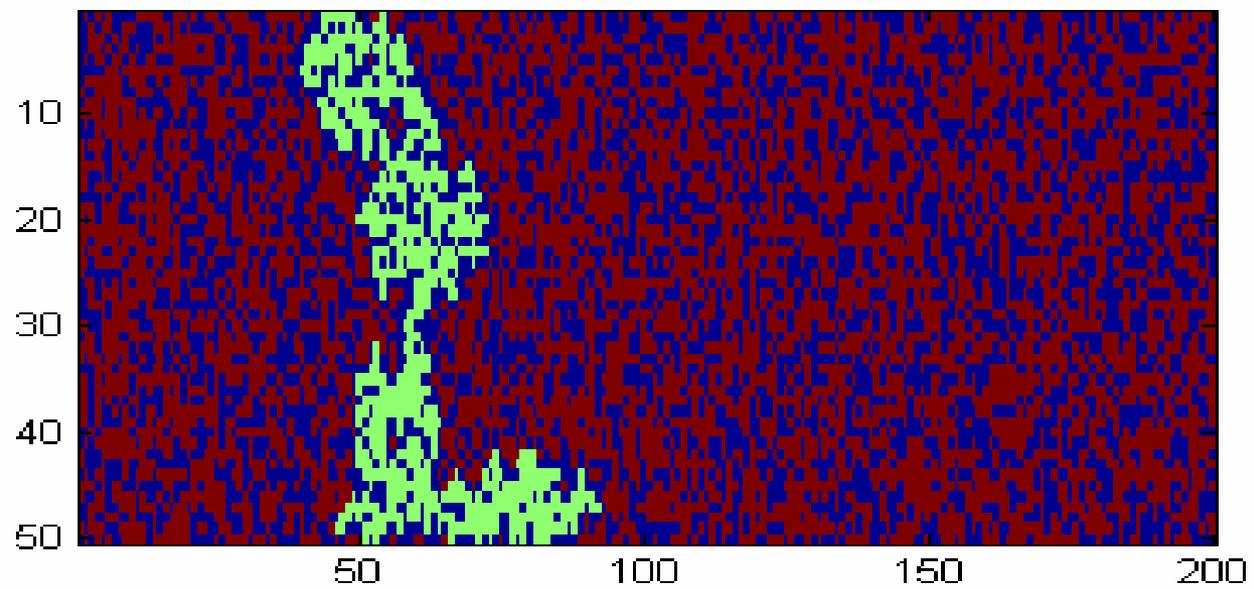


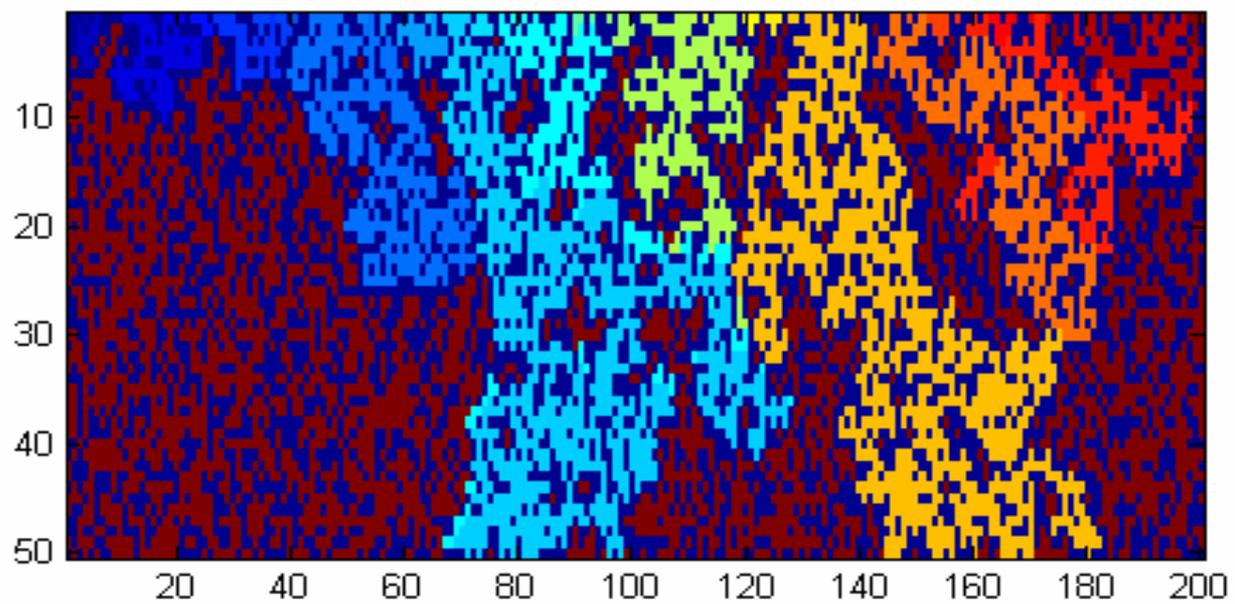
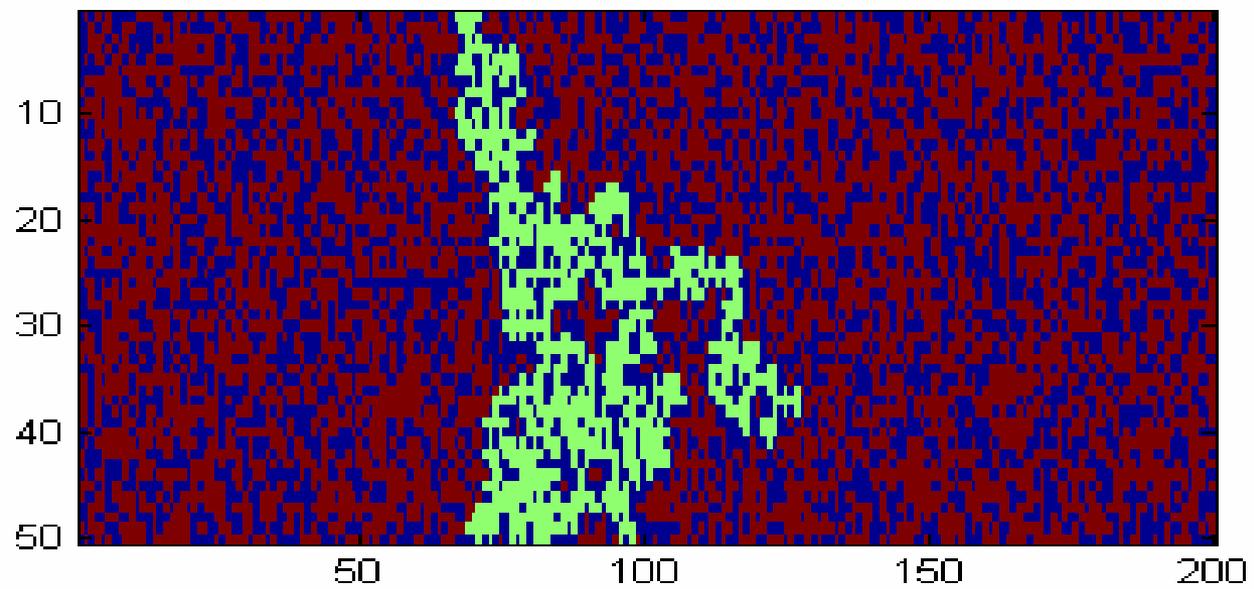


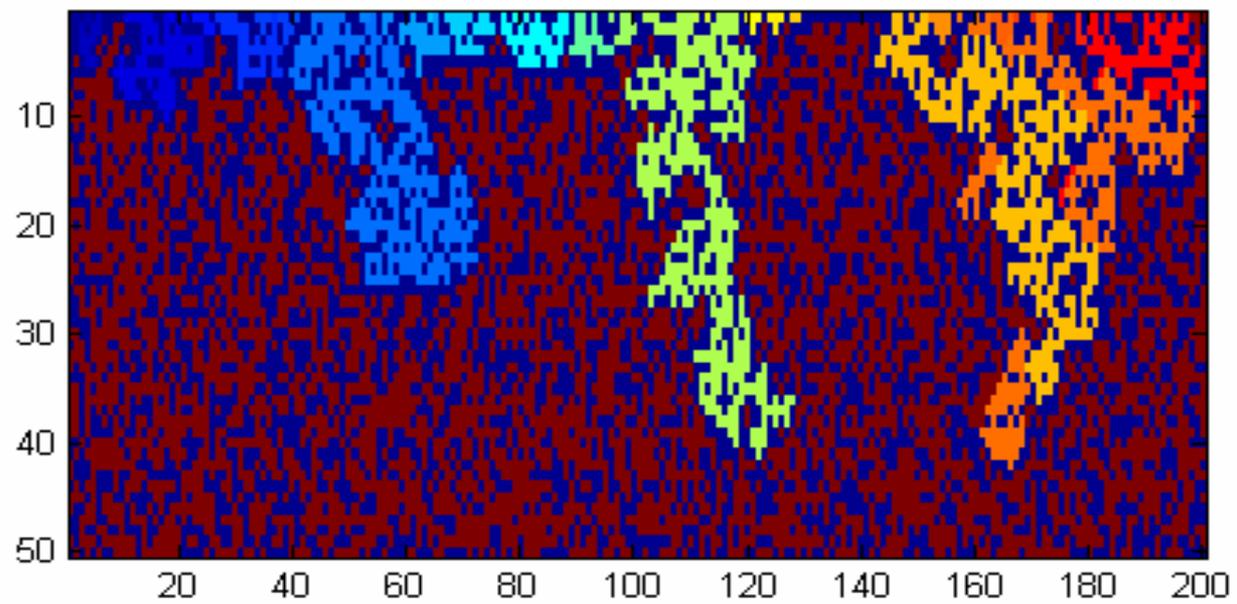
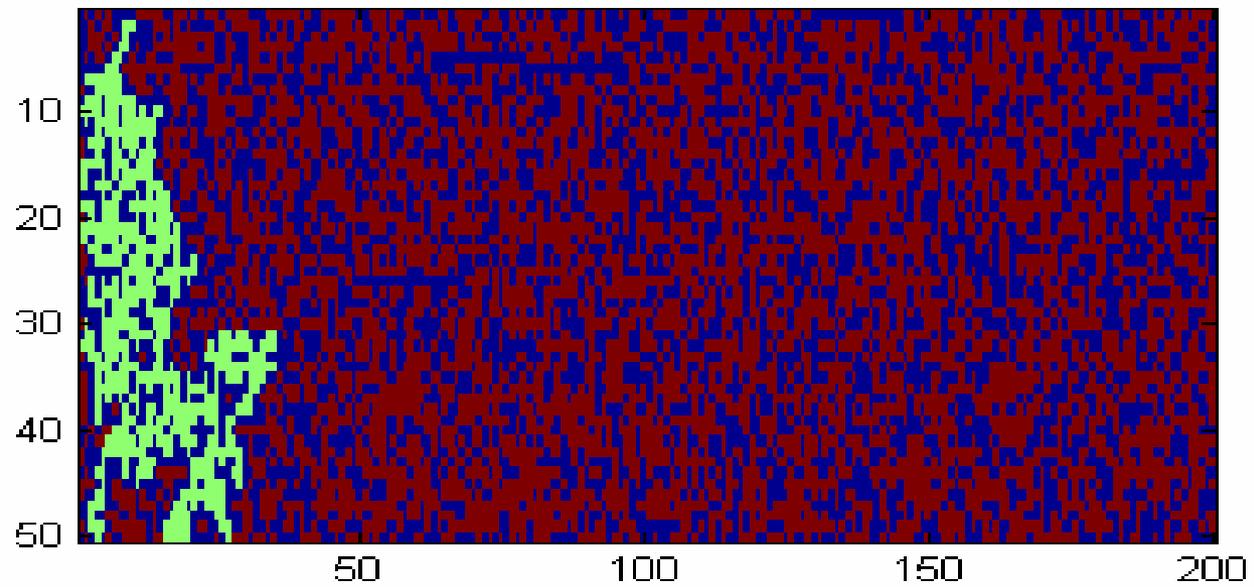


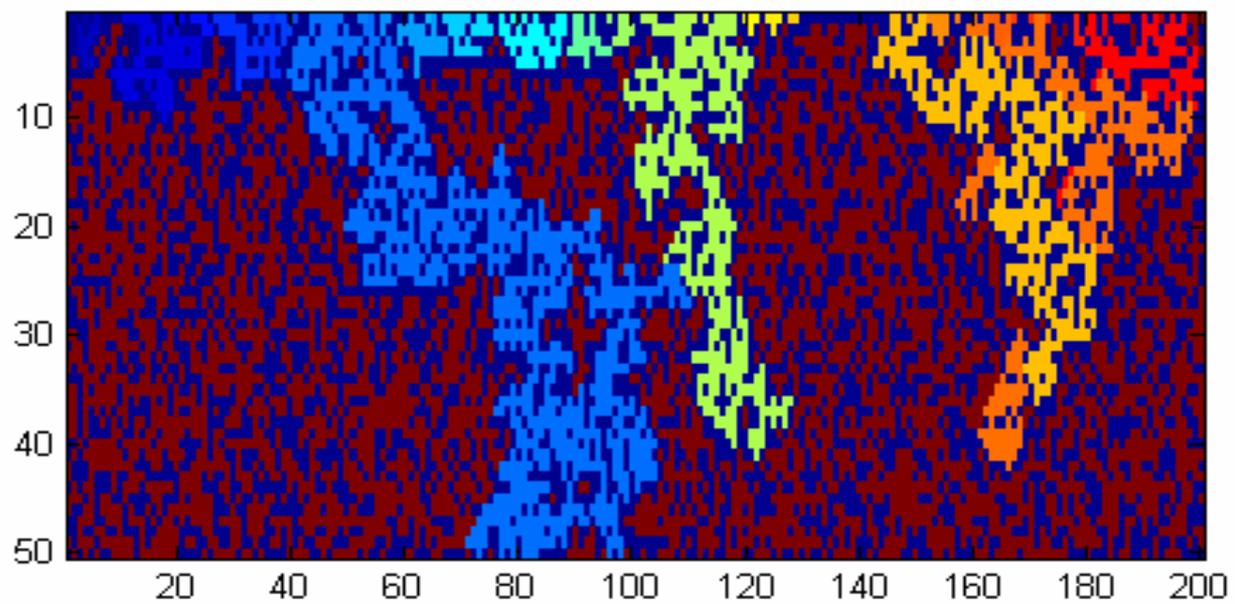
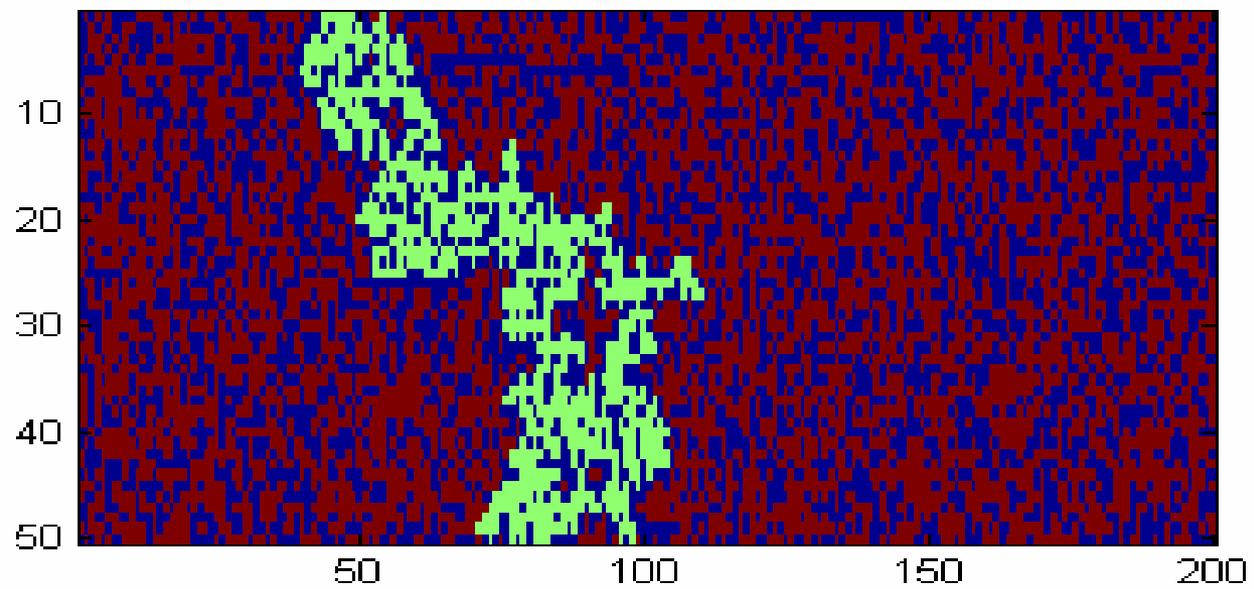


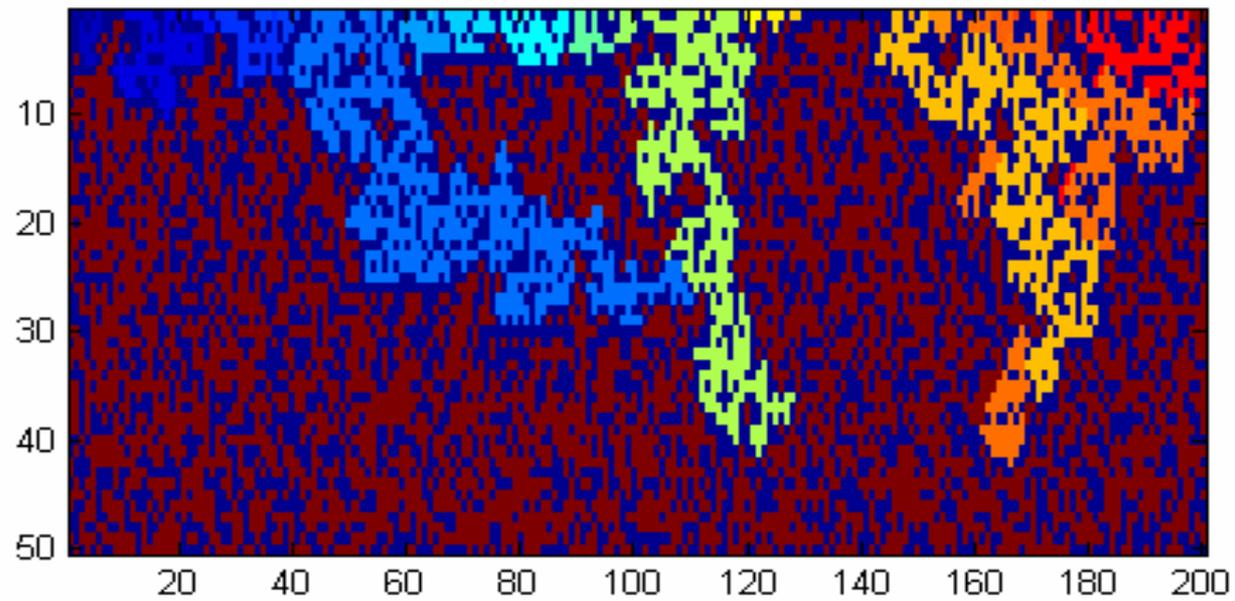
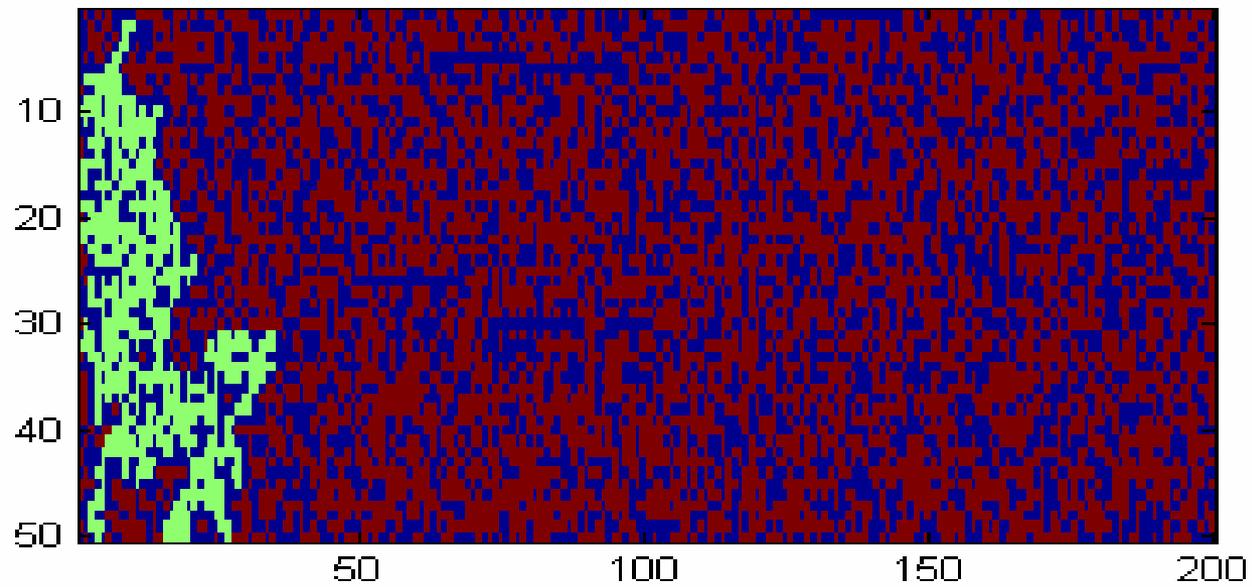


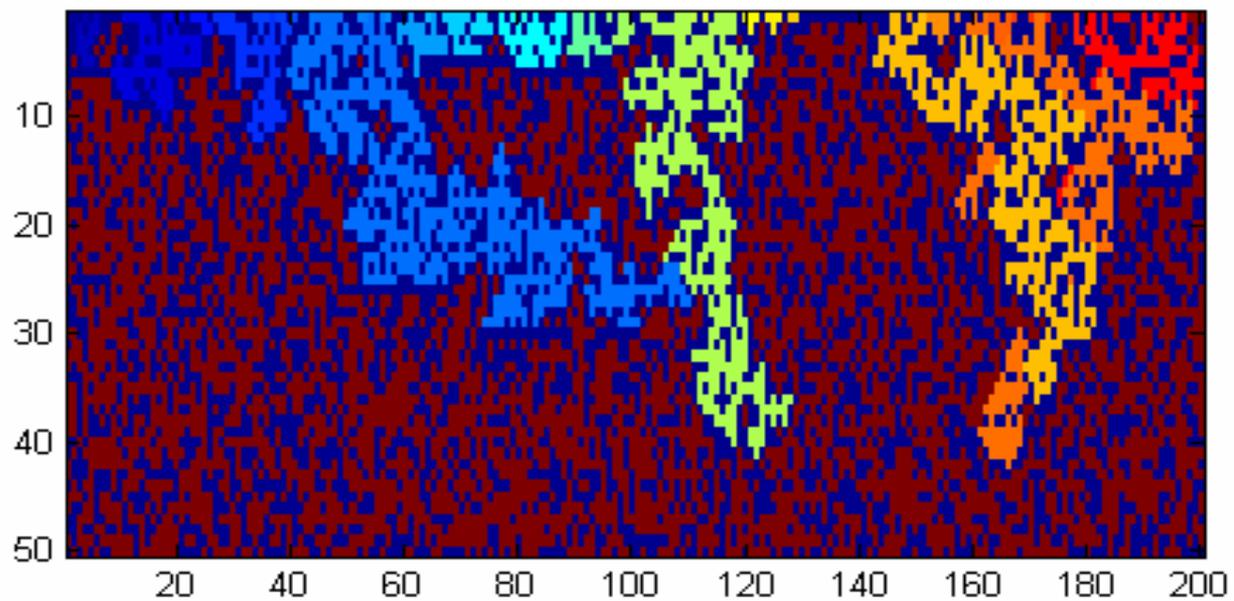
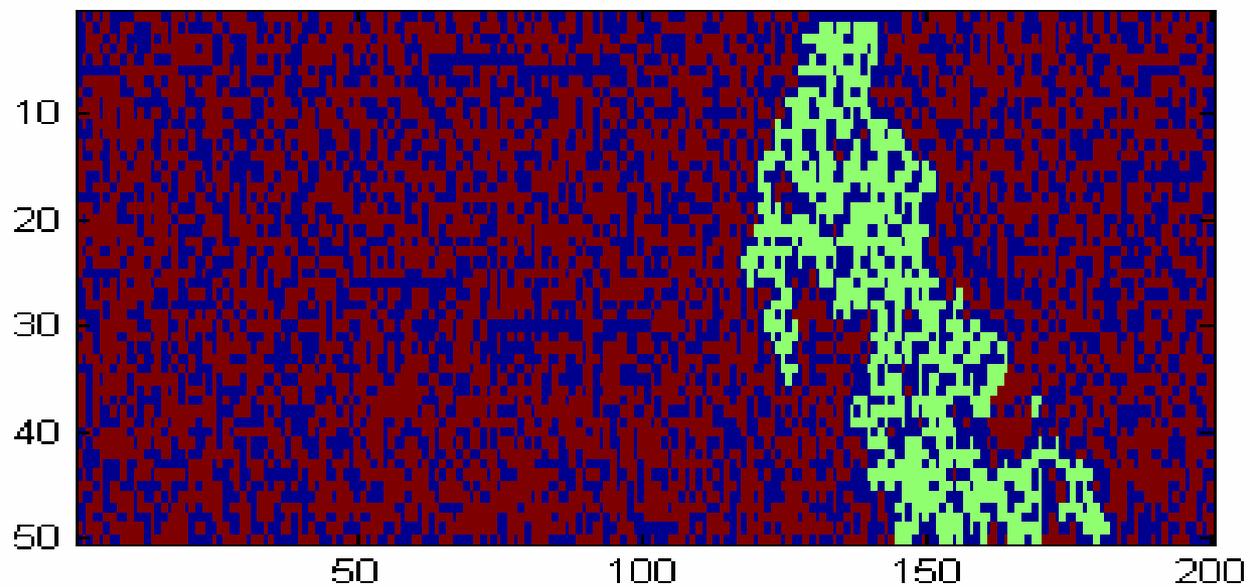


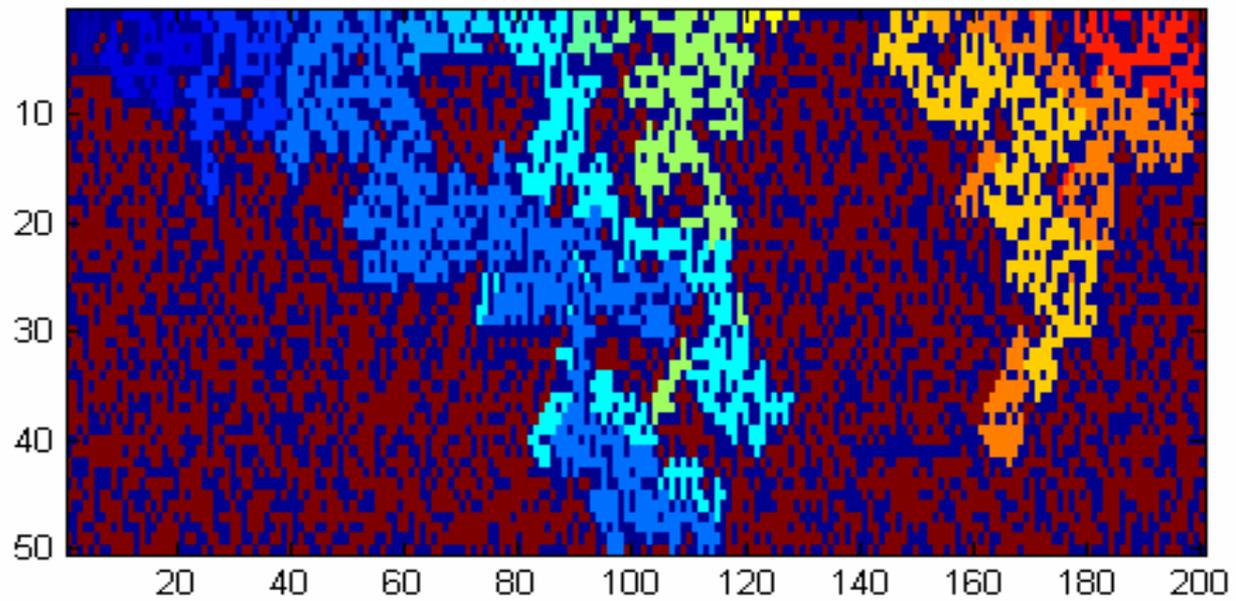
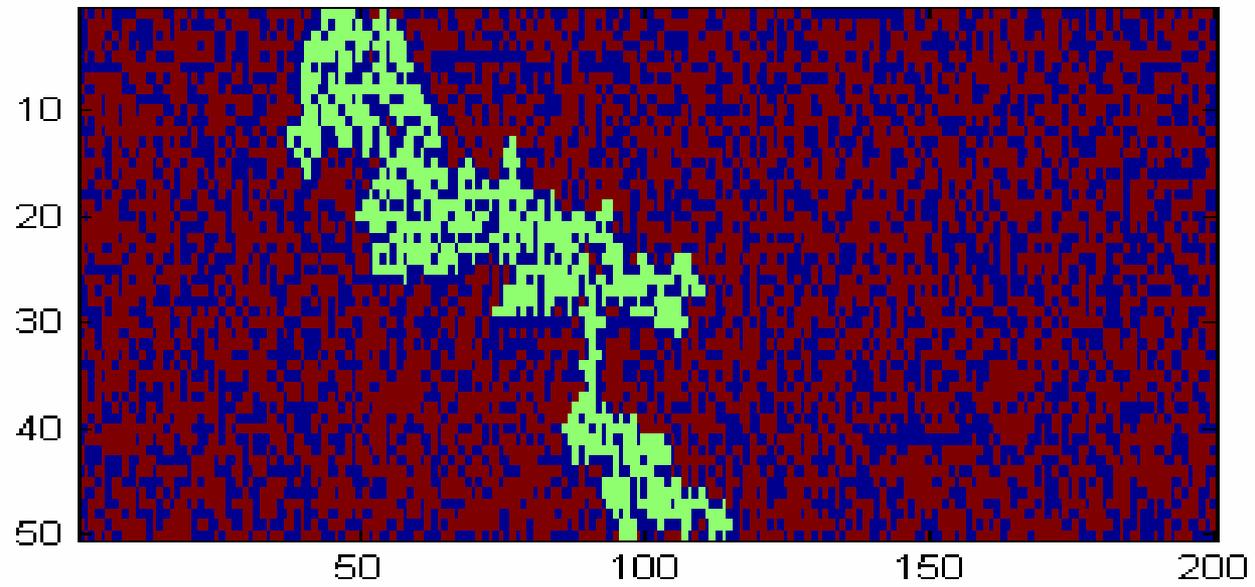


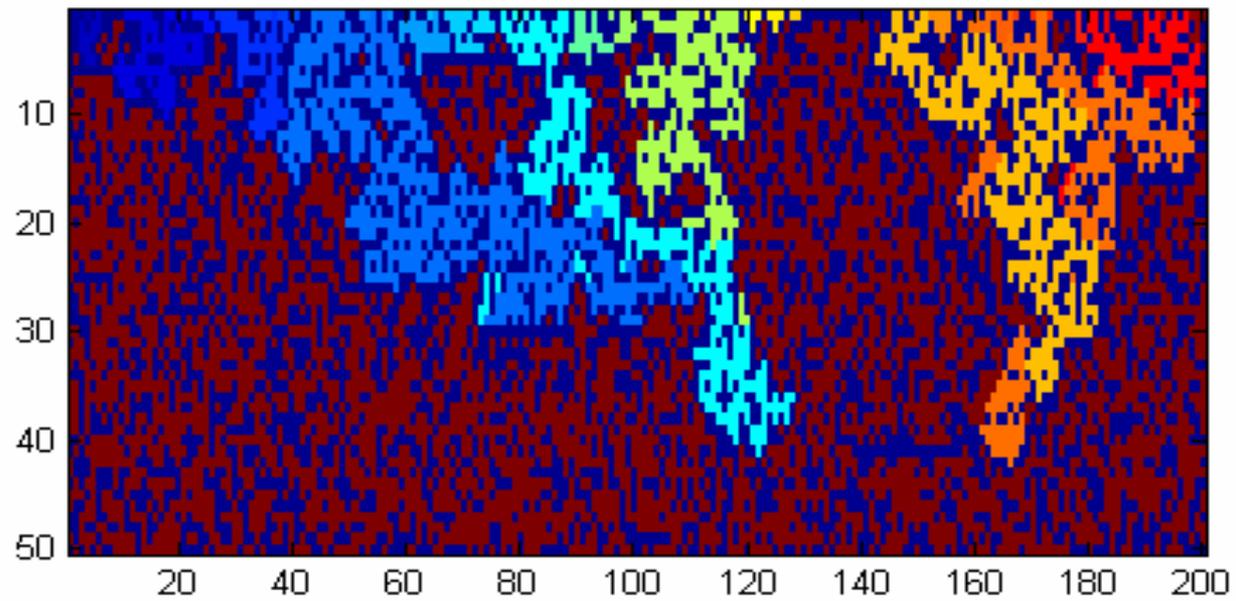
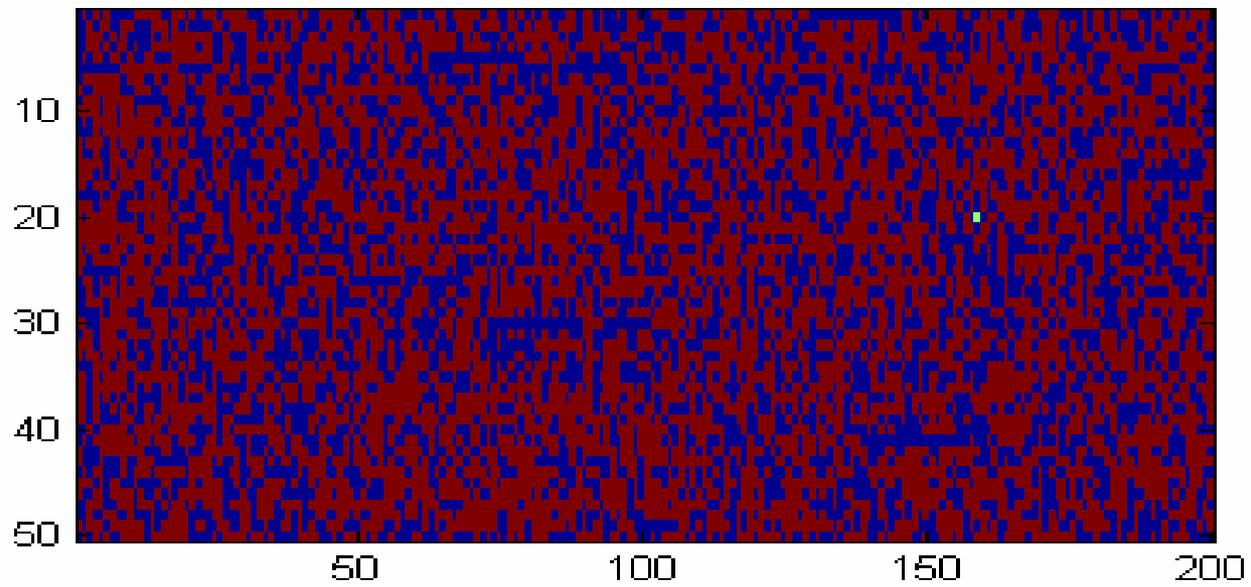




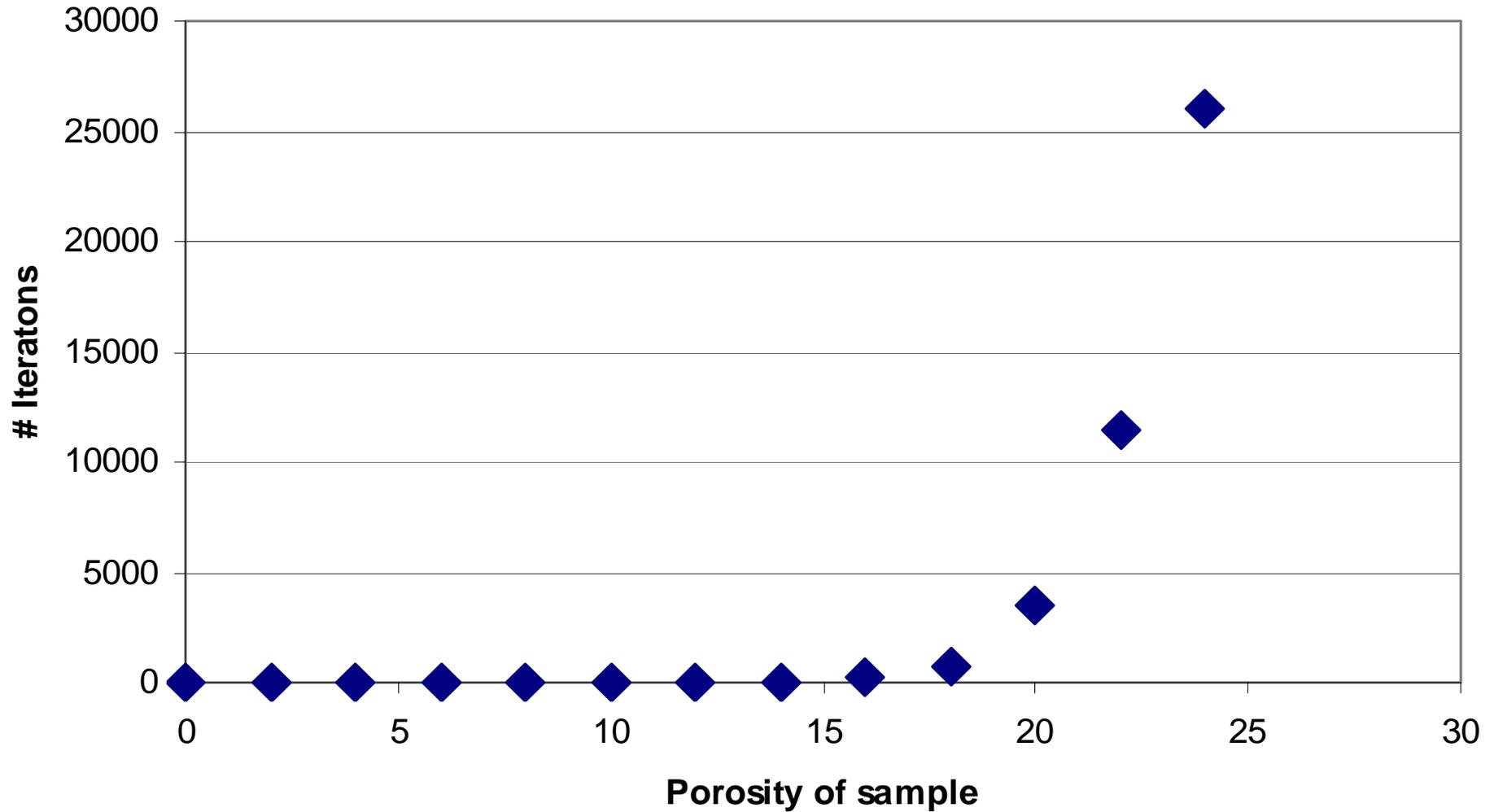




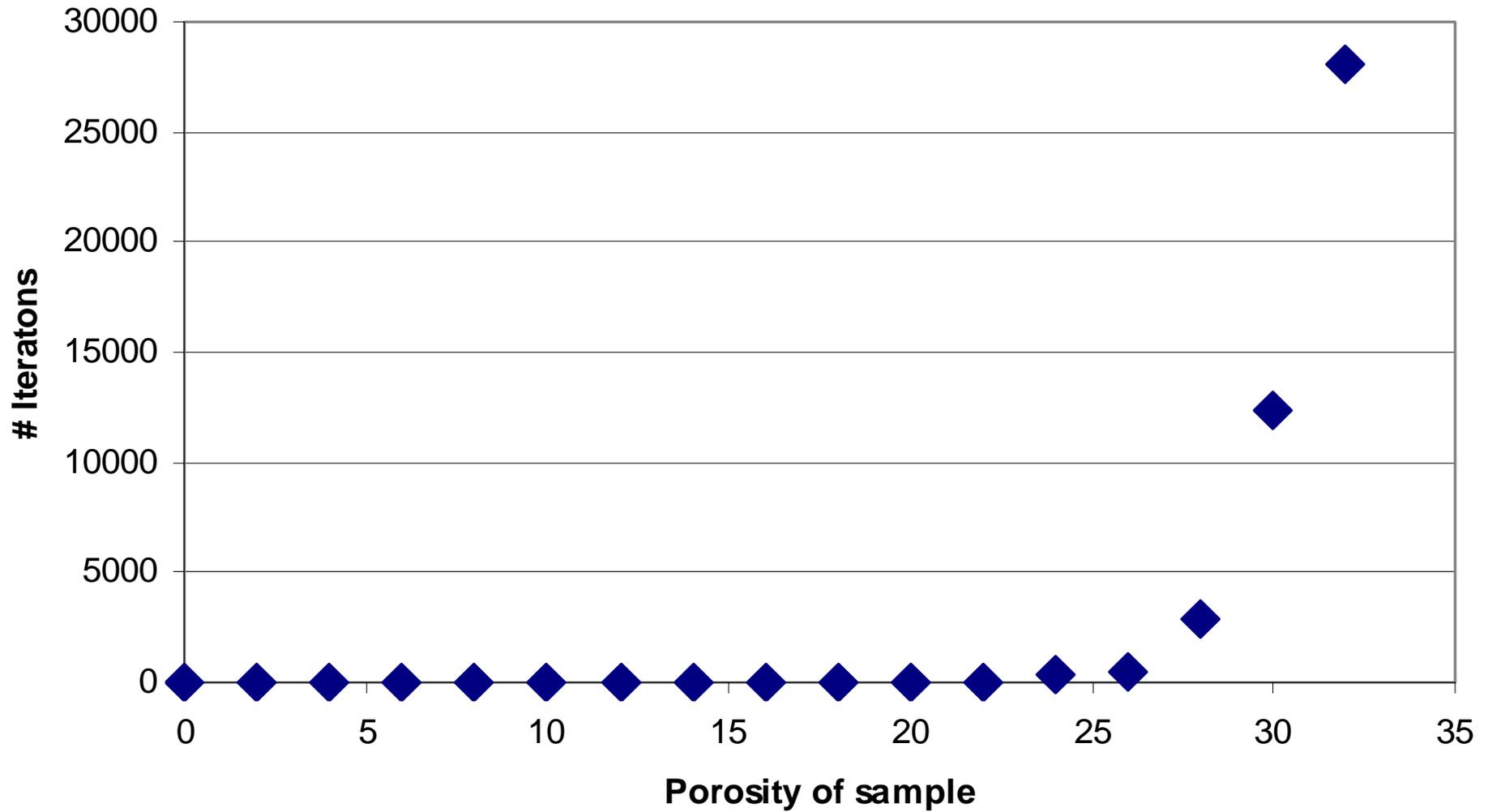




## Iterations to Non-Connective Solution



## Iterations to Non-Connective Solution



# Conclusions

- Ice impermeable to fresh water long after pores connective due to fresh meltwater intrusions refreezing in pores.
- Pores (such as brine channels) above critical size cannot be plugged because heat cannot be conducted away quickly enough
- Appears to be temperature ( $-0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) and porosity (20%) thresholds beyond which ice becomes permeable to fresh water.

# Thank You

## Collaborators

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